See Page 15

No. 32,913

PARIS, MONDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1988

ESTABLISHED 1887

Smuggling Glasnost to East

In Berlin, the Wall Also Keeps Soviet Papers Out

By Serge Schmemann New York Times Service

BERLIN - On which side of the Berlin Wall can you find German-language editions of Pravda or Moscow News at almost any kiosk? On which side is it hard to find any Soviet publi-

cation, in any language?
In these convoluted times, you may have guessed wrong.
It is the Germans of the West who have been avidly translating and reading the organs of glas-nost, or openness, and the Germans of the East, or at least their

leaders, who have been doing their best to keep them out of the bands of the projetariat This is especially true since the publication of some recent Soviarticles that have struck at the eart of East German ideology between Hitler and Stalin.

In fact, the new German-lan-reguage editions of Pravda and

translated daily in Vienna and Moscow News is published in Moscow and Bonn - are reportedly being smuggled briskly into East Germany alongside the more usual contraband of slick West German magazines.

Last month, the East German authorities took the highly un-usual step of formally banning a popular Soviet press digest, Soviet magazines and films

had been censored and quietly intercepted before, but this time the ban was publicly announced in the official Communist Party newspaper, Nenes Dentschland. Nenes Deutschland said that Southik was no longer making "a contribution to the consolidation of German-Soviet friendship." Instead, it asserted, the Soviet

paper was "providing distorted depictions of history." Party members said privately

Moscow News — Pravda is that the ban touched off an imthat at academic institutes there were lines of people at party secretaries' offices, demanding an explanation. Ideologists were reportedly assailed with protests at meetings with teachers and stu-

> back copies of Sputnik were trading at a premium on the ted Soviet magazines such as Ogonyok, the leading voice of glasnost, seemed to vanish before they reached the news-

Next, the Culture Ministry ordered five Soviet films removed from Fast German screens, even though they had all been featured at a festival of Soviet films in East Berlin.

Then at a Central Committee See BERLIN, Page 2



Viourners gathering at the grave of a relative in the Armenian town of Spitak, which was destroyed by the Dec. 7 earthquake.

By Bill Keller

New York Thnex Service

day, rescue leaders from a half doz-

en countries convened in the green army tent that is now Spitak's

Communist Party headquarters for a tense diplomatic face-off in the

middle of the most staggering mis-

The Soviets announced that after

six days of pulling Armenian chil-dren from collapsed kindergarten

buildings and picking half-alive victims from flattened nine-story

apartment blocks, it was time to

give up, shoo away the grief-strick-en survivors and level what little

ery any of them had ever seen.

SPITAK, U.S.S.R. - Last Trees-

By Michael Richardson HANOI - A demobilized sol-

dier from the People's Army of Vietnam, conqueror of French and U.S. military forces, tramps across a desert landscape on a fruitless quest for a civilian job

The cartoon is one of three satirical drawings taking up most of the front page of this month's issue of Youth Laughter, a newspaper published by the youth movem the ruling Communist Party in Ho Chi Minh City, formerly Saigon. The fact that Vietnamese media

are allowed to publish such hiting criticism of the government is a

Kiosk

Opposition Warns Warsaw

WARSAW (Reuters)
Members of the Polish opposition said Sunday that Poland
might face increased political
violence from radicals unless the Communist government compromised with its opponents. There have been street clashes recently between the police and anti-government

position figures established a Citizen's Committee, under the leadership of Lech Walesa, that brought together representatives of moderate opposition groups to search for solu-tions to Poland's problems.

MONDAY O&A



James P. Grant, the UNI-CEF executive director, takes stock before publication of the organization's annual report. Page 2.

From TV shows to board rames, the trend in the United tates is to nastiness. Page 5. treiness/Finance

clorrowing ebbed in 1988, the World Bank reported, but the Third World debt crisis re-

measure both of the liberal changes that have been introduced in the past two years and of the frustra tion that many Vietnamese feel over their slow pace.
Vietnam, with an estimated per

Vietnam: Straining to Change

capita income of \$130 a year, is one of the poorest nations in the world. Foreign aid workers say it has fall-en below the level of Bangladesh, where per capita income stands at Vietnamese officials, economists

and other observers acknowledge that Vietnam is being economically outpaced by other Asian nations. Le Phuong, editor in chief of Vietnam Courier, a monthly English-language magazine published by the government, said, "We look at Singapore, South Korea, Tai-wan, Hong Kong and Thailand and we see that we are far behind them

Since the end of the Vietnam War in 1975, scarce resources have been diverted from reconstruction ng a military intervention in Cambodia.

forces from Cambodia, hoping the

na and halt an economic embargo imposed by the United States, Japan and many other non-Cor nist countries and international fi-

But Mr. Phuong said that although the embargo and military pressure from China had contribut-ed to Vietnam's economic troubles over the past decade, the party and vernment "admit that the situation Vietnam finds itself in is basically a Vietnamese responsibility.

Victnam, he said, needed to undergo "radical and rapid change in thinking and management prac-The history of Vietnam since re-

unification under Communist control after more than three decades of fighting has been one of natural disasters, political mismanagement, corruption and other abuses of power, powerty and broken ideo-Nguyen Son, vice-director of the

nda and Information de-Propaganda and intumation — partment in the Ho Chi Minh City See VIETNAM, Page 2

Tragedy Opens the Closed Soviet Society and other Western relief workers objected. Reports were still coming in that faint coies for help were

andible in the debris. They made it clear that if the ilidozers came in too soon, what had been an unparalleled exercise in East-West emergency cooperation could become an international ent for Moscow

"I thought at one time they were trying to use the rescue teams to say that no one was left alive and they could go in to begin demolishing and clearing, said Norman F. Roundell, a London fire inspector who led the opposition. "We let them know in very strong terms

The Soviets yielded and the grue-. some dig went on until, on Thurs-day, the foreign contingent in Spi-7 quake is still put at 55,000, but

was time to start packing up. These days of death and diplo-

macy have exposed backwardness and inflexibility in the Soviet system that are certain to provoke months of official recriminations. But they have also seen a society long secretive about domestic tragedies, and ashamed of soliciting foreign help, open itself to the world's pity and defer to outside

As the emergency rescue effort gives way to evacuation, refugee relief, demolition and rebuilding. many participants in the rescue believe that this painful time has also ch marked an important turning point in official Soviet attitudes to the

outside world. The official death toll of the Dec.

many estimates are much higher. Each tortured city and village in the earthquake zone has its own special character of suffering.

Spitak, a regional center once known for its sugar factory and elevator plant, was barely recogniz-able as a city. In 200 seconds, it was ded flat by the three massive olts of the quake.

Narband, a sheepherding village vest of here, looked as if it had been crisscrossed by a colossal plow. The grade school fell in a heap, killing 500 students and teachers, sparing only a group of eighth-graders playing outside. The ldren in two kinde also fatally engulfed in concrete and volcame stone

Stepanavan, a city at the north-See ARMENIA, Page 7

U.S. Will **Hold PLO** To Pledge Officials Promise Close Monitoring Of Terrorist Acts

By David B. Ottaway

Washington Post Service
WASHINGTON — Two Reagan administration officials said Sunday that the United States intended to closely monitor terrorist activities to determine whether the Palestine Liberation Organization was living up to Yasser Arafat's reciption of terrorism.

Undersecretary of State Michael H. Armacost said Washington was termined that the PLO must prove it was serious about its renunciation of terrorism by "disassociation and expulsion of dements that become involved in such

Assistant Secretary of State Richard W. Murphy, who appeared with Mr. Armacost on an ABC News interview show, said the United States would watch terrorist activities to make sure that the PLO, an umbrella group incorporating a half dozen factions, was hving up to Mr. Arafat's promise last week in Geneva.

Mr. Arafat pledged Saturday in Tunis to "do all our best" to stop Palestinian terrorism. Another PLO official, Khalid Hassan, said that would not mean curtailing the violent resistance against Israel's occupation of the West Bank and

Gaza Strip.
Mr. Hassan's remarks and those by State Department officials reflected a new war of interpretations after the first official U.S.-PLO meeting over what exactly Mr. Arafat foreswore in his carefully word-

ed declaration in Geneva.

According to PLO officials, the guerrilla organization has renounced carrying out hijackings and other forms of terrorism on civilian targets in Israel and outside of it. But they said the PLO re-serves what they call an internationally recognized right to resist occupation, and would do so by carrying out attacks on Israeli occupation forces and military targets in Israel and the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip. PLO officials have rejected the

See TERROR, Page 7

U.S. and PLO: 19 Days of Push and Pull

By Don Oberdorfer

WASHINGTON - When Yasser Arafat sent his application for a visa to the U.S. Embassy in Tunis last month, he touched off a chain of events that began with a diplomatic slap in the face and end-ed with the first official meeting between the United States and the Palestine Liberation Organization in more than a decade.

On Nov. 26, within 24 hours of the application, Secretary of State George P. Shultz shocked nearly every nation by refusing Mr. Arafat, the PLO chairman, a visa to go to New York to address the UN

This was an intensely personal decision for Mr. Shultz, guided by his contempt for terrorism. It was made, a close aide said, "out of his place in Stockholm, Geneva and age a developing trend of PLO pohis contempt for terrorism. It was made, a close side said, "out of his gut." But three weeks later, the secretary of state took the key role in approving the virtual U.S. diplo-

last three weeks is a lesson in ates an equal and opposite reac- to state their viewpoints.

Mr. Arafat's visa application had matic recognition of the PLO.

The U.S.-PLO interaction in the

In this case, the surprising after- most senior aides, along with the math of Mr. Shultz's startling visa denial bubbled up from the Arab viser, Lieutenant General Coin L.

been heralded for weeks in PLO public statements and a UN diplomatic message that the PLO leader unpredictable consequences. In part in the UN debate on Palestine. many respects, it is the diplomatic application of Newton's third law in hours of the application, Mr. Shultz summoned his senior aides

Opinion was divided, but the

cal moderation. Earlier the same day, Mr. Shultz had a visit from the Swedish am-bassador to the United States,

Count Wilhelm Wachtmeister, and planned to visit New York to take part in the UN debate on Palestine. They told Mr. Shultz of the first results of a Swedish initiative intended to advance PLO moderation on political affairs and to

bring a reconciliation between the United States and the PLO in the interest of Middle East peace. Count Wachtmeister gave Mr. Shultz a statement that had been drafted and signed in secret meetings in Stockholm earlier that week by Khaled Hassan, the chairman of the PLO's Foreign Affairs Com-

mittee, and a group of American Jews headed by a New York attorncy, Rita E. Hauser. The statement went further than

the PLO had ever gone before toward renunciation of terrorism and explicit acceptance of Israel as a legitimate state in the Middle East. But it was not a public docume and it fell short of the unqualified declarations that Washington long had been seeking. A participant in the meeting said that Mr. Shultz "noncommittal but interest-

Another visitor to Mr. Shultz the same day was the Saudi ambassador, Prince Bandar bin Sultan, who

U.S. Embassies on Security Alert

WASHINGTON — U.S. embassies have gone on a security alert as a precantion against possible attacks by hard-line groups opposed to U.S. con-tacts with the Palestine Liberation Organization, according to State Department officials.

An official, who described the alert as a routine precaution, said it was "logical to be concerned" about splinter groups and radical PLO factions.

The official singled out three groups: the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine-General Command, led by Ahmed Jebril, a former Syrian Army captain; the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine, led by Georges Habash; and the Fatah-Revolutionary Command, headed by Abu Nidal, which is mainly backed by Libya. All three groups oppose Yasser Arafat, the PLO chairman.

The Jebril and Habash groups are within the PLO structure; the Abu Nidal group is outside it. The U.S. alert, announced Saturday, followed a statement in Geneva on Wednesday by Mr. Arafat that Washington said had met its conditions for opening a dialogue with the PLO.

The State Department counselor, Max M. Kam-

pelman, said Arab hard-liners opposed to any negotiated settlement might carry out terrorist attacks against a range of targets in the hope of undermining the peace process.

In a television interview, Mr. Kampelman said the United States knew of "forces within the Pales-

tinian world and the Arab world that don't like this "Therefore," he said, "they might engage in acts of terrorism in the hope we'll think it's PLO

See PLO, Page 7

Desktop Cuisine in California: Good to the Last Byte 💽 the dish and the next day they are eating it in every month cooking at Fennel, sufficient to prudently adding a window shade so the chef

Armed police guarded a workman carrying a ballot box Sunday in Colombo as preparations went

forward for a presidential election on Monday. At least 20 persons were killed as leftist militants

terrorized communities in an attempt to force cancellation of the voting. The government has

warned that it might demand the death penalty for anyone interfering with the voters. Page 2.

Sri Lankan Terrorists Attempt to Block Election

By Mary Blume ional Herold Tribune

AIRIS — They are in Tokyo and Disneytheir specialities can be extraded from for esurient astronants. The current of French chefs has been global and in tergalactic for so long that it's become

hat other branches of the entertainment ustry call a concept was needed, and the Rostang, a leading Paris restaurateur, or me up with one. It might be called ctop cuisine, good to the last byte.

ir. Rostang owns a Paris restaurant that s ty vo Michelin stars and with three other ncil i restaurateurs he has also, since July, a restaurant in Santa Monica, outside A ogeles, called Fennel. But there is no een nly gallivanting from one hot stove to the r. Mr. Rostang and partners send as a and recipes, with photographs of how a dish should look, to L.A. by fax.

Fa xing beats traveling," Mr. Rostang s. "I say do this or this, take a picture of

Genin and Yann Jacquot of Chez Pauline and Le Toit de Passy in Paris, and Michel Chabran of Michel Chabran, near Valence. of his alleged gadding about. They all speak Their American partner is an entrepreneur fluent franglais and have taken up golf. named Mauro Vicenti, who brought Italian muova cucina to L.A. and was nacrowly dissuaded from calling the new French restan-rant Après Moi. The American side takes care of overall management, the four Frenchmen are in charge of kitchen personnel, cooking and decor. Their resident chef is

The four French chefs, handier with microchips then microwaves, are in constant communication with Santa Monica and with each other. They regard a PC as part of their batterie de cuisine. Mr. Rostang says that Fennel faxes him the sales figures every two days and each week the chef sends detailed

Each of the four partners spends a week. He has however installed an open kitchen,

insure a personal touch but not enough to be Mr. Rostang's French partners are André accused in France of absenteeism, like the renowned Paul Bocuse who recently was demoted by the Gault Millan guide because

For Thanksgiving, Mr. Rostang, an enthusiastic pumplin eater, faxed to Fennel a or Mexican sauces. recipe for pumpkin and foic gras ravioli in truffle juice, which he also served the same day in his eponymous Paris restaurant and which Fernel will repeat on New Year's Eve as part of a seven-course feast that will cost \$100. Prices at Fennel are about half the cost of a meal at Michel Rostang in Paris. Moderate prices are compensated for by having two evening sittings, the first at 6:30, which would be unheard of in France.

California restaurants, Mr. Rostang says. days and each week the chef sends detailed have to be bright and noisy, with open kitch-notes on which dishes went down and which ens. His Paris restaurant is formal and muffled with heavy curtains and wood paneling.

can have Gallic tantrums in private.

The food at Fennel is a lot simpler than in Paris, Californians, says Mr. Rostang, don't like sait or cream. Is there such a thing as California cuisine?

"Americans say no," he replied. He thinks it's basically European food, with Japanese

Mr. Rostang is probably the only California restaurateur who doesn't know what mesquite is and who dislikes the shitake mushrooms that Californians put in every dish with the possible exception of their breakfast granola. Asked if, like another fashionable Los Angeles restaurant, he would serve salmon, watercress and mango salad with a decorative pansy on top, he diplomatically confessed to not loving exotic

He has, however, gone rather Californian in one dish: grilled sea bass with orange, grapefruit, lemon juice and com. "It's just See BYTE, Page 2



Jean-Pierre Bosc, a chef at Fennel in Los Angeles, relies on a fax machine to get recipes from Paris.

Come Debt or Disaster, UNICEF's Still Embracing the Kids

director of the United Nations Children's Fund, UNICEF, for nine years. Before the publication on Wednesday of of UNICEF's annual report, The State of the World's Children, he spoke by telephone to Charles Mitchelmore of the International Herald Tri-

Q. Your report is coming out against a backdrop of heavy debt in parts of the world where UNICEF is at work. Thousands of children have been victims of natural disasters, like floods and earthquakes. And you've just returned from the battle zones of Iran and Iraq, where the use of "boy soldiers" and chemical weapons have been issues. Can UNICEF find reason to hope?

A. Yes. Often, difficult circumstances provoke initiatives that are positive.... We are seeing that in the current extremely difficult situation for children in many countries, particularly in the debt countries, there is a whole new attention to children. We are able to say worldwide today that a child-health convention on the rights of the child being adopted by the General Assembly next fall and hopefully being ratified by

MONDAY O&A

the minimum of 20 countries within the

Q. UNICEF has a long record of success by avoiding international politics. Can it preserve its neutrality and still serve as a broker to the Third World? A. Well, this is the challenge, and I think UNICEF has done remarkably well on this through the 42 years of its

We are, in the corrent State of the World's Children report, trying to dramatize the fact that development in the next 10 years ought to measure success or failure much more by what happens to people — real development — than by just putting it in terms of GNP growth.

years — in immunization, oral rehydra-tion therapy, things that have involved social mobilization of whole countries this is now saving the lives of some 7,000 children a day, and we can think serious-ly of saving the lives of some 12,000 to 14,000 children a day 24 months from

Q. In projects like your Bamako Initiative, in which UNICEF and the World Health Organization are seeking to make primary health care available to mothers throughout sub-Saharan Africa, aren't you running smack into international ankers and pharmaceutical companies?

A. The Bamako Initiative, which, I should underline, was an initiative by all the African health ministers meeting in Bamako in September 1987, is designed against a situation where countries are in terrible financial circumstances. They need to restructure their health systems If you focus on what's happening to child mortality, what's happening to literacy rates, to primary school enrollto continue. WHO and UNICEF are un-

breakthrough is in process. It's accompa-nied by a tremendous increase in the rights of children, so that we visualize a convention on the rights of the child the 35 essential drugs that are involved.

> Q. What do you say to those people who contend that if UNICEF is going to be involved in basic problems, it should work more with organizations like the UN Population Fund and help emphasize family planning?

A. We do work with groups that are interested in extending the possibility of help on family spacing, family planning. But for people who are concerned with population growth, there is no substitute for improved health for children. No country in the world has dramatically reduced its birthrate before it has first dramatically reduced its child death

This is common sense, because people do need to be confident that their first children will survive before they will run the risk of having far fewer children. If all of South Asia had the same child death rate as Sri Lanka, for example, there would be 3.7 million fewer child deaths

Q. Next year is the 10th anniversary of the International Year of the Child. Are you are optimistic or pessimistic about the chances of saving children's lives? A. We cannot continue to make pro-

gress in major way on children if there is either global military conflict or global economic disaster. I must say we have been very encouraged by the change in political-military atmospheries of the past year. We do need to see, particularly for Latin America and Africa, a breakthrough in the next year on what goes under the name of the debt crisis. I would argue that this is required not just for children. Frankly, if the United States is going to cope with its balance of payments deficit, it needs to have the markets of a growing Third World again, as it did in the 1970s, when they were the

fastest growing U.S. markets.

But within that framework, I am optimistic. The State of the World's Children for 1989 concludes on a very important point: Why not a world summit for children? It is quite clear now that the biggest single thing needed to continue health progress for children is more leadership from the top. It's not primarily a finan-

WORLD BRIEFS

Soviet Code to Retain Death Penalty

MOSCOW (NYT) - The Soviet Union has decided to maintain the

death penalty for certain crimes, ending speculation that a much awaited revision of the criminal code might abolish capital punishment.

Under guidelines for the revision, criminals convicted of treason, espionage, the rape of minors, premeditated marder under aggravating circumstances, sabotage and terrorism would still be liable to be execute

The proposals, which were published in the newspaper Izvestia, also said without elaborating that the death penalty could be applied for crimes committed "under extraordinary circumstances." Women, and those under 18 and over 60, are exempt from the death penalty.

New Leader in Vanuatu Is Arrested

PORT VILA, Vanuata (AP) - The man who was sworn in as prime minister of this island nation Sunday was arrested hours later by security

forces loyal to his dismissed predecessor, radio reports said.

The arrest of Prime Minister Barak Sope fueled the dispute over who was in power in Vannata, a country of 130,000 people about 1,200 miles (1,900 kilometers) northeast of Brisbane, Australia.

Mr. Sope was sworn in Sunday by President George Sokomana, who was a supported by the baranching Performant and dismission.

announced Friday that he was dissolving Parliament and dismissing the prime minister, the Reverend Waiter Lini. Mr. Sope and Father Lini an Anglican priest who took office in 1980, have been locked in a power struggle for a year.

Sihanouk Brands Hun Sen a Traitor

PARIS (Reuters) - Prince Norodom Sihanouk, the exiled Cambodis leader, has called Hun Sen, the Cambodian prime minister, a "traitor and said that Mr. Hun Sen must accept his proposal to end the 10-year long Cambodian conflict.

The prince insisted that his plan, which includes a substantial role?

the Communist Khmer Rouge, be adopted Mr. Hun Sen as well as by other parties involved in the Cambodian dispute.

"I will only receive Hun Sen again once he has accepted my pla Prince Sihanouk said. "They can take it or leave it." He dismissed F. Sen as "nothing but a traitor" who he said had abused the three meeti between the two men in France this year "to try and make his c illegitimate government appear legal."

LaRouche Is Convicted of Mail Frau

ALEXANDRIA, Virginia (NYT) - A federal jury in Alexandria ha convicted the political extremist Lyndon H. LaRouche Jr. and si associates of conspiracy and mail fraud in the solicitation of \$34 million

Mr. LaRouche, a four-time presidential candidate, was also convicted of conspiring to hide his personal income since 1979, the last year he filed a federal tax return. "I'm amazed, absolutely amazed," said Mr. LaRouche, 66, who called his indictment last October "a piece of garbage He faces a possible maximum penalty of 65 years in prison and \$3.2

million in fines, The essence of the government's case was that Mr. LaRouche, who founded the National Cancus of Labor Committees in the late 1960s, and his staff solicited loans with false assurances to potential lenders and showed "reckless disregard" for facts by failing to mention the organiza-tion's already severe financial difficulties.

For the Record

President Alan García Pérez of Peru has offered his resignation as leader of the ruling Aprista Party following a bitter reception at its national convention, party officials said Sunday.

(AP)

national convention, party officials said Sunday.

A river ferry sank, killing 55 people in the southern Chinese province of Hainan Island on Wednesday, the Xinima news agency reported in a dispatch published in Hong Kong newspapers Sunday.

A wooden saithout carrying 53 persons sank in the Philippines, and only two survivors have been rescued, the military reported Sunday. The report said the boat sank Friday about 170 miles (275 kilometers) southeast of Manila, between the islands of Mindoro and Semirara. (AP)

Three Irish soldiers abdacted in southern Lebanon and held overnight in a cave were freed by Shiite Amal militiamen Saturday after a brief gunlight with their pro-Iranian kidnappers. The soldiers, members of the UN force, were rescued about nine miles from the village of Tibnin, where they were abducted Friday.

Authorities in Iran have detained and tortured a French

to an Iranian dissident, her husband said Saturday. Hassan Habibi said that Annie Esbert, 26, has been given a week in which to denounce him publicly and to disavow opposition to the regime of Ayatoliah Ruholiah Chomeini, or else face execution.

TRAVEL UPDATE

with Western Europe are developing in every possible field," said Georgi E. Komarovsky, counselor Foreign Ministry official said. He "At the minimum, we expect serious discussion on the issue," a PARIS (AFP) — Four Métro lines were expected to remain clo

Monday in Paris as striking maintenance workers prepared to vote on whether to continue pressing their demand for a pay raise of 1,000 francs' (\$170) a month.

A spokesman for the Communist-led General Confederation of Labor, the only union still on strike as the stoppage entered its sixth week, said the group was concerned about inconvenience to users with only a few

days to go before Christmas.

The lines expected to be out of service on Monday were: No. 1, Neuilly-Viscennes; No. 2, Nation-Dauphine; No. 4, Porte d'Orléans-Porte de Clignancourt, and No. 11, Châtelet-Mairie des Lilas.

Weather conditions in Greece began to improve Sunday after a three day cold snap paralyzed transportation services in the north. (AP)
Lags and Tayland have agreed to open their common border to tourists

and have drawn up regulations for immigration, taxes and trade, the official Lao news agency said Saturday.

This Week's Holidays

Banking and government offices will be closed or services curtailed in the following countries and their dependencies this week because of national and religious holidays:

WEDNESDAY: Malawi.

THURSDAY: Sri Lanka.

SATURDAY: Andorra, Ansma, Brzzil, Czechoslovakia, Demmark, El Salv, dor, Finland, Iceland, Italy, Ivory Coast, Liechtenstein, Macao, Madagascar, Mer. co., Monaco, Norway, Portugal, San Matino, Sweden, Vatican City, West German

SUNDAY: All countries except: Afghanistan, Albania, Algaria, Bahraf Bhutan, Bulgaria, China, Cuba, Egypt, Ethiopia, Iran, Iraq, Israel, Iapan, Lib-Maldives, Maunitania, North Yemen, Oman, Somalia, South Yemen, Thailar Turkey, United Arab Emirates, Yugoslavia.

Source: Morgan Guaranty Trust Co., Reiders

What raised the alarm in

Berlin and ultimately led to

that different, and that Stali

gression pact.
The November issue of Sp

went further. It questioned w

resistance after the pact.

Hitler would have survived

Stalin not called off Commu

"Frankly," Neues Deutsc

said, "the apology for or the cle-ing of Hitler, fascism and its cri-

and explaining these things

comparison of Hitler with Stal

are inadmissible in our anti-fa

with some inventions -

BERLIN: Smuggling Glasnost

(Continued from page 1) meeting earlier this month, Erich Honecker, the East German leader, berated Moscow for tolerating the berated Moscow for tolerating the revision of Soviet history by bour-that Stalin and Hitler were no fact helped his fellow tyrant the 1939 German-Soviet no

geois types gone wild." He declared that the East Germans would not switch course and "march toward anarchy."

Mr. Honecker, 76, further staked out his position by holding a highly publicated summit meeting with Nicolae Ceausescu of Romania, the most Stalinist of East European

And the East German leader stilled any expectations that he might step down anytime soon by amouncing that he would be the keynote speaker at the next party

congress, which he set for 1990. Nonetheless, while resisting glasnost from the East, the East Germans have been taking a few steps of their own toward greater openness in recent months.

Political cabarets like the Distel have been allowed new beense to East bloc to any erosion of ide.

The problem posed by the de-

bate in the Soviet press was that in questioning their own Stalinist their ideology. Whatever (questioning their own Stalinist their ideology. Whatever (leg-past, the Soviets were challenging heritage was not discredit ted some of the fundamental myths on Hitler is also claimed by We st which the East German Commu- many,

Socialist German state "Up to now, it should be such things were only known unscrupulous apologists of fas: in the West." The East German author itie probably the most vulnerable it

criticize domestic problems, and East German journals have done some raking of their own in the muck of Stalinism.

Last Oloc to any expand on the gy. The Communist region of their own in the muck of Stalinism.

Last Oloc to any expand to the gy. The Communist region of their own in the muck of Stalinism. But the East Germans ha

20 Killed in Sri Lanka As Leftists Try Terror **To Block National Vote**

By Barbara Crossette

New York Times Service COLOMBO — At least 20 persons died Sunday as leftist mili-tants blockaded roads and terrorized communities to keep voters in Sri Lanka from going to the polls Monday to elect a president

Most of the violence and disrup-Most of the violence and disruption took place in the south, where the militant People's Liberation the rate of 25 to 50 a day. The the militant People's Liberation Movement are strong. Both are Marxist, mostly ethnic Sinhalese groups: Sinhalese guernilias, who are trying to force the cancellation groups who oppose Indian involvement in Sri Lanka.

Voter turnout is expected to be very low in that area —government officials estimate about 30 percent; militants say less than 5 percent. Sri Lanka, a country of 16 million people with 9.4 million registered voters, is accustomed to voter turnouts of 80 percent or higher.

Campaigning stopped Friday night. But Sri Lankans continue to be urged by candidates to defy threats and vote, as much to save the democratic system as to choose The Sri Lankan government said Sunday that anyone trying to keep voters from the polls could face the

death penalty. It anthorized security officers to use "maximum force" to ensure the freedom to vote. The move appeared to be in response to threats from the People's

Liberation Front guerrilla group, which said it would shoot people who voted. A government statement said the

minimum sentence for attempts to force people not to vote would be 10 years in jail. It said death would be the maximum penalty. The security forces have been

directed to enforce this regulation using maximum force where necessary," it said.
This small country, trapped for

vears in cycles of ethnic violence. faces what many describe as its most crucial election. But the citizens of a land that was once a democratic model for

Asia will vote, if they dare, under conditions that make a free and fair

election virtually impossible, by In the voting, Sri Lankans will be ident Junius R. Jayawardene, 82, who is retiring after a half century

of public service. Mr. Jayawardene's United National Party has chosen the prime minister, Ranasinghe Premadasa, as its presidential candidate. He is opposed by Mrs. Sirimavo Bandaraike, a former prime minister, of the opposition Sri Lanka Freedom Party. A coalition of leftist parties

is fielding a political newcomer, Ossie Abeygoonasekara. Since Mr. Jayawardene decided in September not to run, Sri Lanka has endured violence and terror. The causes of this breakdown in the social order are numerous, complex and often confusing.

After several years of fighting guerrillas representing Tamils, the country's largest ethnic minority, the Jayawardene government be-came the target of Sinhalese extremists, drawn from the ethnic

The Sinhalese militants, or those purporting to support that cause, have capitalized on opposition to Mr. Jayawardene's decision to bring Indian troops into Sri Lanka (Continued from page 1) in 1987 to disarm the Tamils. The government, said, "We made a big Sinhalese militants want the Indian troops to leave and oppose territo- nam in 1975 by thinking subjectiverial and political concessions to ly that we could advance to social-

The Sinhalese, who are predominantly Buddhist, make up 74 per-cent of Sri Lanka's 17.5 million mentation and collectivist controls. But the South, where private enterpeople and predominate in the government. The Tamils, who are mostly Hindu, constitute 17 per- sult, food and industrial output cent of the population.

SINGLE MALLI

SCOTCH WHISKY

There have been reports, taken seriously by both Indian and Sri Lankan officials, that the Sinhalese militants are being assisted by the Liberation Tigers of Tamil Edam, the last group of northern separatists holding out against the 50,000 Indian troops.

In the last six weeks in Sinhalese killers have been drawn from three of the election; the increasingly re-pressive troops and paramilitary forces armed with sweeping extrademocratic powers, or vigilantes known vaguely as "anti-subversive

enbyersives. Public services in many areas in the south are now run by soldiers, who are rounding up thousands of young Sri Lankans in a region that was peaceful until last year, when Indian troops arrived to disarm ethnic Tamils in the north and east. Many Sri Lankans argue that the election should not be held. Others believe that if it is called off, the government will be seen to have

bowed to terrorism. If it is held, and the government candidate wins, most politicians expect that more violence will almost certainly follow. Militants have warned that they will not accept the results of the voting.

Political columnists say a turnout of 50 percent or less would play into the hands of Mr. Premadasa. His party is believed to be better organized and can benefit from in-

A higher turnout would improve Mrs. Bandaranaike's chances because it would reveal a higher level ing to vote for a change in leader-

Mr. Premadasa is closely linked by many with the Jayawardene government, which most people beieve did not act soon enough or decisively enough to stop the drift to terrorism among its own Sinha-



Mr. Shevardnadze, left, and his wife being greeted Sunday by Foreign Minister Sosuke Uno upon arrival in Japan for a four-day visit.

Japan to Press Shevardnadze on Islands

By Susan Chira New York Times Service

TOKYO - Japan usually puts economic gains before ideology. But it makes an exception in its relations with the Soviet Union, and that was apparent as Eduard A. Shevardnadze, the Soviet for-eign minister, arrived Sunday on his first visit in nearly three years - a visit awaited here with equal doses of hope and suspicion.

Soviet and Japanese officials and scholars say they hope that the visit will improve relations that have long foundered on the Soviet occupation of four northern islands claimed by Japan. The dispute over the Kuril island chain has prevented the two countries from signing a World War II peace treaty despite the establishment of diplomatic relations in 1956.

In recent days, diplomats from both countries have expressed more optimism about the visit, funadze could spring the kind of sur-prise that President Mikhail S. Gorbachev produced this month at the United Nations by proposing

Soviet troop reductions But any progress will probably

be slow, despite unofficial hints that the Soviet Union might be

willing to compromise on the terri-

tories, as well as a surge in trade and recent agreements to hold the first government-sponsored exchange of students and cooperate on environmental issues. [As he arrived, Mr. Shevard-

nadze appeared to call for flexibility in the dispute over the islands, The Associated Press reported. l"Given the importance of our two nations in resolving interna-

tional problems, Japan-Soviet political dialogue and mutual understanding is generally delayed," Mr. Shevardnadze said after his jet landed at Tokyo's Haneda International Airport. "While there are objective reasons for this, it should be possible to relax or eliminate the reasons for this delay."] The Shevardnadze trip is the lat-

est of several Soviet overtures to Asia. After decades of hostility between Moscow and Beijing, Mr. Gorbachev and the Chinese foreign minister, Qian Qichen, met two The Soviets also courted South Koreans with a cultural offensive

both sides agreed two weeks ago to establish trade offices. Mr. Gorbachev has begun a belated effort to flesh out an Asian initiative he announced in 1986 in the eastern port of Vladivostok.

during the Olympics in Seoul, and

Now, as Soviet troops withdraw

from Afghanistan and parts of the Chinese border, and as the Soviets signal their willingness to press their Vietnamese allies for a peaceful settlement in Cambodia, this newest round of diplomatic contacts may lend the Asian initiative more momentum. But countries that have cast their lot with the United States remain wary.

Soviet officials chide Japan for its caution in a world moving away from Cold War attitudes.

"You can see how our relations end of the visit. can see how our relations are develcomparison with this, Japan is But Japanese diplomats said that backward. I believe Japan can lose the official Soviet position had not

Then, and again this summer in the Siberian city of Krasnoyarsk, he reached out in Asia both to longestranged socialist neighbors and to the capitalist economic dynamos an Peninsula and fighting pollution in the Pacific. While the Japanese trying to enlist their help with economic development in the Soviet Shevardnadze, they place top pri-Far East.

Shevardnadze, they place top pri-onity on the territorial dispute.

The four islands lie off the northern coast of the northern island of Hokkaido. Moscow contends that the Kurii islands were rightfully awarded to the Soviet Union in the Allied division of Japanese-held territory after World War II, while Tokyo maintains that they belong to Japan.

Mr. Shevardnadze did not directly acknowledge the dispute during his last visit, in January 1986, despite an oblique reference

at the Soviet Embassy here. "You said he welcomed clear signals that the Soviets were prepared this time oping with the United States. In to admit that the problem existed.

because of it." changed, and that at least two of Mr. Komarovsky said he hoped that Mr. Shevardnadze's visit posts for the Soviet military.

BYTE:

Desktop Cuisine (Continued from page 1)

basic citrus juice with fish," he says slightly defensively. He likes com almost as much as pumpkin. Since chefs these days are as busy as company directors, and of-ten are company directors, long distance cooking makes a great deal of sense, and no diner could object to software-inspired soft-shell crabs. Rostang and company

have clearly hit on a new approach,

and like all new approaches it will shortly be improved upon. In New York, an Italian restaurant is in the works called Le Mateam of four Italian "mammas" who will greet guests and dispense maternal warmth. No one has said whether the mammas can cook, but they are probably great on the fax.

60 Tibetan Students Protest in Beijing

By Nicholas D. Kristof New York Times Service BELJING -At least 60 Tibetan students marched through the center of Bening on Sunday to

protest the shooting of pro-independence demonstrators in Tibet a week ago. The protesters in Beijing ap-parently were not impeded by several dozen police officers who accompanied them, although officials had strongly encouraged the students to give up their

In a brief dispatch, the official Xinhua press agency reported only that the Tibetan students were dissuaded from staging a demonstration" and that they had been sent back to their dor-

mistake after liberating South Vict-

ism very quickly."
North Vietnam was used to regi-

But the South, where private enter-

culture, resisted socialism. As a re-

dropped sharply.

The press agency said that the students had not applied for permission to stage the demonstration, as required under city regu-

A journalist working for a Hong Kong publication was de-tained for two hours after he witnessed the demonstration. The journalist, Seth Faison, 29, from New York, was the only foreigner known to have been present.

hours after he drove by the marchers and stopped to talk to Mr. Faison said he was accused of ignoring police orders, ob-structing traffic and trespassing on a public lawn. He said that

police had released him without

filing formal charges after he betans calling for independence signed a written statement reviewing the police interrogation. The students, he said, already had marched more than a mile, or more than a kilometer and a half. when he encountered them. He

said he did not know what hap-

pened to the protesters after he was detained The students, most of whom were from the Central Institute He said he was forced back for Nationalities in Beijing, beinto his taxi cab and held for two

gan their march at Tiananmen Square, traditionally a focal point They told Mr. Faison that that they were protesting the shooting

by the police of demonstrators in the capital of Tibet, Lhasa, on

they said that the police fired directly at the demonstrators. Tibet is claimed by China and recognized by almost every country as part of China, but many

and confronted the police.

Chinese officials have said that

the police fired warning shots in

the air, but that in the melee a Buddhist monk was killed and 13

persons were wounded. Western

travelers in Tibet at the time said

that at least two persons were

believed to have been killed, and

Tibetans favor greater autonomy from Beijing or even indepen-dence. Chinese-Tibetan tensions

over the issue appear to have been increasing in the last two In that incident, about 30 Ti-

VIETNAM: Widespread Resistance to Change Slows a Drive Toward Socialism

ened by a long revolutionary strug-gle, were ill-equipped to run a mod-crn, peacetime economy. They said the party and the gov-ernment needed younger, more en-ergetic and technically competent leaders but that it was either unable

As in the Soviet Union, China and Eastern Europe, the process of renovation and restructuring of society, which the Vietnamese call doi moi is being retarded by resistance from within the party and the bureaucracy.

and those who are conservative," a Vietnamese official said. Vietnam lacks a strong leader in the mold of Mikhail S. Gorbachev

nam, he said, have the right ideas damaging, to reverse them,

but "they do not have the punch or power to push them through and apply them thoroughly."

poor health. Diplomats said his departure would be a setback for They explained that conservatives in the party were opposed to a

For example, farmers have held demonstrations in Ho Chi Minh City and other parts of southern Vietnam in the last few months demanding that local officials relinquish agricultural land

The protests follow a Politburo resolution in April clearing the way for rice land in collectives to be handed back to farmers under long-term leases. Despite resistance, the changes

have taken a substantial hold and some analysts believe it would be

The flavour of an island in a single malt. Isle of lura



A congress of the Communist Party met in Hanoi two years ago

So far this year, Mr. Kiet told a session of the National Assembly, in an atmosphere of crisis. It chose a revamped leadership headed by Nguyen Van Linh and endorsed an economic program that sought to stimulate production It is running at about 300 per-cent for 1988, according to official of goods and services by encouraging private enterprise. wever, Vo Van Kiet, Viet-

estimates. Unemployment and unnam's deputy prime minister in deremployment are also at unaccharge of economic affairs, last ceptably high levels, the governweek issued a gloomy progress report for 1988, although he forecast significant improvements for 1989 and said the reform program would



Send detailed resume

for free evaluation.

ment says. Mr. Kiet said the production target for food grain, predominantly rice, would be 20 million tons for 1989, one million tons more than the official estimate of production for 1988 published last week. But Vietnamese economists said

output from many state enterprises

cations have deteriorated, exports

have not improved as hoped, and

has fallen, transport and comm

inflation remains high

that 24 million tons of grain a year were needed to overcome chronic food shortages and ensure Viet-nam's 64 million people an adequate diet. There are more than one million babies being born in Vietnam each of the Soviet Union or Deng Xiaoyear. Yet, it was not until October that the government announced

that strict family planning mea-

Some analysts and foreign diplomats said Vietnam's elderly leaders in the Politburo, all of them hard-Mr. Linh, secretary-general of

to attract them or unwilling to en-trust them with full responsibility. rapid extension of free-market forces, fearing it would erode Communist control and undermine socialist objectives.

"There is a struggle going on between those who want to change

ping in China, a Western diplomat said. Proponents of change in Viet- difficult, as well as economically

WORLD BRIEN

Code to Retain Death Person has decided. Service Union has death of the service might about coins for continuous conti

ciabonating that the death penalty eader in Vanuatu Is Anto The man who was a straight was a marine service of the service of

The the was dissoring range to the See of the in 1980, have beaute ouk Brands Hun Sena'i Nerodom Sibanonk then see Cambodian prime the the principle of the property of the property of

De acopted Mr. Has the See seain once he has an take it or bears in he will be said had about he will be said he will b The state of the second uche Is Convicted of Mar Co co use success. Lyadon H later

Taud in the soliton

Colors of the entire presidential cartification absolutely angel Timent last October 1/2 2 Labor Committee to The assurance in the in facts by failing to any

të Record

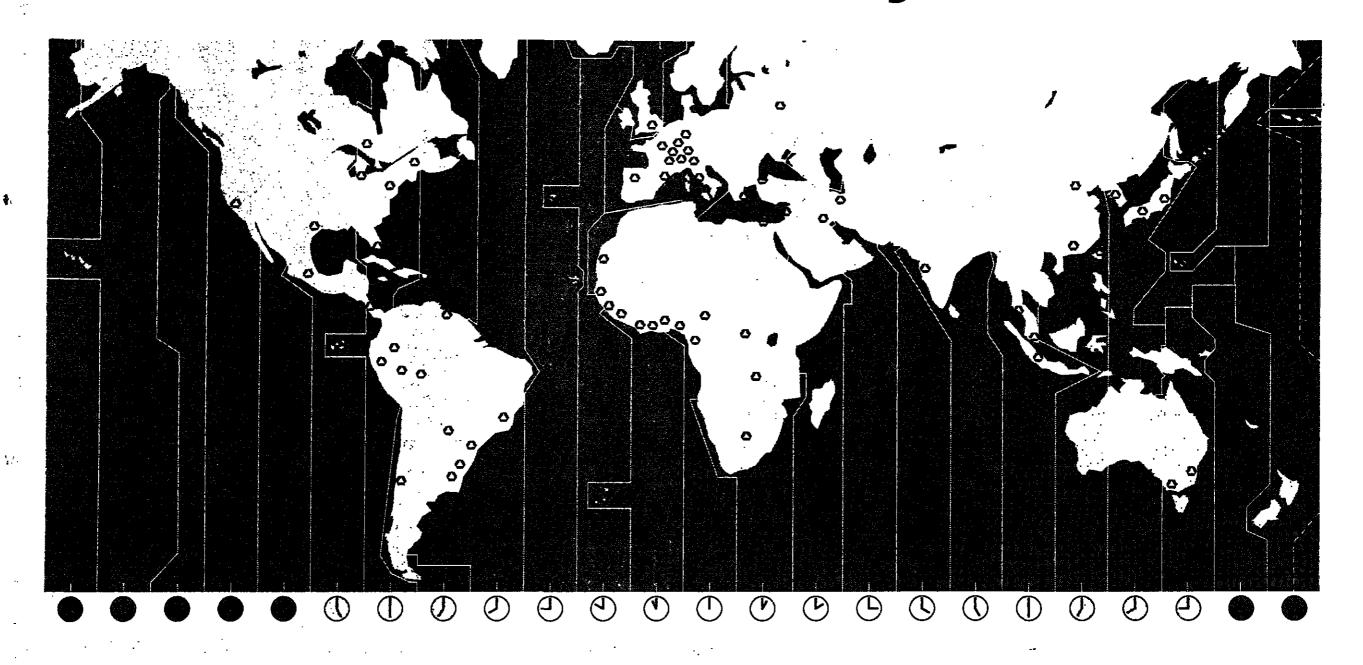
d Alan Garria Perez di Peru has offindis State Cartes Server Colowing 2 line said Sunday. erro caral, kalling 55 people in the southenth Ambus news are A the state of the the military man Fritzy about 170 mk; with the the white of Mindows est wastern stituted is somben Lebaux um mari i e in e Ame milisma **se** The solite:

ters to first rate detained and torosed a First

TRAVEL UPDAT

ing Paris Métro Union

We have got all the time in the world for you.



Around the world, wherever the sun rises on a new business day, there's a

. Take advantage of our worldwide presence and 100 years of banking experience.

Dresdner Bank office ready to serve you - in the Near, Middle, or Far East; in Europe, Africa, or the Americas. That's because Dresdner Bank is at home in over 50 countries, including all the world's

major financial centers. You'll find Dresdner Bank providing in-depth market analysis as well as trade and investment financing, purchasing and selling foreign currencies and ensuring a smooth transfer of funds -24 hours a day.

In fact, about one fifth of West Germany's foreign trade transactions are processed through the Dresdner Bank Group. And during the course of a year, the total of all the domestic and international transactions handled by Dresdner Bank add up to \$120 billion.

Which makes us one of the world's largest and most experienced international banks.

Yet, Dresdner Bank's help extends beyond just saving you time and money. Thanks to our Electronic Banking Services and extensive correspondent banking network, we can help you do business profitably in every corner of the globe.

Your success in each market requires a unique approach and thor-

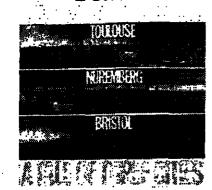
ough understanding of local customs, thereby helping you formulate and implement clear-cut goals. You can rely on Dresdner Bank's highly regarded and sophisticated financial packages as well as our knowledgeable assistance in the complex, often time-consuming process of establishing new business ventures.

When could we discuss your special requirements in detail?

Dresdner Bank has all the time in the world for you.



MANAGEMENT



COMPLETE THE PICTURE

If you are concerned with developments in Europe, you need Management Today, since 1966 Europe's leading English-Language business magazine. Detailed analysis and features on the key companies, personalities and issues in European business, presented with the most innovative photography and design.

SUBSCRIBE NOW

Simply complete the coupon below and return it to:

The Subscription Department, 12/14 Ansdell Street, London, W85TR England.

imited for: UK only 234 Europe (including Eire) 242 Overseas (surface mail) 242 Airmail Zone A (Middle East) 270 Airmail Zone B (USA, India, Africa) 275 Airmail Zone C (Australia, NZ, Japan) 280 OR Please debit my credit card 2 American Express () Visa (Barclayeard) Access (Mastercharge or Eurocard) Access (Mastercharge or Eurocard) Gard number is: Clease fill in the details requested below and return this coupon with your ayment and you will receive Management Today for one year. Surname Corename Coren	
) UK only 234) Europe (including Eire) 542) Overseas (surface mail) 542) Airmail Zone A (Middle East) 270) Airmail Zone B (USA, India, Africa) 275) Airmail Zone C (Australia, NZ, Japan) 280 OR Please debit my credit card 2) American Express () Visa (Barclaycard)) Access (Mastercharge or Eurocard) dy Gard number is: Please fill in the details requested below and return this coupon with your sayment and you will receive Management Today for one year. Surname Orename Orename Orename	I enclose a cheque/money order made out to Haymarket Publishing Services
Europe (including Eire) 242 Overseas (surface mail) 242 Airmail Zone A (Middle East) 270 Airmail Zone B (USA, India, NZ, Japan) 280 OR Please debit my credit card 2 American Express () Visa (Barclaycard) Access (Mastercharge or Eurocard) Access (Mastercharge or Eurocard) Access fill in the details requested below and return this coupon with your ayment and you will receive Management Today for one year. Surname	
) Overseas (surface mail) 242) Airmail Zone A (Middle East) 270) Airmail Zone B (USA, India, Africa) 275) Airmail Zone C (Australia, NZ, Japan) 280 OR Please debit my credit card 2) American Express () Visa (Barclaycard)) Access (Mastercharge or Eurocard) dy Gard number is: Please fill in the details requested below and return this coupon with your ayment and you will receive Management Today for one year. Surname Torename Torename Or Title Address	
Airmail Zone A (Middle East) 970 Airmail Zone B (USA, India, Africa) 975) Airmail Zone C (Australia, NZ, Japan) 980 OR Please debit my credit card 990) American Express (90) Visa (Barclaycard)) Access (Mastercharge or Eurocard) fly Card number is: Please fill in the details requested below and return this coupon with your ayment and you will receive Management Today for one year. Surname Orename Orename Other Title Address	() Distributed and professional (A)
Airmail Zone C (Australia, NZ, Japan) 280 OR Please debit my credit card \(\frac{1}{2} \) OR Please debit my credit card \(\frac{1}{2} \) American Express () Visa (Barchycard) Access (Mastercharge or Eurocard) Ay Gard number is: Rease fill in the details requested below and return this coupon with your ayment and you will receive Management Today for one year. Surname Torename Torename Torename Torename	() Airmail Zone A (Middle East) 970
) Airmail Zone C (Australia, NZ, Japan) 280 OR Please debit my credit card 2) American Express () Visa (Barclaycard)) Access (Mastercharge or Eurocard) dy Gard number is: Please fill in the details requested below and return this coupon with your asyment and you will receive Management Today for one year. Surname Orename Orename Address	(Airmail Zone B (USA, India, Africa) 275
OR Please debit my credit card (**	() Airmail Zone C (Australia, NZ, Japan) (280
) American Express () Visa (Barclayeard)) Access (Mastercharge or Eurocard) dy Gard number is: Please fill in the details requested below and return this coupon with your ayment and you will receive Management Today for one year. Forename Or Title Indiress	OR Please debit my credit card 4
Ay Card number is: Clease fill in the details requested below and return this coupon with your ayment and you will receive Management Today for one year. Corename	() American Express () Visa (Barelaycard)
Please fill in the details requested below and return this coupon with your ayment and you will receive Management Today for one year. Surname Torename Total Address	() Access (Mastercharge or Eurocard)
ayment and you will receive Management Today for one year. Surname Corename Color Title C	My Card number is:
ayment and you will receive Management Today for one year. Surname Corename Color Title C	
ayment and you will receive Management Today for one year. Surname Corename Color Title C	Disease fill in the details, recognized below and release this covers with your
iurname	r tease his in the details requested below and rette is this coupon with your promoned and you will receive Management Today for one year
orename on the state of the sta	payment and you was recent and age mean roung for one year.
nb Title ddress	Surname
nb Title ddress	
address	rorename []
address	Job Title
ignature Date	Address1
ignature Date	<u> </u>
iignature Date	
lignature Date	
ignature Date	
DateDate	i i
	Signature Date
	

Baker Bows, Diplomatically, to Congress Energy Official Warns By Robert Pear New York Times Service Budget Won't Support Budget Won't Support

WASHINGTON - James A. Baker 3d is making a slow, methodical mobbusive transition to his job as the next secretary of state, but he has already indicated that he is much more willing than his predecessors to accept a large role for Congress in shaping for-

As Mikhail S. Gorbachev and Yasser Arafat challenge American policymakers to respond to dramatic changes in the Soviet Union and the Middle East, Mr. Baker has been putting himself through a course of instruction in foreign affairs and learning the arcane ways of the State Department's bureau-

He left Sunday for a two-week vacation in Texas to see his 94year-old mother in Houston and hunt at his ranch near San Antonio. He will also ponder his most important personnel decision, the choice of a deputy secretary of

The top two contenders for the job, Lawrence S. Eagleburger and William G. Hyland, were aides to Henry A. Kissinger. So was Brent Scowcroft, the man chosen by President-elect George Bush to be national security adviser.

Mr. Eagleburger, president of Kissinger Associates, an interna-tional consulting concern, capped a 27-year career in the Foreign Service by working as undersecretary of state for political affairs from 1982 to 1984. Mr. Hyland, an au-thority on the Soviet Union, is edi-Middle East and Soviet affairs who was the senior foreign policy adviser to the Bush campa

of the policy planning staff, an in- active partners in making foreign one in Washington in the last 10 finential post that has been held in the past by George F. Kennan and

Paul H. Nitze. For decades, the State Department has resisted congressional ef-forts to shape foreign policy, insist-ing that it be the prerogative of the executive branch. But in meetings in the last few

weeks with members of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee and the House Foreign Affairs Committee, Mr. Baker, a master legislative strategist during his years at the Reagan White House, has described a very different vision. Richard S. Williamson, an assistant secretary of state who is close to Mr. Baker and Mr. Bush, said:

"Jim Baker is showing that in a tor of the journal Foreign Affairs. post-Vietnam era, Congress is a full Denois B. Ross, an expert on the partner in making foreign policy. "He is demonstrating that he un-derstands that and will treat memign, has been bers of Congress as partners - not

plained in a speech at the University of Virginia on Friday that "Congress has become more and more involved in the conduct of foreign policy" and has improperly inringed on his powers as the nation's chief diplomat.

Congress foiled, for example, Mr. Reagan's effort to continue arming the Nicaragnan rebels and has earmarked more than 95 percent of the foreign aid budget for specific countries, although Mr. Reagan and Secretary of State George P. Shultz sought wide discretion to distribute the money as

The State Department is full of smart, able people but is a generation behind in accepting the redis-

With George Bush at the microphone, James A. Baker 3d made a point in Washington. ears has shown a better ability to

eal with Congress."
Senator Daniel P. Moynihan, 2 New York Democrat, who is on the Foreign Relations Committee, said Mr. Baker's open approach to Congress was "an excellent way to be-

State Department employees welcome the prospect of having a secretary with so much influence and such close ties to the next president; Mr. Baker and Mr. Bush have been friends for 30 years. But department employees are also ner-vous because they know little about Mr. Baker's intentions. As part of his education, Mr.

Baker has met with former Presidents Nixon and Carter and former Secretaries of State Kissinger, Dean Rusk and Cyrus R. Vance. tribution of power in making for-eign policy," said an adviser to Mr. rent assistant secretaries of state to identify what he calls problem ar-

Atomic Weapons Safety

By Cass Peterson

Washington Post Service WASHINGTON — Energy Secretary John S. Herrington has warned the White House that there is not enough money in President Ronald Reagan's proposed fiscal 1990 budget to operate the nuclearweapons complex in accordance with safety and environmental laws. The department may be fac-ing additional shutdowns as a resuit the secretary said.

The system will, in all likelihood, be operating beyond the bounds of acceptable risk," Mr. Herrington wrote Dec. 9 to Kenneth M. Duberstein, the White House chief of staff.

The letter contains a detailed asessment of the Energy Department's budgetary problems, which Mr. Herrington said may require choosing between upgrading plant safety and meeting the Defense Department's production goals for nuclear materials. If the department gives priority to production goals, he said, "then unresolved enrironmental and safety issues are likely to lead to further shutdowns in the weapons complex."

[Mr. Duberstein disagreed Sun-day, saying there will be enough money in the budget to safely operate the facilities, The Associated Press reported from Washington. The president has said consistently we won't operate any of these lants unless we can operate them in a safe manner," Mr. Duberstein said on an NBC television program. He said the money needed had been found within the Energy

Department budget.]
In recent months, becau safety concerns, the department has been forced to close large sections of two major weapons plants, including its only reactors that produce tritium, a perishable isotope that must be replenished periodically in nuclear bombs. State officials have threatened to close oth-

Mr. Herrington's letter also says that years of budget austerity have plex, which critics contend has up placed heavier demands on it.
"Part of today's problem stems

from our attempts to stretch, defer and absorb budgetary shortfalls, hoping that next year things would be better, and we could catch up," Mr. Herrington wrote. "As a result, this country's abili-

ty to produce and maintain a nuclear weapons stockpile is in serious eopardy," he said. "The risk is great that without a significant in-

crease in resources over the next five years, we will no longer be able to sustain a strong unclear deterrent in which we have invested \$574.

billion since 1980." Mr. Herrington's letter was sent amid mounting demands on the Department of Energy to bring its 17-plant complex into con with safety laws and to begin an environmental cleanup that is expected to take decades and one h

\$50 billion over 20 years.

The department also made vague financial commitments to several Western governors last week in a ter meeting aimed at resolving a made ar-waste storage problem that threatens to close a critical west w ons plant near Denver.

The Energy Department needs cooperation from the governors of Colorado and Idaho to handle waste and maintain operations at the Rocky Flats Plant, which makes photonium triggers for atomic bombs.

Crack in Reactor Keith Schneider of The New York
Times reported from Wilmington

The company manage closed military nuclear t South Carolina notified the given-ment early Saturday that a crack had developed in one reactor's

The reactors are the only iourte of tritium, the perishable gas vital to U.S. miclear warheads; all three reactors were shut down last

spring.
The crack, which the cor said it discovered Friday might, was in a pipe that delivers cooking to the reactor that was to have been the

first one restarted. Discovery of this cricker company, E.I. du Pout de Vernoun & Co., notified the Energy Depart ment, which owns the plant, of a detected in April, and the department is investigating the eightment delay in reporting it.

P. William Kaspar, in the Energy Department's field office at the enormous Savannah Rayer Plant near Aiken, South Caroli-na, said he was awakened around I A.M. Saturday and told about the crack beneath the K reactor. Mr. Kaspar said it would be replaced. but it was too early to know whether that would further delay restarting the reactor.

In Washington, Richard W. Starostecki, the deputy assistant secretary for safety, health and send a team of experts to the weap-

Senior Aides Say Bush Is Adamant on Leaks

By Gerald M. Boyd
New York Times Service

tentatively selected to be director just as silent partners but as vocal,

WASHINGTON — President-elect George Bush, hoping to set a tone for his administra tion, is determined to use public expressions of outrage and private threats of reprisals to suppress unauthorized disclosures to journalists, according to senior aides.

While acknowledging that such measures have failed in other administrations, they said Mr. Bush was adamant about curbing leaks and had made that clear to his senior staff.

Expressing his thinking to one such aide Saturday, Mr. Bush said, "It's like cheating in school." He said leaks reflect a lack of discipline that could ultimately lead to problems such as the disclosure of sensitive national security information.

The sharp tone became clear last week when Mr. Bush said he became "semi-ballistic" over a report in The Washington Post that he was considering naming two black officials to his

Aides said he has been repeatedly upset in

recent weeks by such reports of likely cabinet choices, and was most upset by the revelation in August that he was considering Senator Dan

Quayle of Indiana as his running mate.
"He feels he was elected to make final decisions about personnel, and until he had made them he doesn't feel people should be discussing them in the paper," said a spokeswoman, Sheila Tate. "That seems entirely reasonable."

Yet some of the players in the Washington ame of leaks believe that no president can stop the flow entirely. The practice of making infor-mation available unofficially is a way that gov-ernment figures curry favor and promote their

In addition, all presidents, as well as Mr. Bush, have made "authorized leaks" to promote their own policies.

President Reagan has voiced complaints about leaks since his first days in office eight years ago. One former aide recalled how he had complained a "blue streak" his first week in office about stories that detailed some of his

Edward Rollins, another former semor White House official in the Reagan administra-tion, said he believed that Mr. Bush has grown unyielding on the subject after serving as vice president and frequently wimessing Mr. Reagan's concerns. "He probably doesn't want to be haunted by the same thing," Mr. Rollins

Mr. Herrington's letter also says

Mr. Bush tried to prevent leaks of personnel taken a toll on the weapons com-choices for his administration by requiring all plex, which critics contend has officials working on his transition staff to sign a been allowed to deteriorate even as one-page "standard of conduct." Included is a the administration's military buildparagraph that warns officials against disclosing information that comes to their attention from working on the transition. "What it is geared at is preventing them from

using inside information gained through their work on the transition in some way that might be illegal," said C. Boyden Gray, the transition counsel. "It also covers unauthorized leaks." But pointing out the difficulty in enforcing it, he said, "How can you accuse someone of leaking something that might not be true or that

Our big success story is our pocket diary: thin, flat and elegant. Year after year —even at a period 1989 is the hit of the season.

when diaries abound — the International Herald Tribune flat, silk-grain leather diary

Ingeniously designed to be thinner-than-thin, it still brings you everything . . . including a built-in note pad with always-available "jotting paper". Plus there are conversion tables of weights, measures and distances, a list of national holidays by country, a wine vintage chart, and many other useful facts. All in this incredibly flat little book that slips easily into a jacket pocket.

The perfect gift for almost anyone . . . including yourself.

Please allow 30 days for delivery. -Personalized with gold initials (up to 3 at no extra This handy — Notepaper sheets fit on the back of the diary—a note pad simple pull removes top sheet. Comes with notepaper refills.

International Herald Tribune, Karen Diot, Special Projects Division, 181 Avenue Charles-de-Gaulle, 92521 Neurlly Cedex, France.

City/Code/Country.

Payment is by credit card only. All major cards accepted. (Please note that French residents may pay by check in French francs, at the current exchange rate. We regret

Heraid & Eribane

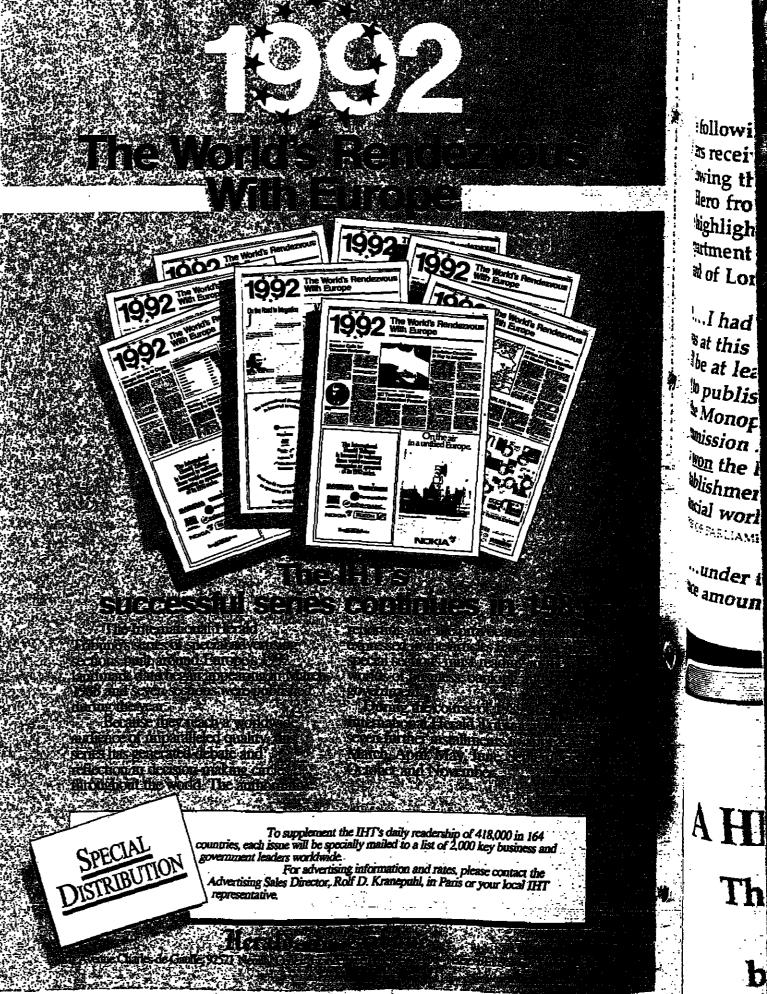
-Rich black leather. —Gilt metal corners. — Tabbed address section. —Format 8x 13cm (54x3in.). —Quantity discounts are available. — Plenty of space for appointments.

that checks in other o	amencies cannot be accepted.)
Please charge to my credit card:	☐ Access ☐ Visa ☐ Amex ☐ Eurocard ☐ Diners ☐ MasterCard
Card No.	Exp. date
Signature	

Please send me_ Price includes initials, packing and postage in Europe.

Addicast postage Setside Europe U.S. \$4 cach U.S. \$26 cach U.S. SZZ cach U.S. 524 each Name INBLOCK LETTERS)

Check ben for delivery outside Europe by S12 per order 19-12-88



Won't Support

Weapons Sale

By Lena Williams

New York Times Sernee

New York Times Sernee

"Nastiness seemed to reach an all-time low this year," said Tood Griffing a professor when low this year, said Tood Griffing a professor believist on screen and daily life, some psychologist who has written and low this year, said Tood Griffing a professor logists and other therapists are feeling unconfortable about a theory that once pre
when the responsibility for teaching a redstionally between the low this year, said Took griffing a professor logists and other therapists are feeling unconfortable about a theory that once pre
when the responsibility for teaching a redstionally the woman's role
when the responsibility for teaching a redstionally the woman's role
redstionally the woman's role -

Energy Section of Superior of

a Crack in Reacus Seeth Schneider of Tells المناز يتعدد المنافعة

क्षा के स्वरूप The Court Court Salved by the description of the contract of the contrac A STATE STATE OF THE STATE OF T Section. ---i grant te U.S. guelest water W Director caciois were spai de \$2000 DE 1752-10 - 11121 and it discovered Finding the state of that was to keep as area need first one resigned now were ATACON 1111 2 few days after the SET SET SET SET SET SET OF PORCE The second of Co. notified the Face र्म का टार्टर व्याप्त विश्व Table in a coolan per

The state of the s Time delay in reporter F. William Kaspa an Martin The Energy Departments 3 T. 7 -. a se trans. La et Frant dest Allen Sei The same of the sa A. M. Security and miles The recent the Lan hape sad a rocker ado tas our a contract to the and the second s AND A REAL PROPERTY. in and the state of the state o च्या १९ **अंत**, हे the terrority of the second side The very series of the very series

Service of the complex and one of the complex

can put on Downey masks, be penalized for being "too polite" and be required to prove otherwise by insulting the opposing team. Novelty stores in Washington are selling a in company metal company metal carolina notified to with wildly insulting descriptions.

Recently, after complaints from city officials and the National Association for the the reactions are the tales ritium, the periodic

Tag crack which the Discovery of this one de la la April and e 22 CLOTHOUGH

the Sea." The lodge has two bedroom suites with round 3.5-foot-diameter windows for viewing marine life outside. Daily rates range from \$99 to \$295 per person. Alcoholic drinks are out. Mr. Monney said. Tobacco is also barred. "There's two-thirds more oxygen in the habitat than on the surface," he said, so

dezvous

an the

comparable consumer victory last year, such fast-food chains as Burger King, McDonald's, Hardee's, Wendy's and Taco Bell agreed to eliminate some, if not all, of the highly saturated vegetable and animal fats used in their cooking.

KENSINGTON
ESCORT SERVICE
1 10A Kensington Church St. W8
TEL 932 9136 or 932 9133
All socior credit conto occupred.

REGENCY
WORLDGLASS ESCORT SERVICE
LONDON & NEW YORK
Tel 212-838-9027 USA

Morton Downey Jr. sneered at guests on his talk show and drew three million viewers

a night. Geraldo Rivera's nose was broken,

along with rating records, in a brawl on his

talk show when it presented a segment called

The harsh, scatological humor of perform-

ers like Eddie Murphy spawned a new

phrase: attack comedy. And the presidential campaign was fueled by extraordinarily neg-

ative advertising and more than a few nasty

Now, just in time for the holidays, anyone

can partake of confrontational entertain-

ment, or "confrontainment" as it is being called. A board game called Loudmouth has

gone on sale, based on the syndicated Dow-

ney show, whose host subjects his guests and studio audience to words like "slime,"

"sicaze" and worse and who orders speakers

For the \$20 cost of Loudmouth, players

Monopoly-like board game called Home Ru-

lette, a parody of the District of Columbia

that slurs blacks, homosexuals, the homeless

Its instruction manual says, "Yes, we hate most everybody." A player drawing a "sleaze

factor" card must match local politicians

TOPICS

Underwater Guests

Can Look Fish in Eye

Calling itself the world's only

underwater hotel, Jules's Un-

dersea Lodge in Key Largo, Florida, is 30 feet (9 meters)

underwater in a natural lagoon.

Built in 1971 as a sea lab, the

steel structure, 50 feet long and

20 feet wide, was converted to a

hotel by Neil Monney, former

director of ocean engineering at the U.S. Naval Academy. He

named it after Jules Verne, au-

thor of "20,000 Leagues Under

"They don't mix with diving,"

"cigarettes would burn too fast

and smoking puts toxic gases

into the atmosphere.'

To enter from the surface,

guests put on bathing suits and diving masks, take a small boat

to a platform above the lodge

and, breathing with an air hose, pull themselves along a rope that leads down and under the

lodge and up through an open pool in the foyer. Scuba gear is provided for serious under-

water exploration. One guest,

Steve Tyler, a singer, said, "Every minute was better than

Pressed by consumer organi-

zations, food manufacturers

like Kellogg, Campbell Soup and General Mills are removing

tropical fats, notably coconut, palm and palm kernel oils, from

their products, The New York

Times reports. Tropical fats are

cheaper than other vegetable

oils like soybean, corn, or cot-tonseed, but also are highly sat-

urated and therefore increase

the risk of heart disease. In a

Short Takes

AMERICAN The handsome Scribner Book Store on Fifth Avenue, a Man-

"Teen Hatemongers."

who bore him to "zip it."

"Nastiness seemed to reach an all-time Whatever the relationship between the observed Chaytor D. Mason, a California

Novelty stores in Washington are selling a Monopolylike board game called Home Rulette, a parody of the District of Columbia that slurs blacks, homosexuals, the homeless and women.

impact of television. "Nastiness isn't some-vailed within their profession: that the thing you can measure like the temperature. unrestrained venting of anger is a healthy But 'read my lips' as a presidential candial ca date's invitation to the world is a kind of have heard years ago."

In any case, it was tough talk from a man said who envisioned, as George Bush did, a

"kinder, gentler" nation.
"The deterioration of politeness and public manners is at a sufficiently rapid stage to be measurable within any one individual's experience," said Dr. Willard Gaylin, a psychoanalyst who is president of the Hastings Institute of Society, Ethics and the Life Sciences, in Hastings-on-Hudson, New York. As rudeness mounts, critics are pointing fingers. "The academics and consumer advocates say the public is responding subliminally to negative media programming," said

James Walker, a professor of communica
The therapeutic venture.

tions at the University of Tennessee. "Those in the broadcast industry argue sweeping social changes that also under-that the media are responding to public de-mined conventional civility. Traditional valmands," he said.

Mr. Gitlin contends that television func-role of women was transformed.

The handsome Scribner Book

hattan landmark since 1913,

will close for renovations next

month and is unlikely to reopen

as a bookstore. The building's

external appearance will remain

unchanged, since it has been designated as a city landmark.

But the rent is likely to be so

high that the book store could

only lose money, according to

Charles Scribner 3d, a vice pres-

ident at Macmillan, which ac-

quired the Scribner publishing companies in 1984. That same

year, the building was sold to a

holding company of the Italy-

based Benetton clothing chain.

Washington hostess for de-

cades, has asked in her will that

her Washington estate become

the official residence of the sec-

retary of state. This may con-

flict with an agreement by the

State Department with Senator

Jesse Helms, Republican of

North Carolina, that it will not

solicit funds for such a resi-

dence, but officials say there

may be a way around that. Sec-

retary of State George P. Shultz

has long maintained that an of-

ficial residence would save the

\$500,000 it costs the taxpayers

to make each private house se-

Mrs. Cafritz, 78, daughter of

Laszlo Dete Desurany, co-discoverer of the Wasserman test

for syphilis, was the widow of

Morris Cafritz, a real-estate magnate. She died Nov. 29 of

Notes About People

Why does President Ronald

Reagan wear brown suits so of-

ten? Because they stand out in

crowds of other public figures,

most of whom wear blues and grays. Besides, he "loves" the color. Rebecca Range of the

White House public liaison of-

fice so informed a businessman

who asked the question at a briefing for the Business Gov-

ernment Relations Council. Mr.

Reagan had showed up at the

briefing wearing a brown suit.

A new book, "The Portable Curmudgeon," quotes the au-thor Gore Vidal, he of the wasp-

ish reputation, as saying, "Every time a friend succeeds, I die

a little." Late greats also are quoted. Mark Twain: "Wag-ner's music is better than it

sounds." Gypsy Rose Lee: "God is love, but get it in writ-

Gwen Cafritz, a leading

and welcome thing.
"With the rise of rampant individualism

public nastiness that I don't think you would and the cult of health and self-expression, of tions, cable programming and videocascourse one did one's own thing," Dr. Gaylin settes.

Dr. Redford Williams, director of the Be-havorial Medicine Research Center at Duke University in Durham, North Carolina, said: "The evidence that holding your anger in research dating back to Sigmund Freud, who insult as liberating as rock music found that neurotic individuals had great. The written word has proved to difficulty in expressing their anger.

"Recent research has not borne this out. It is overt expression of hostility, of contempt, of anger, that has been found to be correlated with disease, especially high blood pres-

ues and authority came under attack, and the

With the rise of feminism, "men decided to take their gloves off and show them," psychologist who has written and lectured

And, he noted, with more women working. the responsibility for teaching manners traditionally the woman's role - has been left in the hands of schools and other institutions that are neither equipped nor inclined to do so.

Other factors include what Dr. Gaylin calls "the coarsening and corrupting influence of modern urban life"; the Federal Communications Commission's deregulation of commercial radio in 1981, which fostered "shock radio," and the bruising batthe for television ratings at a time when the major networks have had to deal with increasing competition from independent sta-

Despite the expressions of dismay, it is not clear that any backlash has set in yet.

Undeniably, "confrontainment" strikes many Americans as entertaining. A school of crude and hostile comedy has gained an may be bad for you came from a lot of enthusiastic audience that finds the art of the

The written word has proved to be a popular vehicle as well. Insults and innuendo about even the barely known now appear in publications inspired by the irreverent British press. A new approach to biography that is being called "pathography" is flourishing. In a Christmas sendup of the genre, a The therapeutic venting of one's emotions Boston advertising agency, Heller, Breene, emerged as a fad in the late 1960s, amid sent its clients a mock press release for a

"tell-all" biography of Santa Claus. "Learn about Santa's infatuation with red and green," the release said. "Are the colors of rage and envy truly an obsession?





U.S. Weighs Short Troop Tour prove the plan as part of its annual the army reduced. But some offi-

By Richard Halloran New York Times Service

WASHINGTON - In response to congressional pressure to cut costs, the army is examining a plan to deploy units to Western Europe for short tours instead of keeping them there permanently, Defense Department and congressional officials say. The plan would save on the costs

of transporting families to and from Western Europe and would trim expenses for housing, medical care, schools and recreation, Families would remain at home while the soldiers were away.

If the plan was put into effect, a would go to Europe every six months to take the place of a simithe United States. Only light weapons would be carried; tanks, artillery and other heavy weapons would be left in place. The plan is one of the options the

as its budget comes under increas-

review of the military budget. The army has 217,000 soldiers in

Western Europe, organized into four combat divisions plus several forward brigades of divisions in the United States, separate regiments and artillery brigades, and large support units. About 200,000 family members are in Europe, the vast majority in West Germany. A variation on the plan has been

scheduled for next spring, when companies of 200 maintenance troops from national guard and reserve units will be flown to Europe for two weeks at a time. Army officials are reportedly re-

sisting the wider plan, arguing that battalion of 600 to 800 soldiers it would erode military readiness because new troops would not be familiar with the terrain and battle lar battalion that would return to plans and that it would discourage re-enlistments because soldiers would be temporarily separated from their families. Army officers suggested the real

reason for opposition to the plan Defense Department is considering was a fear that it would lead to an ing pressure to help reduce the fed-eral deficit. Congress could ap-might be disbanded and the size of out of Eastern Europe.

cers argued that the rotation plan might be a way to stave off attempts to cut army strength, since the units would be kept active.

While intended primarily to cut costs, the proposal to rotate units would signal Western allies that they must do more for their own defense. A panel of the House Armed Services Committee said recently that American commitments would be reduced unless Europeans were "willing to share more of the burden."

The plan would also give the army greater flexibility to deploy troops to troubled regions on short notice. Troops in Europe are currently tied down because European leaders have steadfastly refused to permit them to be sent to areas outside the North Atlantic Treaty Organization alliance.

Both advocates and opponents of the wider plan said it was not a response to the recent pledge from the Soviet leader, Mikhail S. Goreventual withdrawal of American bachev, to demobilize 500,000

If you travel Executive Class in the air, shouldn't you stay Regency Class on the ground?

At Hyart Regency Delhi, the book of hospitality translates into the global language of business travellers.

The Hyatt Business Centre. replete with hi-tech facilities. awaits your urgent command. With personal computers, telex and telefax machines, and a discreet secretarial service in attendance. For those of you who wish

to fly higher still, the Regency Club presents an entire floor of corporate luxury. Thoughtful little touches

like special elevator passkeys, a concierge service and personalised stationery complement elegantly appointed rooms and suites. While an exclusive lounge and a conference room complete the ideal executive

environment. If a workout is part of your daily schedule, step into the Hyatt Fitness Centre. A nine-station multigym, jacuzzis, chill cools, saunas, steam baths, massages

the sports minded. Four restaurants number the executive palate. Valentino's serves the flavours of Italy. Pearls, authentic Chinese Aangan is a taste of India. While Cafe Promenade brings you the

requiremente your tired muscles.

While tenns courts beckon

At the end of a long, hard day, unwind at the million-dollar club discotheque, Oasis. You'll soon find that Regency Class at Hyan Regency Denn takes on a special meaning. Usersitality redefined TOUCH Hospitality redefined for business travellers.

HYATT REGENCY DELHI

Bhikaiji Cama Place, Ring Road, New Delhi 110 066, Tel: 609911. Th: 031-61512 HYT IN: Fax: 678833. For reservations at any of 44 Hyatt International Hotels or 89 Hyatt Hotels in North America. call Hyan toll-free, or your travel planner.

Washington Offers Moscow Plan on Political Prisoners

New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — The United

States has sent Moscow a new plan
for dealing with the problem of
Soviet political prisoners. Administration officials said Saturday that they hoped the proposal would lead to a speedy con-clusion of East-West talks in Vien-

The Soviet Union has insisted that a Vienna agreement include a

successful conclusion in Vienna.
The U.S. proposal suggests a two-step process for dealing with the problem of political prisoners. The plan continues to insist on the release of all prisoners that the

Arthur Highee

But under a second and novel element of the U.S. plan, a proce-dure would be established to review disputed cases in which Moscow insists Soviet citizens are being held being held for political reasons.

> All of the disputed cases would not have to be resolved before the conclusion of the Vienna talks.

ed States is seeking various clarifi-

down from about 50 cases in Sep-By Michael R. Gordon

na on human rights and security

provision calling for a human rights conference in Moscow in 1991.

The United States has said that new talks on cutting conventional arms in Europe cannot start until a

Soviet Union acknowledges hold-ing on political grounds. Moscow is close to meeting this demand.

An administration official said

on valid criminal charges despite Western concerns that they may be This could involve the examination of court records.

Administration officials say there are now about two dozen disputed cases. In addition, There are about 100 more in which the Unit-

Administration officials said the plan on political prisoners was not a retreat from the earlier Western demand that Moscow release all political prisoners.

They said there are legitimate

uncertainties about whether all prisoners the West is concerned ers who Moscow acknowledges are being held on political grounds,

ESCORT AND GUIDE AGENCY, The

french VIP Escort Service. Tek London (ITT) 580 5022

ZUBICH "A A A" Escort Service. Tel: 01/251 08 92.

RIKKI-SWEDISH* HIGH CLASS ESCORT SERVICE. Telephone - 589 8015 LONDON

PARIS CONNECTION Lovely Escon Service. Tel: 01-931 7795 London

been easier or more economical to

subscribe to the International Herald Tribune. Just call your toll-free number below and tell the operator which subscription period you prefer. You may pay by credit card or we will invoice you or your company.

If a toll-free number is not available in your country of residence or if you prefer to order by mail, just complete and mail the coupon below.

	(Offer valid for new subscribers only.)							
Country/Cur	rency	TOLL-FREE TELEPHONE NUMBER	12 months (+52 free issues)	ONE-YEAR SAVINGS	6 months (+26 free issues)	3 months (+13 free issues)		
Austrictes	A. Sch.	0660 396	4,400	3,608	2,500	1,350		
Belgium	B.Fr.	(02) 218 45 43*	11,000	7,200	6,000	3,300		
Denmark**	D.Kr.	0430 00 80	2,700	1,304	1,500	830_		
Finland**	F.M.	(90) 60 30 30°	1,760	1,334	970	540		
France	F.F.	05-436 436	1,500	1,230_	830	455		
Germany**	DM	0130 25 31	580	403	320	176		
Gr. Britain	£		135	83	74	41		
Greece**	Dr.	691 02 42***	23,500	23,B20	13,250	7,300		
treland	돼		155	118	85	47		
itoly	lire		360,000	295,200	200,000	110,000		
Luxembourg	LFr.	49 49 60	11,000	7,200	6,000	3,300		
Netherlands**	R	06-022 08 15	600	492	340	185		
Norway**	N.Kr.	(02) 41 34 89*	2,000	1,276	1,100	_600		
Portugal ^{a-4}	Esc	(01) 80 71 23*	26,000	26,780	_14,300	7,900		
Spoin®	Pics.	(91) 401 29 00°	31,000	21,780	17,000	9,400		
Sweden	S.Kr.	(08) 21 01 90°	2,000	1,276	1,100_	600		
Switzerland	S.Fr.	046 05 68 00	455	455	255	141		
Rest of Europe, N	L Africa		[1 1			
form. Fr. Afr., Mic			470	Vories	260	145		
Rest of Afr., Gulf S	t,Asia \$		620	ρλ	340	190		
Central/Latin Am	erico \$		540	country	295	160		

In the following countries, you will pay only the cost of a local call as a connecting charge: Belgium, finland, Norway, Portugal, Spain and Sweden. (For all other listed talkfree numbers, the call is absolutely free.)

Please ask your operator for details about hand delivery in these countries.

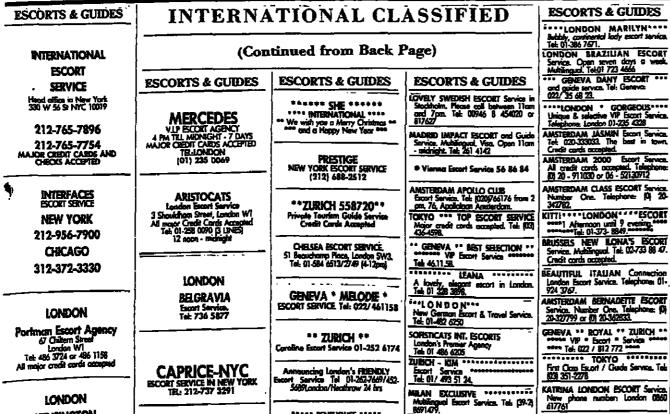
Coll this local number in Athens. (Not talkfree.)

The coll of the local number in Athens. (Not talkfree.)

To: Subscription Manager, International Herald Tribune, 181 Avenue Charles-de-Gaulle, 92521 Neutry Colon Tel.: (1) 46 37 93 61; telex: 612832; fax: 46 37 93 70. Please enter my subscription for:

subscription for:

| 12 months | 13 months | 14 26 FREE issues | 182 issues | 183 issue



***** PENTHOUSE *****

righ class Escort Service. 0211/491633 Duesseldorf/Cologne 2 area

* * Z U R I C H * *
op Escort Service. Tel: 01/41 76 09

ZURICH SUSAN ESCORT SERVICE, TEL: 01/44 24 73

MAYFAIR CLUB ESCORT SERVICE from Spra ROTTERDAM (0) 10-4254155

PLAYBOY ESCORTS 11:00 c.m. - 9:00 p.m. 7 days a week (416) 599-0733

... 1988. 10. 1988 A. T. THE SALE AND THE CONTRACT OF THE CONT

A Professional Diplomat

place to send large egos. A cabinet seat has usually been awarded to the chief delegate, a practice followed by no other country. George Bush, who once held the job himself, has wisely broken with tradition. His choice is a seasoned professional, Thomas Pickering, who would be a subordinate and not a colleague of the secretary of state.

There was a stronger case for outspoken political appointees when talk was the chief business at the United Nations. Successive international crises led to memorable confrontations featuring Henry Cabot Lodge, Adlai Stevenson, Arthur Goldberg, Daniel Patrick Moynihan, Andrew Young and Jeane Kirkpatrick. But Moscow now appears interested in actually making use of

yet to test its implications.

The low-key Mr. Pickering seems admirably suited to sound out these new ideas, which include joint peacekeeping and using the World Court to adjudicate treaty dis-putes. Before his present posting in Israel, he

American presidents have often used the United Nations as a highly visible but safe assistant secretary of state. The only evident blot on his record is his role as a willing helper in channeling a secret donation of \$1 million in arms to Nicaraguan contras at a time that Congress had prohibited such aid.

The argument for a cabinet-level appointee is that the United Nations is more likely to listen to somebody with direct access to the president. What argues against that is the confusion that arises when foreigners believe there are rival arbiters of foreign policy in the cabinet. In fact, the secretary of state is the chief cook, and the United Nations envoy is the bottle washer.

The incumbent, Vernon Walters, has made the best of a difficult job. He has had the added burden of explaining why the United States has fallen \$430 million bethe UN peacekeeping machinery—an atti-tude so unexpected that Washington has hind in its assessments. He has won impor-tude so unexpected that Washington has sembly to stop ignoring human rights violations in Cuba and Afghanistan. Although Mr. Walters is a political appointee, his diplomatic savvy has helped him prepare the way for his successor.

Debtors Lose Control

trade deficit, that promising trend is now in danger of going flat. The improvement has been driven by the rise in American exsay that the export industries are now pressing the limits of their production capacity. And why don't they invest to expand their capacity? Because there is a shortage of

investment capital in the country.

The trade deficit is directly linked to the other deficit, the one in the federal budget. It is not a figure of speech but a financial reality. Odd though it may seem, the trade deficit is financing the budget deficit.

When a country is a debtor, it can continue to import more than it sells abroad only as long as the rest of the world lends it the money to keep buying. When that money enters the American economy, it joins the stream of savings that finances both private investment and the federal deficit.

If the trade deficit comes down faster than its twin, the budget deficit, the flow of foreign financing falls faster than the U.S.

While the United States has made good Treasury's voracious need for money. That progress over the past year in reducing its will increase the capital shortage. Interest rates, already high, will climb higher and further discourage industrial investment.

Higher interest rates may well draw in ports, and that rise has slowed significantly more capital from abroad. If that happens, since last spring. One way to explain it is to the inflow of dollars will push up the dollar's exchange rate, as it did from 1980 to 1985. A high dollar would kill the American export drive by making American goods once again uncompetitively expensive abroad.

Everything now depends on foreigners' attitudes toward the dollar, and on how much interest they will require to keep sending their money to America. Whichever way they move, the interest rates and the foreign exchange rates will reconcile the accounts by holding the growth of the American economy to whatever these for-

cign investors are willing to accommodate.

That is the trouble with running big deficits. Chronic borrowers lose control of their affairs to their creditors. In the case of the United States, a crucial number of those creditors are not Americans, and for them its interests do not necessarily come first.

— THE WASHINGTON POST.

A Strong Farmhand

By changing Clayton Yeutter from chief trade negotiator in the Reagan administration to chief farmhand in the Bush administration, the president-elect makes a landable

declaration for sanity in place of subsidy. As special trade representative for the last three years, Mr. Yeutter has led Washington's campaign for an international compact to end the subsidies that produce chronic surpluses, burdensome costs and global headaches. He has not succeeded yet, but he is making headway. As agriculture secretary he can apply his proven intellect America's own irrational farm programs.

Improvements at home need not be deterred by the stubborn protectionism of Western Europe and Japan. A dose of American leadership in cutting subsidies could even be contagious. There is widespread agreement that the best cure for subsidy escalation is to break the linkage between subsidy payments and farmers' output.

Subsidies keyed to output generate over-production, surplus stockpiles, further subsidies to promote exports and protectionist barriers against imports. In the process, govemments of the most developed countries enalize taxpayers and consumers and hobble the least developed countries that desper-ately need to develop farm output for their

food needs as well as for export earnings. Sheltering farmers is common to most industrial countries, not just the United States. Farm populations are small but politically potent. Direct subsidies to America's 2.5 million farmers soured to \$26 billion in 1986; outlays are down now, but are still expected to run at \$18 billion or so a year.

Congress rejected major Reagan proposals to make farm policy more market-oriented, but adopted some Reagan philosophy in the 1985 farm law. To a limited degree, the law loosened the connection between subsidies and output, and began to replace direct lending with loan guarantees. But it also created new export subsidies. The law expires in 1990. There is talk of extending it. If the administration wants substantial revision,

Mr. Yeutter must get to work quickly.

Thanks to the 1985 law and the reduced value of the dollar, American farm exports have expanded substantially in the last two years. American farming, innovative and productive, is back in world competition. It could do better with less government intervention, and with farmers paying more attention to market demand and available supplies. Mr. Bush has picked a strong man to shape his farm policy, but Mr. Yeutter

will need strong backing. — THE NEW YORK TIMES.

One-Sided and Unfair

An American negotiating team trying to sell F-16 fighters to Japan was defeated last month and is now in Tokyo to receive its second humiliation.

Japan wants 140 new fighter planes. General Dynamics makes the world's best fighter, the F-16, in numbers that assure unmatchable economy. By buying American, Japan could reduce the trade surplus that so aggravates its major trading partner and help alleviate the burden that America bears in defending, among other countries, Japan. Surely in this case Japan will buy American, no? No. Japan prefers to develop the FSX, loosely patterned on the F-16, at more than twice the cost.

In an agreement signed last month in Tokyo, General Dynamics was designated a subcontractor, with a promise of 35 to 45 percent of the development work. In gratitude, the company will hand over all the

necessary F-16 technology. Has the Defense Department given away the store? Its negotiators worked harder than it looks. At first the Japanese insisted on developing a wholly new fighter. The Pentagon finally induced Japan to base the plane on the F-16. New technology developed for the FSX will be made available to the United States, for military but not commercial use.

Still, the deal is one-sided and unfair. Japan shuts out American companies when it wishes to develop a new industry. Its insistence on developing the FSX may not relate to its effort to build up its aviation industry. Even so, the rejection of a superior American product seems familiar.

Japan argues that defense is in a special category, and it is quite true that many countries like to build their own major weapons systems. But Japan and America have a special relationship. They are major trading partners, America shoulders the heavier part of their mutual defense, spending 6.5 percent of its GNP on defense compared with Japan's I percent. The resources that America diverts to defense have a lot to do with the

trade imbalance that so benefits Japan. The Defense Department, having agreed that Japan will develop most of the FSX, has now sent a team to Tokyo to plead for a share of the production contract. Agreeing to that seems the least Japan could do.

In the case of the F-16, the United States had every reason to expect that Japan would want to buy American, and every reason to be disappointed at the grudging concessions Japan has made to the two countries' common interests.

-- THE NEW YORK TIMES.

INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE JOHN HAY WHITNEY, Chairman 1958-1982

KATHARINE GRAHAM, WILLIAM S. PALEY, ARTHUR OCHS SULZBERGER

LEE W. HUEBNER, Publisher

IOHN VINOCUR, Executive Editor • WALTER WELLS, News Editor • SAMUEL ABT, KATHERINE KNORR: and CHARLES MITCHELMORE, Deputy Editors • CARL GEWIRTZ, Associate Editor • ROBERT J. DONAHUE, Editor of the Editorial Pages • JAMES R. CRATE, Business/Financial Editor RENE BONDY. Deputy Publisher • ALAIN LECOUR and RICHARD H. MORGAN, Associate Publishers • RENE BONDY. Deputy Publisher • ALAIN LECOUR and RICHARD H. MORGAN, Associate Publishers • FRANÇOIS DESMAISONS, Circulation Director • ROLF D. KRANEPUHL, Advertising Sales Director • KOURDT HOWELL, Director, Information Systems

International Herald Tribune, 181 Avenue Charles-de-Gaulle, 92200 Neuilly-sur-Seine, France.

Tel.: (1) 46.37.93.00. Telex: Advertising, 613595; Circulation, 612832; Editorial, 612718; Production, 630698. Directeur de la publication: Walter N. Thayer.

Editor for Asia: Michael Richardson, 5 Camerbury Rd., Singapare 0511. Tel.472-7768. Th: RSS6928

Editor for Asia: Michael Richardson, 5 Camerbury Rd., Singapare 0511. Tel.472-7768. Th: RSS6928

Managing Dir. Asia: Makabin Glenn, 50 Glouester Road, Hong Kong, Tel. 5-8610616. Telex: 61170

Managing Dir. U.K.: Robin MacKichan, 63 Lang Acre, Landon W.C.2. Tel. 836-4802. Telex: 62009

Managing Dir. U.K.: Robin MacKichan, 63 Lang Acre, Landon W.C.2. Tel. 699/12-755. Th: 416721

Gen. Mgr. W. Germany: W. Lanerbach, Friedrichsr. 15, 6000 Frankfurt/M. Tel. (089) 72-755. Th: 416721

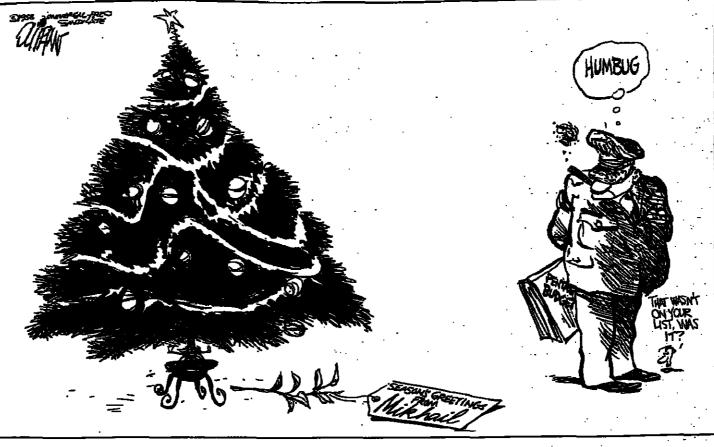
Pres. U.S.: Michael Cannoy, 850 Third Ave, New York, N.Y. 10022. Tel. (212) 752-3890. Telex: 427175

S.A. au capital de 1.200.000 F. RCS Nanterre B 73:00:1126. Commission Paritaire No. 61337

S 1988, International Herald Tribune. All rights reserved. ISSN: 0294-8052.



OPINION



Middle East: A Different Problem, but No Easier

By Flora Lewis

PARIS — The decision to open official U.S. talks with the Palestine Liberation Organization lets Pres-ident-elect George Bush off the hook. It opens the way for a new phase of American diplomacy in the Middle East, and for a badly needed overall

review of U.S. policy and concerns.

Despite Washington's fumbling explanations, it was an obvious flip-flop after Secretary of State George Shultz barred Yasser Arafat from New York because he was a terrorist. There must have been a tremendous fight last Wednesday before Mr. Shultz finally conceded.

By then it was after midnight in Geneva, where the United Nations General Assembly had gone just to hear the PLO leader. The carefully crafted statement which Mr. Arafat read in English at a press conference, delayed more than nine hours, had been under tense negotiation all day. There was great pressure from Ameri-ca's European allies, from friendly Arab states and within the Reagan

administration to end the haggling.
The differences in Mr. Arafat's press conference statement from what he had said before were minor enough to be little more than face-saving for Washington. Certainly, Jerusalem did not take them as any impressive

change. The key change in wording was that Mr. Arafat replaced "rejec-tion and condemnation of terrorism in all its forms, including state terrorism" with "totally and absolutely renounce all forms of terrorism, including indi-

vidual, group and state terrorism No matter, the Reagan team is on its way out, the verbal acrobatics can be set aside and a beginning can be made on addressing the real and immense policy problems.

Terrorism will remain one of them. PLO representatives claim that it was their tip that enabled West Germany to arrest a group about a month ago that was plotting a synagogue massa-cre when Mr. Arafat appeared at the United Nations. Other extremists, not necessarily excluding Israelis, may try such tactics again to destroy

any chance for compromise.

There has been a palpable evolution among many Palestinians, particularly in the occupied territories, in favor of seeking compromise. People who speak for the intifada believe that it was responsible for poshing the PLO toward moderation and a willingness for peace between Israel and a Pales-

tinian state with security guarantees.

The uprising in the territories, now

in its second year, has changed Pales-tinian society. There is a new sense of solidarity, a pride of identity and of sacrifice, which has brought new confidence. "When you feel confident, you can make concessions," a profes-sor from Jericho said.

The committees formed to support the uprising are considered the embryo of self-government Israeli anthorities seem to think so, too, for they try to destroy this infrastructure. They know how it can work; it is the way the Jews in Palestine prepared for their state as they fought the British.

And there is a new realism. Palestinian intellectuals volunteer that they have learned from Israel, even under occupation, what a democracy is, what a free press means. That is why, they say, they could not submit again to Jordan's autocratic monarchy. They admit that "we and the Israelis have demonized each other, we have to learn to see each other as people, and that will take a long time."

So the Middle East problem the

Bush administration will face is becoming different, although certainly no easier. The Soviets want to be involved and claim a new role as peacemakers. Senior American diplo-

of the more moderate types are scarcely less concerned but they show an awareness that his bomb-shell performance at the United Na-tions, the other revisions he has tions, the other revisions he has launched in domestic and foreign policy and the sympathy flowing for him personally for the Armenan tragedy make him something of an untouchable, at least at the moment

change in U.S.-Israeli relations in the Reagan years, not fully noticed because it came incrementally. It started with former Secretary of State Alexander Haig's notion of "strategic consensus," underpinned with joint military planning, exercises and pre-positioning of U.S. equipment. It was

The U.S. Department of Defense for example on a tactical anti-ballistic missile — which has a low priority in larger context of American interests. refocusing on the moral and ethical principles at the heart of the relation. israel faces hard decisions, and for this it needs reassurance and warm support but not automatic acquiescence from Washington. That is the challenge for Bush diplomacy.

mats worry that they could replace the United States as pre-emment power in the region if Washington failed to move with events.

There has been a qualitative furthered with a free trade agree-ment, an intensification of intelli-gence exchanges and establishment of three high-level joint groups on political-military issues, military assistance and economic development.

ıbsidizes Israeli military research planning for American defense needs.

It is time to assess all this in the

The New York Times

Armenian Lessons for the Next Natural Disaster

By David Webster and Peter D. Zimmerman

WASHINGTON — Every major natural W disaster calls forth inspired and admira-ble enterprise in the country affected and from the world community. But the Soviet Union is a country in transition between management by central fiat and management by local initiative, and in the case of the Armenian earthquake all the authorities are failed to cope. There was certainly failure in obvious and vital areas of preparation.

We cannot predict when or where natural disasters will occur, but we know they will strike sometime, somewhere. In the last 20 years, more people may have been killed by disasters than by war. What, then, can be learned from the Armenian earthquake? Al-though little detailed information is being made

public, some general lessons are obvious. When disaster strikes, the first necessity is information. Communications must be restored so that the world can help. The two plane crashes in Armenia demonstrate that when huge relief operations must be undertaken, the landing of emergency air traffic control equip-ment and controllers needs to be a high order of business. The Soviet armed forces must have

such personnel and equipment somewhere. There is also need for specific equipment tailored to the circumstances of the disaster. In Armenia it included blankets, tents, cranes, buildozers, dogs trained to hunt for survivors, and listening devices to search for cries from the rubble. In another incident, the needs will be different, but the first requirement of effective communications will remain.

What can be done to speed up rescue operations and enhance the international cooperation that is so vital to their success?

First, there is a great and obvious need for a new international convention to allow the free movement of communications equipment in the event of disaster. For instance, the U.S. State Depart-

The United States may have better pictures of stricken Armenia than do the Soviets, since the Russian satellites are more likely to have been engaged in observations of Colorado or Texas at the time.

ment's Office of Foreign Disaster Assistance has available small portable satellite earth stations that could have been flown immediately into Armenia to restore communications. But it was more than a week before Soviet officials allowed the equipment into the country. Under the proposed convention, permission would be automatic.

Constructing a new map of a landscape disrupted beyond recognition, a map showing which buildings could still be used to house survivors,

which routes are passable and which bridges re-main, is not easy. It is particularly difficult to do from ground level. However, cameras aboard civilian observation satellites might be able to anap pictures of the scene below, if they pass over at the right time. If new pictures could be compared with ones taken in normal times, rescue workers would have a powerful tool for directing their efforts.

This civilian capability will grow and improve can intelligence satellites already will have cap-tured images of Armenia that may not, for reasons of national security, be put to use in rescue operations. Ironically, the United States may have better pictures of Armenia than do the Soviets, since the Russian satellites are more likely to have been engaged in observations of Colorado or Texas at the time. There cought to be some way to employ these precious resources in the service of huma

without endangering either country's security.

The Soviet government will have to review many things, from its building codes to how it managed its response to the disaster. Perhaps Moscow and Washington, in what may emerge as an era of positive cooperation, can use the oppor-tunity to clear away some of the obstacles blocking effective response to great human tragedies.

The overriding lesson of the Armenian earth-

quake is that these questions, for George Bush no less than for Mikhail Gorbachev and the international community, should be high on the agenda.

Mr. Webster is senior fellow of the Annenberg Washington Program in Communications Policy Studies. Mr. Zimmerman is senior associate of the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace. They contributed this comment to The New York Tones.

The New European Commission Looks Strong

BRUSSELS — The new team at the head of the European Commission looks tough and competent. And that is just as well, because the next four years will be arduous ones that will make or break the European Community's efforts to forge itself into an integrated political and economic bloc.

The incoming commission met for the first time on Friday, in a secluded Belgian château outside Brussels. Half of Jacques Delors's 16 colleagues are staying on from the preceding team, and half are newcomers — who have been nominated to Brussels by their governments to serve not their national interests but those of Europe.

The purpose of the gathering was for the commission's strongman president, former French Finance Minister Delors, to settle the matter of which portfolios will be held by which commissioners. Each now has received ministerial-type responsibilities covering specific areas of EC policy-making, and Mr. Delors has reshuffled the pack of portfolios in a

number of astute ways. Who gets what job is of considerable interest in the 12 EC member countries and, indeed, in Washington, Tokyo and most other capitals around the world. The community's role in world affairs is increasing as the community becomes more uni-fied, so the identity of individual commissioners is important. They are no longer faceless Eurocrats.

The key external relations portfoho goes to Frans Andriessen, a former finance minister of the Netherlands who has been handling farm policy in the Delors commission. The 1992 internal market job that Britain's outgoing Lord Cockfield By Giles Merritt

Gaston Thorn, who had been prime

home. As to younger commissioners.

they have often sunk without trace

been that many of the people ap-

pointed to the commission were not

of the necessary caliber. Govern-

ments have paid lip service to the

need to send their ablest politicians

dom the best and the brightest.

iat. They have therefore tended not to

appoint senior ministers to the com-

Council of Ministers.

ission who might challenge the EC

The result has been that elder

statesmen nearing the end of their

careers have been sent to Brussels.

while the most promising younger politicians have refused to go.

The new Delors commission

To some extent the problem has

upon leaving Brussels.

made such a resounding success of Few if any EC commissioners have will be split into three parts. Martin Bangemann, fresh from service as West Germany's economics minister, will deal with free movement of goods. France's Christiane Scrivener will handle the knotty taxation dossier. Leon Brittan, a former British trade secretary, will add finan-cial market liberalization to his competition policy portfolio.

The new commission is an encouraging mixture of youth and experience. An energetic former Danish fi-nance minister, Henning Christophersen, is staying on and will be commissioner for economic and monetary affairs. Ireland's present finance ister, Ray MacSharry, arrives to take over as farm commi

Filippo Maria Pandolfi, a former Italian minister of foreign trade, will take the research and development portfolio, which has become a key commission activity. A Belgian Flemish socialist firebrand, Karel Van Miert, takes the transport dossier.

The most significant thing about the new commission is that it no longer looks like a graveyard of political ambitions. Paradoxically, although Brussels is at the center of community policy-making, it is on the periphery of national politics in the member states. There is a chance now, though, that the new-look Delors commission could instead be a launchpad for its members.

For the last 30 years, appointment to the European Commission has been the beginning of the end of many a political career. It would even be too kind to describe membership of the commission as a post for politicians on the way up or the way down. could be the one to break that pat-

tern. In contrast to earlier commissions, all but two or three members are young and thrusting enough to

go on to top ministerial positions in ever gone on to greater things.

The curse of Brussels has afflicted well established political leaders and their own countries and even, in a few cases, to the prime ministership. young hopefuls alike. The three commission presidents before Mr. Delors As for Mr. Delors himself, he may yet return to French politics as prime minister, and could conceiv-ably still make a run for the French - François-Xavier Ortofi, also a former French finance minister, Roy Jenkins, a former British chancellor sidency. It all makes for an outof the exchequer and home secretary; look which gives the incoming commission a new authority. minister of Luxembourg — all failed to make a political comeback at International Herald Tribune

principal effect was perversely posi-tive: It helped convince the Kreinin

that this guy Reagan was deadly serous about containing Soviet power.

Now there is a huge eruption of popular feeling for Mr. Gorbacher's supposed peaceful proclivities. Although one has to keep open the possibility of another unexpected bounce, it looks as though this new wave in Western opinion is mostly wave in Western opinion is mostly going to crimo Mr. Bush's style The Washington Post.

100, 75 AND 50 YEARS AGO

1888: No Foreign Actors? NEW YORK - Leading theatrical managers here and in Boston, Chicago and other cities are preparing to

make united opposition to the move-ment to secure the exclusion of foreign actors. Mr. Daly and Mr. Abbey, who are organizing the opposition, are con-fident of defeating the proposal. Mr. Daly says that he looks upon the to represent them in the commission, but the truth is that those who were willing to risk leaving the spotlight of national politics were sel-The fault lies mainly with the member governments. Europe's nascheme as showing a lamentable lack tional administrations have not really of hospitality. American actors have wanted the Brussels commission, as always been hospitably received executive arm of the community, to abroad, and an enactment in the sense become too powerful. Many of them proposed would be a very poor return have preferred to treat it as a secretarfor such kindly treatment.

1913: Beware Breakfast

PARIS - The Herald says in an editorial: "Is the American breakfast an institution destructive of marital happiness? The issue has been raised by a resident of this city who has haled his wife to the divorce court because, forsooth, she has persisted in appearing at the breakfast table "en déshabillé."

He has other grievances, but this breakfast-hour tendency toward the comfort of neglige seems to head the list. It is to be hoped his suit to sever the marrial bond will reach the court presided over by the learned judge whose contented wife quite recently confided to friends the secret of her and his happiness. "We have," she explained, "been married twenty-fire years, but in all that time we have never had breakfast together."

CLEVELAND - In the bitterest attack yet directed at authoritarianism by a member of the Administration Secretary of Interior Harold L. Icker in a radio address tonight (Dec. 18 said Fascism is so much worse than the political and social philosophics

Charles A. Lindbergh for accepting

decorations from Germany.

An Alliance, Knocked Off Balance By Stephen S. Rosenfeld WASHINGTON — The Bush people and many others on both sides of the Atlantic are having trouble finding the right tone in which to talk about Mikhail Gorbachev.

There is an impulse to welcome the

United Nations, but immediately that impulse is checked by two sures

of cautions. The first caution is to be sure that Mr. Gorbachev delivers and

that the West goes on to devise a sensible policy of our own; this is fine. The second caution is to keep

the American and European publics from being swept off their feet and from forcing an unwise policy upon their governments; this is where the potential for some treather comes in.

The harder-core conservatives

openly put Mr. Gorbachev down as a trick shot artist and almost seem to be vying with each other to show skepticism toward his works. Some

An odd note of stutter and heart-tion is entering the public dialogue as a result of the widely held perception that Mr. Gorbachev has reached the

Atlantic public as no Soviet leader

undercurrent of anxiety that the United States and the other NATO

Soviet leader's passage, especially his amouncement on troop cuts at the

:~ 200 · 74 JOD

5:00

540 \$ 00 5"30

Atlantic public as no Soviet leader has before, that he is devenly taking advantage of naive Western longings for peace and, moreover, that it is risky to confront him head on, lest one be accused of fearing peace.

A requirement is felt to stay as phase with the palpable public entinsiasm for Mr. Gorbachev but not to contribute to exphosis. There is an undecentrent of amounty that the members, especially West Germany, are being pushed into prematuse troop reductions or budget cuts.

President elect: George Bush has

for some time shown more reserve toward Mr. Gorbitchev, his promise and his staying power than has Presand his staying power than has President Reagans, who is in more of a mood to celebrate his successes in the White House. Ideally, Mr. Bush would have had more time to put his team in place and to conduct the kind of broad review that should be expected of any new president. Mr. Gorbachev, by the timing and impact of his troop amouncement, has complicated the Bush calculations.

Mr. Bush and his advisors were

Mr. Bush and his advisers were leaning to slowing down the pace of negotiations on reducing strategic arms in order to study proposals for changes in the American mentions. changes in the American negotiating position and in order to put a new emphasis, for alliance-building purposes, on talks to reduce conventional forces. The risk is now, however, that many people will see this sort of legitimate pause for reflec-

tion as subversive of the larger pos-TO I AND TOOM sibilities that Mr. Gorbachev seems to be opening to the world.

NATO, a committee that necessarily moves ponderously, is on the line. On Thursday, Les Aspin, chair-man of the House Armed Services Committee, warned in a speech in Brussels that NATO must abandon its "plodding bookkeeper's approach" to conventional arms control. NATO cannot respond to Mr. Gorbachev's unilateral cuts and re

deployments just by demanding more Soviet unilateralism, Representative Aspin said. To retain pubsentative Aspin said. 10 retain public confidence, it has to take the large comprehensive approach it has subtractive description of the said approach it has subtractive description of the said approach it has subtractive description. large comprehensive approach it has always found difficult to generate.

It seems likely, for instance, that
Mr. Gorbachev has simply mooted

Mr. Gorbachev has simply mooted

The civised area of modernizing NA-TO's shorter-range nuclear weapons. In West Germany, the key

dropped out of the public support A strange bird, Western public opinion. The is the second time it has

spilled onto the East-West scene in the 1980s. The first time, right after Mr. Reagan's election, saw a hoge eruption of popular feeling against his supposed militaristic proclivities. Its TO KEN CHAN in the second

Trans TO THE COMPANY we seem

year Gord

OELY 15.86 ading on

1938: Fascism Assailed of the Middle Ages that it is an insult to the Middle Ages to make a comparison between them. He also concized Henry Ford and Colone

Walling

Don't sides of the side of the

The story of the s

America with

TOTAL STREET, AND THE STREET,

200 annual to

The fraction of some and the control of the control

Secretary less converted to the particular to th

Par Dali Ormano Se

the other be

accord to down

Constitution of the consti

interest and the second

An odd sole d go

and the subs

221 At Garage

A Late public Bei

Feldie im Fel

act an tage of mare by

ic: peace and man

to confirm by

The parties of the

- Le avic the public

10 M 15 E Cal

The state of the s

- - a. Sun nin

Commence of the least of the le

- the pane

e de la companya de l

Fair er

ा । यह <u>स्टा</u>र्ट <u>क</u>्र

* -- 3! Green

.a. Barr der

TACO MATERIA

-.... 131:12:30:2

.ಜನ ಕರ್ನೇಶವಾದ

ಯ ಎಬ್ಬಿ ಲಾಡ≥

. _ 000 more

التحققات عالما

್ಯಾಯಿಯಿಂದ ಮನ

TTP STREET

engenerale Engl

المتوالية المراجعة

and an expension

كالتلازيت والمسترادين

1998

ME

14 TO 12 TO

بقالات:

the Committee Big

المنت الانتخاذ والمداد

WEE.

13.2 Mg.

فتأخف نتيه

-1 total Edge

45 Bad 2007

y continued if

D €1€:3

See Addition of the Control

STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

the state of the

NAME OF BUILDING

100

1842 5 445

e e nombre de la constant

்கையு இத் ச

2----

377 - 2

10.34: 13-020.4

cussed a PLO response. A few minutes later, Mr. Arafat

Arafat Applauds U.S. Talks, But No Letup on Israel Is Seen

By Alan Cowell New York Times Service

CAIRO — Yasser Arafat said here Sunday that the talks between the United States and the Palestine Liberation Organization were "positive," and there were indica-tions that he planned a continued diplomatic drive for a Middle East peace conference. At the same time, a senior aide to

Mr. Arafat, the PLO chairman said the PLO would make no further concessions toward U.S. dea mands and would not abandon either attacks on military targets within Israel or the year-old Palestinian uprising in the Israeli-occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip. The comments indicated that the PLO was seeking to pursue a twintrack policy, pressing for a peace conference on its terms while seeking to maintain pressure on Israel and focus international opinion on its cause through the uprising,

Arab diplomats said.
Last Friday, the U.S. ambassador in Tunis, Robert H. Pelletran Jr., met a four-member PLO delegation in the first official contact between Washington and the organization in 13 years. The United States agreed to the meeting after Mr. Arafat met U.S. terms for a dialogue by renouncing terrorism, recognizing Israel's right to exist and accepting important United Nations Middle East resolutions in Geneva last week

Since then, however, both at the Tunis meeting and elsewhere, PLO officials have drawn distinctions between terrorism and what they consider legitimate action against Israel. In that period, Israeli soldiers have shot eight Palestinians to death in an upsurge of violence. "If President Reagan thinks that

we will stop attacks against Israeli the Tunis meeting. "They were posmilitary targets, then I tell him to stop the dialogue now," Saleh Khalef, Mr. Arafat's deputy in his domment Fatah faction of the PLO. said at a rally Saturday in Abu

"Neither military attacks nor our heroic intifada will stop," he proclaimed, using the Arabic word for uprising by which the revolt in the occupied territories in widely known "We will carry on our struggle until the Palestinian flag is hoisted over Jerusalem."

Last month, the PLO declared a nominally independent Palestinian state in the occupied territories with Jerusalem as its capital. The renewed reference to Jerusalem as capital of a Palestinian state seemed certain to ignite Israeli anger, Western diplomats said, and it illustrated the different shadings of militancy within the PLO.

At a news conference, Mr. Khalef, also known as Abu Iyad, said the PLO was "keen to continue the dialogue with America."

"We hope the talks will be up-graded." he said. "But Washington should be careful not to play the game of concessions with us because this will damage Palestinian national unity." He was apparently alluding to criticism of Mr. Arafat by hard-line

PLO factions based in Damascus. who have accused him of going beyond authorized PLO policy to meet U.S. demands for what the Palestinians depict as concessions. The PLO chairman arrived in Cairo to meet with President Hosni

"The talks dealt with the peace moves and issues related to the Palestinian cause," Mr. Arafat said of next step forward."

He arrived from visits to East Germany and Romania following his appearance before a specially convened UN General Assembly session in Geneva, and is scheduled to leave for Austria on Monday.

"The next moves will be Pales tinian and Arab," Mr. Arafat said, apparently referring to renewed efforts to shore up Arab unity in support of efforts to convene a Middle East peace conference.

Another Arafat aide, Bassam Abu Sharif, was quoted in a British newspaper interview as saying that Mr. Arafat wanted to meet with Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher Mitterrand of France.

The comment reflected the PLO's desire to broaden its diplomatic initiative in the West by upgrading the level of its contacts with Western nations, Arab diplomats said. The intention is to seek Western pressure on Israel to agree to an international peace conference - an idea rejected by Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir. A British junior minister, Wil-

liam Waldegrave, who met Mr. Abu Sharif in London last week in the highest-level British contact with the PLO in five years, offered only an ambiguous response to the call for a meeting with Mrs. "I think in the first instance it is

my job to conduct relations with the PLO and perhaps Abu Sharif in particular," he said in Cairo, where he met President Mubarak, "But nothing is excluded."

"What is essential now," he said "is a response from Israel as the

PLO: 19 Days of Diplomatic Push and Pull With U.S.

(Continued from page 1) brought a message from King Fahd urging Mr. Shuhz to approve the Arafat visa.

The secretary had different ideas but did not reveal them to the Swedes or the Saudis. In making his decision on Mr. Arafat's visa, he told aides, he would focus on two issues: the U.S. laws giving him discretion to grant or deny the visa, and the intelligence and public re-cord of PLO-related terrorism since Mr. Arafat denounced attacks against unarmed civilians in November 1985.

The surprise denial of the visa followed. Mr. Shultz later called it "a hard message" to "murderers." On Dec. 2, in a dramatic rebuke to the United States, the UN Gen-eral Assembly voted 154 to 2 to move its debate on Palestine to Geneva so Mr. Arafat could attend.

Only the United States and Israel opposed the action. Another consequence of the visa denial was to drive moderate Arabs in Saudi Arabia, Egypt and other capitals, as well as their supporters in Europe, nearly to desperation, generating new pressures on the PLO and United States to compro-

The day of the UN vote, the Swedish ambassador, Count Wachtmeister, informed Mr. Shultz that despite the visa rebuff, Mr. Arafat had agreed to come to Stockholm from Dec. 6 to 7 to pursue the effort to establish a working relationship with the Unit-

ed States. Count Wachtmeister, on behalf of the Swedish foreign minister, Sten Andersson, asked Mr. Shultz to spell out what Mr. Arafat would have to do to win U.S. acceptance. The next day, Mr. Shultz called Count Wachtmeister to his home

and handed over a letter to the Swedish foreign minister setting out U.S. terms: PLO acceptance of UN Resolutions 242 and 338 as the basis for peace in the Middle East, recognition of Israel's "right to exist" in the region and renunciation of terrorism. If these were said learly and publicly, and without 5ther words that "contradict" or "condition" the statements, Mr. Shultz wrote, a U.S. dialogue with

The terms were familiar ones to experts on Mideast diplomacy. In September 1975, Henry A. Kissinger, then U.S. secretary of state, gave Israel a secret written pledge, which soon became public, that the United States "will not recognize or negotiate with the PLO so long as the PLO does not recognize Israel's right to exist and does not accept Security Council resolutions _242 and 338."

PLO would be initiated.

The Carter administration carried the self-imposed restriction further by declaring it would not have contacts or discussions with the PLO until the conditions were

Later, still another new condition was imposed for U.S. ties with the PLO: that the PLO must renounce terrorism. And in 1985 Congress, wary that the administration might ignore its restrictions, enacted the U.S. conditions into law and prohibited any U.S. em-

ployee from circumvening them.
The Shultz letter restating U.S.
conditions was carried to Stockholm on Dec. 3 by Ulf Hjertonsson, the second-ranking diplomat in the Swedish Embassy in Washington. Mr. Shultz had emphasized that the discussions with Sweden on the PLO problem were to be kept confidential and not shared with the American Jewish leaders headed by Ms. Hauser, who were also en route to Stockholm to take what in meetings with Mr. Arafat.
Shortly after his arrival in Stockholm, Mr. Arafat met alone with the Swedish foreign minister, Mr. Andersson. He showed Mr. Arafat a copy of the Shultz letter and dis-

and his aides began discussions in U.S. requirements if it was certain another room with Ms. Hauser and the United States would respond her group of American Jews. He This, he said, would be made clear

or the confidential conversation speech in Geneva to the special with Mr. Andersson. By late on Dec. 6, Mr. Arafat and two key aides had restated the U.S. as press reports of a U.S.-PLO recconditions in their own words, which U.S. and Swedish sources Shultz's executive assistant, M. described as "very close" to those in the Shultz letter. Mr. Arafat au- ambassador, Moshe Arad, to prothorized the Swedes to transmit the vide notice of what was shaping up, text to Mr. Shultz, which they did Mr. Arad telephoned Mr. Shultz through Count Wachtmeister in

Mr. Shultz took this text to the White House the same day, Dec. 6,

'I think he's done it this time,' Shultz said to an aide after Arafat spoke clearly, starkly and definitively in a Dec. 14 press conference in Geneva.

for discussions with President Ronald Reagan and President-elect George Bush. Both agreed, Mr. Shultz reported to aides, that if Mr. Arafat would make public the dec-laration he had authorized, the United States would respond by initiating a "substantive dialogue." This word was passed back to

Stockholm through Count Wacht-meister, and the State Department began planning for the expected Arafat statement and U.S. re-Early the next morning, however, Mr. Arafat told the Swedes that he had second thoughts. He said he had been unable to reach all the

members of the PLO Executive Committee overnight, and felt it was necessary to have their approval before taking such a step of lar-reaching political significance. Nevertheless, he said, he stood

behind the words that he had drafted and signed a copy of them for presentation to Mr. Shultz, pledg-ing that he would make the public declaration as soon as he could assure himself of solid backing. At a news conference in Stock-holm before leaving for Tunis on

Dec. 7, Mr. Arafat made public and endorsed the joint statement that had been worked out by his aides and the American Jews two weeks adviser, at the White House, and earlier. But this wording fell considerably short of what he had secretty approved for dispatch to Washington. Mr. Shultz said at a news conference that based on reports from Stockholm, there was "still a considerable distance to go" Shultz had talked it over with Mr. before Mr. Arafat met the U.S. Reagan several hours earlier. In a

days, the PLO leadership had come longstanding U.S. conditions and around. The emissary said that "evauthorized resumption of U.S.eryone" had agreed to meet the PLO discussions after 13 years.

never mentioned the Shultz letter the following day in Mr. Arafat's

General Assembly session.

Late on Dec. 12 in Washington. onciliation began to appear, Mr. Charles Hill, telephoned the Israeli later to seek clarifications on behalf of an unhappy Israeli government. State Department officials in Washington monitored Mr. Arafat's speech in Geneva the following day, but they did not hear the clear statement the PLO leader had promised. "Most of the words were

State Department official. Now the pressure mounted sharply on both Washington and the PLO. President Hosni Mubarak of Egypt telephoned Mr. Shultz on Wednesday morning to urge a U.S. recognition that the PLO had shifted its positions on Israel and terrorism.

in there, but it took detective work

to ferret them out." said a senior

Mr. Shultz, who was referred to by aides as "the buildog" during this episode, said that the United States would respond if Mr. Arafat clearly met the U.S. conditions, but he showed no willingness to bend an inch in Mr. Arafat's direction. In Geneva, the Swedish foreign

minister, Mr. Andersson, mobilized his senior aides to join in the approach to Mr. Arafat and Mr. Shultz. Early Wednesday after-noon, an Andersson aide in Geneva dictated to Mr. Hjertonsson in Washington the words that Mr. Arafat was then preparing to speak at a news conference. Mr. Hjertonsson relayed the statement to Assistant Secretary of State Richard W. Murphy on another tele-phone line, passing ideas back and forth until both sides were satisfied that the statement would meet the U.S. conditions.

By 3:40 P.M. Washington time Mr. Arafat had spoken clearly, starkly and definitively in a press conference and Mr. Shultz had a transcript of Mr. Arafat's statement, as recorded and relayed by a U.S. diplomat in Geneva. About 4 P.M. Mr. Shultz talked the matter over with Mr. Murphy, his senior Mideast policy aide, and said of Mr. Arafat, "I think he's done it

Mr. Shultz then telephoned Gensaid of a U.S.-PLO dialogue: "I think we can say 'yes,' do you?"

telephone call from the White On Dec. 12, the PLO sent an House living quarters shortly after emissary to Stockholm to tell the Swedes that in the intervening five Arafat statements as meeting the

Herald International Tribun

Now Printed in New York For Same Day Service in Key American Cities.
To subscribe call us toll-free in the U.S.:
1-800-882 2884.

(In New York, call: 212-752 3890.) Or write: International Herald Tribune, 850 Third Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10022. Or Telex: 427175. Or Fax: 212-755 8785.

TERROR: Pledge by U.S.

(Continued from page 1)

assertion by the U.S. counterterrora renunciation of terrorism everywhere," including attacks against Israel's forces inside the occupied territories,

Asked whether the United States could determine whether it was a PLO faction or another group responsible for terrorism, Mr. Mur-phy said it would deal with each cident on "a case-by-case basis." He also suggested that some ter-

rorism could be directed at Mr. Arafat himself. He noted that both the Libyan-based Palestinian terrorist Abu Nidal and the Damascus-based Palestinian faction led by Ahmed Jebril had issued threats against the PLO leader.

at this point.

But he called upon the PLO first influence to quell the level of vio-lence in the West Bank and Gaza

there is a subsiding of violence in the territories," he said on a CBS News program.

cess which can result in some accommodation," he said.

responsible for past acts by his own threatened to numble. Fatah group or others within the Leninakan was an urban nightation Front

and the PLO must take new initia-tives to get the Middle East peace cranes and shovels picked over the process under way.

all violence, "the whole feeling the last foreign rescue team still whole emotions in Israel would be camped over the weekend at the entirely different.

Israeli Troops Kill 3 More Palestinians

By Glenn Frankel -Washington Prist Service

JERUSALEM - Israeli troops ism chief, L. Paul Bremer, that Mr. shot and killed three Palestinians Arafat's statement in Geneva was on Sunday, raising the death toll to eight during one of the bloodiest weekends in recent months. Arab stone throwers badly injured three Jewish settlers, including a ninemonth-old girl.

> At least 17 Palestinians were injured Sunday and a total of 70 shot or beaten since Friday, when a funeral procession in the occupied West Bank city of Nablus erupted in a violent clash with soldiers that left five persons dead and three critically wounded.

The cabinet, meanwhile, debated the Nablus deaths he said: "I ac-

Mr. Armacost did not spell out what specific initiative the United States would like to see Israel take

ern edge of the zone, presented an to demonstrate that it has re- luck. Most buildings remained nounced terrorism and to use its standing, and of 1,000 children I think it would be very helpful

"We will have to knock down 99 percent of the buildings," said Lieutenant Colonel Anatoli V. Palestinians in the occupied ter-ritories, Mr. Armacost said, should unit that was initially sent to Ste-Khludnev, commander of an army realize that continued violence was panavan last month to enforce a "not going to bring about the ob- state of emergency after ethnic jective which the Palestinian clashes between local Armenians and Azerbaijanis. "Even a mild

herds' yurts outside the hazardous buildings, awaiting evacuation. A He indicated that the United contingent of West Germans was States would not hold Mr. Arafat already demolishing buildings that

PLO, such as the hijacking of the mare, with just enough tottering Italian cruise ship Achille Lauro in shells to convey the outlines of a October 1985 by Mohammed Ab- busiling city. There is an eerie, voybas, who heads the Palestine Liber- curistic quality about buildings with walls sheered away, exposing Mr. Armacost also said Israel living rooms and kitchens.

debris by floodlight as ghostly fig-The Israeli foreign minister, Shi- ures wandered the streets and mon Peres, also appealed for an campfires flickered in the rubble, end to violence in the occupied ter-"It's totally outside my experiritories. On a CBS program, he ence," said Peter Wilson, a London said that if the Palestinians stopped fire fire fighter who was part of the tion Örganization.

Israeli officials blamed the renewed violence in part on the U.S. decision, which they said had given new momentum to the yearlong uprising in which more than 300 Palestinians and 12 Israelis have been killed. They denied Arab allega-tions that soldiers had opened fire without provocation during Fri-

day's disturbances. We must tell the Americans they have in fact given legitimization to the uprising in the territo-ries," Defense Minister Yitzhak Rabin said on Israeli television. Of

The West Bank's military com-Mitzna, warned that soldiers would continue to open fire on stone throwers. "They must understand a stone is a weapon and army forces will act with all severity," General Mitzna said. "Whoever takes it to throw a concrete block at sol security forces should not be surprised that there are casualties."

But an unidentified Palestinian doctor at East Jerusalem's Mukassed Hospital, where three gun-shot victims from Nablus remained in critical condition, all of them with head wounds, said, "In the

now to respond to the U.S. decision last week to begin a diplomatic dialogue with the Palestine Liberation Organization In the last week or so, they have mander, Major General Amram used high-velocity bullets and mostly to the head. So there has been a change.

The Palestinians who died Sunday included a 24-year-old man who was shot as he allegedly tried upon himself to tangle with the diers from a rooftop during an army search-and-arrest operation in the West Bank village of Deir Ghusun, and two protesters, 22 and 30, who were shot during a protest in the Gaza Strip town of Rafah. At least three Gaza refugee camps and two West Bank cities were under

ARMENIA: A Painful Time Marks a Turning Point in Soviet Attitudes

(Continued from page 1)

illusory picture of miraculous good only one was killed when the shock rattled the grade school. But the tremors left the surviving structures as brittle as eggshells.

We hope now there will be earthquake now could bring these deeds which allow the parties to buildings down."

soherly reflect and initiate this proResidents sleep in tents or shep-

"As a fire professional, it's a very muster translators for the rescuers. interesting technical problem," he said. "But as an individual, I wouldn't want to see anything like let them treat patients with the sothis again. It gives a very good impression, I suppose, of what the Second World War must have been

hardscrabble wheat and cattle region of the Transcaucasus mountains, the quake picked and chose with cruel whimsy Barns and pinkish stone houses

in the village of Dzhamushlyu crumbled, while a few miles down the road in Tsilkar farmers were peacefully pitching hay and doing farm chores, largely unscathed.
Especially in the first few days,

rescue efforts were plagued by confusion and inefficiency, according to relief workers and residents in terviewed throughout the region. Foreigners said that they were frequently frustrated by a bureaucracy that still awaits orders from the top. A British rescue team had to go all the way to the commanding general to get clearance to use

an army truck, and then had to

negotiate for diesel fuel to run it.

Mr. Wilson, a divisional officer from the Kent Fire Brigade, said it took him a full day of arguing against strong resistance — evi-dently from the KGB — before he et press, which has railed against was allowed to set up a satellite dish in Leninakan for direct communications with London.

Relief crews arrived at the Moscow airport, only to find that the authorities had no idea where to send them. It took several days to representative sent to Armenia.

Foreign doctors complained that Soviet physicians often refused to phisticated medical equipment they had brought in.

By chance, thousands of Soviet troops were already in the region to Throughout this spectacular but enforce a state of emergency impardscrabble wheat and cattle reposed after ethnic conflicts that broke out last month, the latest outbursts in a 10-month territorial dispute with Azerbaijan.

But as of midweek the military seemed to view its role as maintaining order rather than taking part directly in the rescue.

Except for construction brigades sent to work on repairing rail and water lines, the soldiers in Spirak and Leninakan seemed to be doing little but controlling access to the damaged areas, chasing looters and standing around campfires. Later, when the civilian bureau-

cracy proved inadequate and occasionally obstructive, the army also stepped in to organize the distribution of hot food, drugs and tents and to generally supervise the deployment of men and vehicles. But not until the end of the week was there any systematic distribution of food to the smaller villages. Foreigners working here tended

bureaucratic snags and ill-prepared local officials — though not against the military.

"I think the scale of it overwhelmed the local officials," said Mr. Roundell, the senior British aid

"But this improved enormously as Western rescuers said that the recovery was severely hampered by

the breadth of the quake. Unlike the 1985 earthquake that devastated parts of Mexico City, the Armenian quake cut a wide swath across the Transcaucasus, and simultaneously crippled communications and transportation

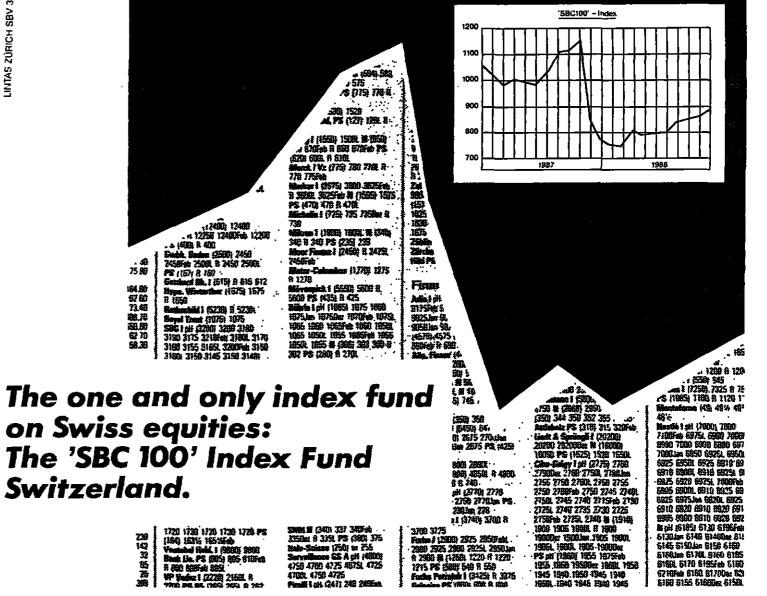
necessary to begin saving lives.

Although the official death toll remains at 55,000, travel through the zone of destruction lends credence to the view of many foreign specialists that it was perhaps three times that number. A French doctor estimated that 100,000 had died in Leninakan alone.

On the day of the quake, while President Mikhail S. Gorbachev was preparing to cut short a visit to New York and fly home, Foreign Minister Eduard A. Shevardnadze was asked repeatedly about Soviet interest in foreign aid, and he seemed slightly offended at the suggestion that the Soviet Union could not handle its own catastro But after initial hesitation, the

Soviets embraced the contributions enthusiastically, including an estimated \$6.6 million in government and private aid from the United States, and loads of medical equipment from Israel, with which Moscow has no diplomatic relations. The Soviet press has played up

the Western donations as the greatest example of East-West comity since Soviet and American troops met at the Elbe River.



Two very sensible benefits are tied to the 'SBC 100' Index Fund Switzerland: it is broadly diversified, and in terms of performance objectives, it is geared to the 'SBC 100' Stock Market

The fund portfolio is composed exclusively of the 100 most important equities (relative to capitalization) available on the Swiss stock market. To keep the fund's performance aligned with market opportunities, our specialists have developed a

First issue period: December 12 to 22, 1988 Issue price: SFr. 1000 per unit Payment: January 3, 1989

computer-program which provides virtually realtime equity selection and weighting. As a private or institutional investor, you can now participate in the Swiss stock market without running the risk of picking the wrong basket of stocks. For more information, please contact your nearest SBC branch or mail the coupon below.

Swiss Bank

States Corporation

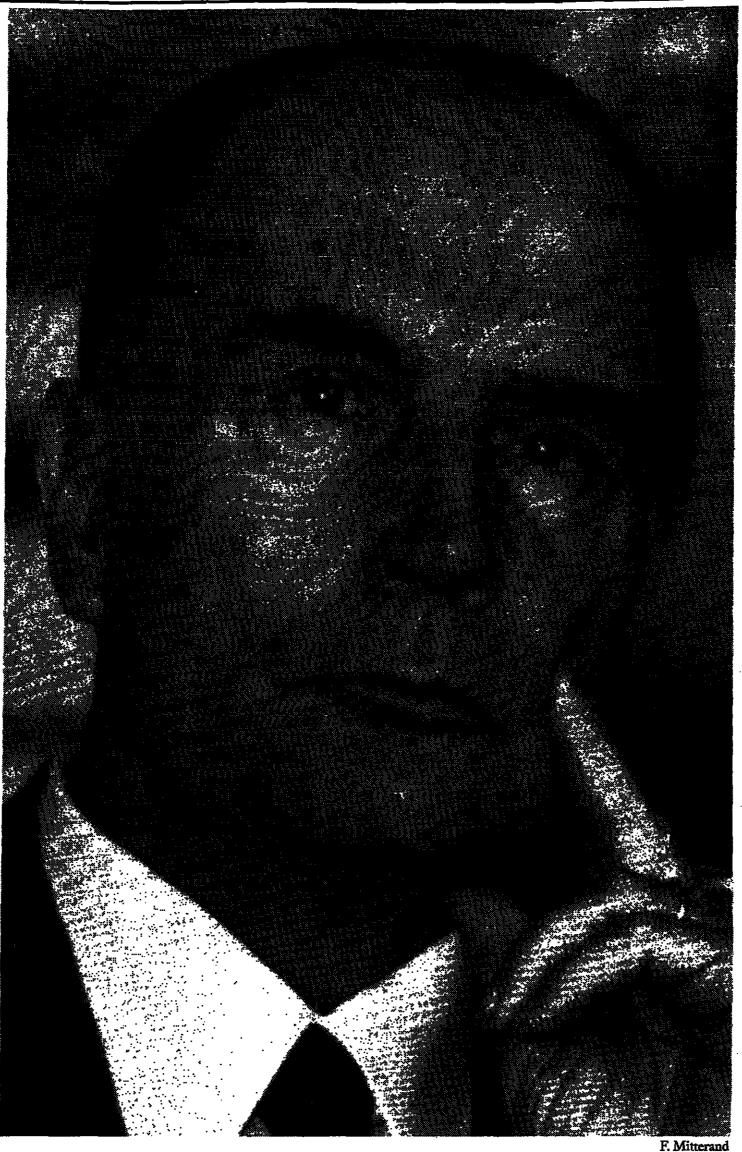
Please send me the issue prospectus for your 'SBC 100' Index Fund Switzerland. Mail to: Swiss Bank Corporation, investment Funds Division, 4002 Basel, or to your nearest SBC branch.

General Management in CH-4002 Basel, Aeschenplatz 6, and in CH-8022 Zürich, Paradeplatz 6. Over 200 offices throughout Switzerland. Branch offices, representatives and subsidiaries in

The key Swiss bank

Schweizerischer Bankverein

Société de Banque Suisse



HE'S SHAPING HIS MIND TO 1992 YOU'D BETTER WATCH IT.

makes so much sense. It's the world's first pan-

very different place to do business. So it's more important than ever to stay on top of the changes taking place throughout the European business world. That's why European Business Weekly

Not very long from now, Europe will be a

also s	ean Bosines to twice a da a, UTA and (. Weekly is b ly in over 10	op <u>ean Business V</u> roadcast on televi O aircrafts on inte	ston Rah	ons and in hor	els througho	ot rise world i Alitalia, Iberia
Day	Alrlines 2 dages a day 90	i lotels	U.S.A. outlets	Asian outlets	European outlets	Time ● Morning 7.00-8.00 approx.	Time • Evening 11.00-12.00 approx
Mon.	prominent curies	First-class rotens		CTS	AVRO *** GBC Super Ch.		:
Tue.	prominent curriers	First-class rooms			Super Ch.	•	
Wed	prominent curriets	First-class rooms	FNN Tenapo/CNBC		Super Ch.	:	
Thu.	prominent carriers	Pine-class rooms	Travel Ch. Tempo/CNBC Travel Ch.		Super Ch.	•	;
Fn.	prominent carriers	First-class rooms			Super Ch.	•	
Set.	prominent carries	Firg-class rooms	Travel Ch. Travel Ch.			•	•
Sum.	prominent carriers	Piret-class robps			Super Ch.		•

European business t.v.programme, made in the European Community. Giving you all the news in a compact, informative halfhour. Our twelve top correspondents keep you up-to-date on 1992.

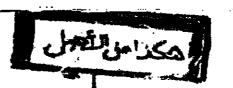
Bring you the news from the stock markets and financial centers. And give you an in-depth look at the E.C. member nations, as well as their captains of industry.

European Business Weekly is created for people who want a lot of news in a little time. That's why you can watch our entire programme in less time than it takes to read a single business magazine. Why not start watching today? Post the coupon and we'll send you more information.

Business V	recally.			
Name:			·	 -
Company:				
Address:	·	·	<u> </u>	•••
Country			* -	1
Telephone	number:	*:		· ·
	BUS	OPEAN SINESS EEKIY		1. - 14 - 13 - 1
		= 11 = 1		.: .

Curr

First in European business television.



Herald Eribune. BUSINESS/FINANCE

rent strategy is inadequate. Most other governments and internation-al lending agencies have been more

The current debt strategy, outlined in 1985 by James A. Baker 3d,

then secretary of the U.S. Treasury, calls for commercial banks to in-crease lending to help debtor coun-tries finance growth. In return, the

debtors were to put their economic

The plan was initially hailed as a

political breakthrough, and it suc-ceeded for more than two years in

warding off unrest among debtors.

But commercial banks, wary of increasing their exposure, essentially stopped further new lending, and the process began to bog down.

New Third World loans in 1988

came to only \$7.5 billion, with \$5.2

billion of that going to Brazil, the biggest Third World debtor, Reu-

Over the past few months.

France and Japan have called for major changes in global debt strat-egy, and even the Soviet Union has

proposed extending or writing off

by commercial banks, the World

Bank has been taking on a growing proportion of total lending to

As a result, the debt balance has

shifted to the point where develop-ing countries are repaying about \$43

billion more a year to creditors than they are receiving in new loans.

The World Bank report estimat-

ed the total debt owed by Third World countries will swell to \$1.3

trillion next year, up 3 percent from

left Burger King with too heavy a debt load.

Prudential-Bache called the Burger

King ruling just another nail in

A New York arbitrager agreed.

They lost," he said of Pillsbury.

"They bet the company and lost."

Analysts noted that Pillsbury stock, which closed down 37.5

cents on Friday at \$62.25, could

rebound if the company enters into

"Maybe we'll get it back up to \$63 a share," the New York arbi-trager said. "The next step is to

negotiations with Grand Met.

John McMillin, an analyst at

In part because of the pullback

muted in their criticisms.

houses in order.

ters reported.

some of the loans.

Third World debtors.

Better Strategy

On Debt Sought

By World Bank

Los Angeles Times Service
WASHINGTON — The World

Bank declared Sunday that the

strategy that industrial nations

have been pursuing to deal with the Third World debt problem was not working well enough, and it called

for stepped-up efforts to spur more growth in indebted countries.

In its annual report on the world debt situation, the 151-country or-

ganization, whose mission is to

help developing countries, said that although debtor nations have made some progress since the problem intensified in 1982, "an end to the

The report blamed the fact that

new lending by commercial banks has dried up during the past three years, which it said has stifled in-

vestment in developing countries, locking debtors into a vicious circle

that prevents them from stimulat-

ing enough economic growth to at-

While stopping well short of ad-

vocating massive debt-relief

schemes, the document recom-mended shoring up the current debt strategy by relaxing govern-ment rules and tax laws to enable

commercial banks to write off more

It also called on commercial

banks to pass along to debtor coun-

tries more of the savings they enjoy

when they discount or write off these loans. And it urged debtor countries to intensify their efforts

to restructure their own economies

The report constituted the bank's

strongest pronouncement on the

to make them more efficient.

of their questionable loans.

tract new financing.

debt crisis remains elusive."

MONDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1988

EUROBONDS

Dollar Could Buck Trend And Rise as 1988 Closes

By CARL GEWIRTZ International Herald Tribune

ARIS — If past performance is anything to go by, the dollar will weaken between now and the end of the year. Since the adoption of floating rates in 1973, the dollar has declined in the final two weeks in 12 of the 15 past years. The only exceptions to the rule were 1973, 1983 and 1984.

But judging by last week's performance, 1988 may be another exception. The dollar closed Friday at 1.7585 Deutsche marks, up 2 pfennig from a week earlier, and at 124.15 yen, up 1.5 yen. Contrary to the fears expressed by many currency traders, the dollar last week shrugged off the disappointing news of a \$10.35 billion U.S. trade deficit for October and rallied on signs that the Federal Reserve will

The rise in short-

eliminated any

to buy bonds.

term rates

incentive

be obliged to push up interest rates to restrain inflation. While the Fed refrained from increasing its discount rate, the more significant federal funds rate — the cost of overnight money from which all other market rates are scaled up - rose by half a

percentage point to 9 percent before ending the week at 8 15/16 percent. Most New York analysts now believe the Fed is targeting fed funds in a range of 814 percent to 9 percent, up from a previous range of 81/2 percent to 8% percent. Less than a month ago, the rate was 8% percent, indicating that the Fed has tightened policy even though the administered discount rate remains unchanged.

Increases in administered rates by most major European cen-ural banks last week only fanned expectations that the Fed will

Such expectations served to push up the dollar. Currency dealers attributed the apparent illogic of the dollar rallying on rising short-term European interest rates — which ordinarily would make the dollar a less attractive investment - to the tremendous pessimism concerning the currency's outlook.

Although most professional traders have temporarily retired from the market to compile their year-end reports, dealers say that whatever business continued to be transacted had been to sell the U.S. currency. "The market is short dollars," said Roland Scharf, treasurer at Hessische Landesbank in Frankfurt.

UT. ANTICIPATING that higher U.S. interest rates will enhance the dollar's attraction, these short sellers returned to the market last week to buy back the currency they had sold earlier, pushing up the rate.

Frankfurt dealers said the Bundesbank sold substantial amounts of dollars last week and still the currency rose -- a good indication that the dollar had been heavily oversold and a measure of how the market is now a one-way street with speculators buying back dollars and only the central banks still willing to

Tokyo dealers concurred, saying that anyone who wanted to sell dollars had already done so.

The Bundesbank's heavy selling last week to keep the dollar below 1.76 DM is seen as a reaffirmation that West Germany does not want the mark to weaken.

But technical analysts, who analyze chart patterns traced by the dollar's daily and weekly closing levels, ended the week

Steven Blitz, an analyst at Salomon Brothers, described himself as "cautiously bullish" on the dollar. His daily charts had been signaling the dollar as a buy for the past two weeks but the weekly chart had not — until last week. Mr. Blitz said Friday that he would now expected the dollar to hit 1.78 DM and 126.8 yen

Simon Crane, a British chartist, was more circumspect, saying that dollar's gains last week could simply be "an upside correc-tion that could run out of steam and fall back." He said the dollar still had to break through some crucial levels before he could say

it's headed for a sustained recovery. For the Eurobond market, the week's events had a numbing effect. Apart from the fact that most investors have retired for the year, the rise in short-term rates in all market centers has diminished the attractiveness of long-term bonds. That is because the firming in short-term rates has not been accompanied by an increase in longer term rates - eliminating any incentive investors might have to buy bonds.

Last week, for example, investors could earn 5 13/16 percent on a six-month Euromark deposit while Dresdner Bank was offering a coupon of 5½ percent on its five-year Eurobonds. The European Coal and Steel Community and Union Bank of Finland proposed even lower terms as their issues. Each offered investors bonds with a coupon of 5½ percent, priced at a

The only DM issue to attract attention was an Amsterdam-

See EUROBONDS, Page 11

Currency Rates

Cross R	ztes							D	c. 16
	\$	•	D.M.	P.F.	11.1	Glar.	B.F.	S.F.	Yen
Amsterdom	1.963	3.6075	1.1285	0.2303	0,1528 *	~	1383 -	1,2367	1_5956 =
Brotsels(a)	34.86	67,10	20,575	4.1355	28421 *	11.51	_	24.857	0,2965
Frankfurt	1,7557	3.197		0.2926	0.1356	0.8841	4767 *	1.1054	1,414 *
London (b)	1.829		11933	10.974	2,352.50	34055	64.B\5	2.67	225.30
Miles	1,299,15	2.357 NO	738.00	215.78	_	453.06A	35.1456	74.75	10.433
New York(c)		1,8785 5	1,7585	6.0235	T_298,08	1,755	36.89	1.4816	124,15
Paris.	6.015	10,915	34125	_	0.4434 *	3.0283	0.143	4103	4836 -
Tokyo	122.95	225.90	70.71	20,71	0,757	(2.78	1.3848	84,01	_
Zurick	1.01	2,6926	0.5428	0.2469	0,1143 *	0.7475	4023) •	_	7,1973 =
	•	0.6496	2.0768	7.0996	1.532.05	2.3441	43.590	1,7986	144.89
1 ECU	1,181		2,3777	£1467	1,753,64	2.6850	49.9224	2.0025	168.215
1 SDR	1,1544	0.7434							
Clasings in i a: Commerci quoled; N.A.:	ial franc	: 6: 7a bu	t Zurich, ry ans ac	fixings i sund: c:	in other ci To buy of	niers. N ne delier	ew York c ; *: Units	1051119 N of 190; I	nes. V.Q.: not

Currency Fin. markka Greek drac. Hong Kong S Indian rupes Indo, ruplah Irish f. Per 8 2280.00 1.8077 5.28 6.8475 20.70 145.50 3.7505 1.9450 684.00 Mast, pero
Mast, pero
M. Zactand 1
Mis. naire*
Norw. trone
Phil. pero
Port. escudo
Saudi rival*
Sing. 5
S. Kor. won Belg. fin. fr.

Forward Rates 1,206\$ 1,206\$ 122,51 1,2365

Sources: Indosuez Bank (Brussels); Benca Cammerciale Italien de Paris (Paris); Bank of Takyo (Takyo); IMF (SDR); BAII (di

Last Week's Markets All figures are as of close of trading Friday

Stock In	dexes			Money Bates		
		Dec. 9	Chree	United States	Dec. 16	Dec. 9
United States				Discount rate	4/4	672
DJ įngus.	2,150,71		+0.36 %	Federal funds rate	8 15/16	812
DJ Util.	184.51		0.29 %		1017	101/2
DJ Trons.	960.95		+ 1,01 %	Prime rate	1072	.0.2
5 & P 100	243.45		0.07 %	<u>Josen</u>		
S & P 500	276.29		0.55 %	Discount	242	242
5 & P Ind	318,70		0.71 %	Call money	4 1/16	4 3/16
NYSE Co	155,16	155.59	0.26%	3-month Interbonk	4 9/16	A
Britoin				West Germany		
FTSE 100	1,773,90	1,750,70	+ 1.33 %	Lombord	51/2	500
FT 30	1.436.00	1,429,40	+ 0.45 %	Call money	5.05	4.95
Japon				3-month Interbank	5.70	5.25
	29,536,71	29,793,42	~- 0.86 %			
West German				Britain Britain		
	-	7 / 14 /0	0.3e %	Bank base rate	13.00	13.00
Commerzbk	1,619.00	1,010,40	020 2	Çali money	1272	1256
Hone Kone				3-month interbook	13 3/16	13 5/16
Hang Seng	2,629.16	2471.36	1.58%	Qold Dec.	16 Dec. 9	CHAR
World.				London p.m. fix.5 411.	× 419.75	1.91
MSCIP	467.70	491,70	0.81 %	Coudest hriff lifes attr	19 41184	

Japan Chips Away at Supercomputers

U.S. Lead Fades With Pullback In Components

By David E. Sanger

New York Times Service
TOKYO — Last summer, a
group of leading computer science experts in the United States gathered to assess Japan's progress in supercomputers, the fastest calculating devices on earth.

They emerged envious and more than a little scared.

Supercomputing is a science the United States invented, an industry that took 20 years to build. Japan has built its supercomputer industry in six years. And as the panel looked ahead to the second-generation machines now emerging from Ja-pan's three computer giants — Fujitsu Ltd., NEC Corp. and Hitachi Ltd. — any illusions that America had maintained its wide lead evaporated.

American manufacturers are still considered to hold the overall lead. But in terms of the typical speed Japan's supercomputers can achieve in an array of applications, only one measure of a supercomputer's utility, Japan is arguably ahead of the two main American powers in the field: Cray Research Inc. and the ETA Systems subsidiary of Control

Data Corp.

That shift, the computer science experts concluded, was in large part an unforescen consequence of America's gradual exit during the second half of the 1980s from manufacturing some important types of computer

While the Japanese make their own high-speed components, American supercomputer makers increasingly find that their only choice is to buy critical parts in Japan -- often from the same companies against which they If it chose, Japan could easily

widen its lead by delaying Ameri-can access to state-of-the-art technology. Within a few years, "U.S. firms would be most fortunate if they found themselves only a generation or so behind," the panel concluded. For both countries, pre-emi-

sence in the art of supercomputer making — with its mix of chipmaking discipline, creative soft-ware and imaginative electronic design - is a matter of national pride and identity. The supercomputer battle also

tions that few on either side of the Pacific want to address openly: Can the United States count

on a steady flow of state-of-theart technology from Japan, its

By Leonard Silk

New York Times Service

George Bush will presumably begin working toward his vision of a "kinder, gentler" Ameri-

But last week, the plight of the homeless was underscored as bitter cold swept the Northeast

and the annual winter count of the frozen-to-

death began. The situation raises the question

of whether the U.S. is instead becoming a

meaner nation, whose social ills are inextricably

Why does the United States have the highest

The evidence is difficult to interpret. Data

collected by the Census Bureau indicate that

the gap between rich and poor in the United States has widened in the past decade.

According to an analysis of census data by

the Economic Policy Institute, a Washington

research center identified with liberal positions,

the average family income of the poorest fifth of the population declined by 10.9 percent, adjusted for inflation, from 1979 to 1986. The

average family income of the richest fifth of the

Many economists, liberal and conservative,

agree that the cuts in social programs, tax cuts, and mixture of big budget deficits and tight money brought about by the Reagan adminis-

tration were all factors in the widening rift

But even after extensive studies, the essential

"Today, after eight years of scaling back, the

nation increased by 13.8 percent.

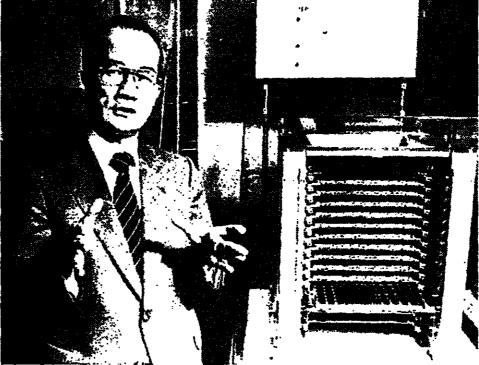
causes of poverty remain obscure.

between rich and poor.

tied to its deepening economic divisions.

rate of poverty in the industrial world?

NEW YORK -- Next month, President-elect



Toshio Hiraguri, general manager of computer systems at Futjitsu Ltd., with a display of a supercomputer component. Fujitsu is the leading manufacturer of supercomputers in Japan.

greatest military ally but also its greatest economic competitor? Can the Japanese continue to advance in supercomputers without help from the United States

 Can the United States sustain its narrowing lead in the ab-

But at the time, supercomputers were a technological oddity, found mainly in military installations and a few universities.

While still hardly commonplace, the \$10 million-to-\$25 million machines are now standard equipment for anyone who de-

American supercomputer makers find that their only choice is to buy critical parts in Japan — often from the same companies against which they compete.

sence of what the panel called "coordination and leadership" from an "expert, civilian agency of government," the computer industry's code words for industrial

Tokyo senses that a conflict is brewing with the United States. "I am afraid that we may be headed toward more friction over the highest technologies, like su-percomputers and semiconductors," said Takuma Yamamoto, Fujitsu's president.

Japan and the United States have long understood the potential of supercomputer technology. In the early 1980s, American government sources said, the two countries negotiated a secret ac-cord, still in force, to keep critical supercomputing technologies out of the hands of the Soviet bloc

and some Third World nations.

Public Affairs.

Poverty: In U.S., the Poor Get Poorer

problems of poverty and inequality are again on the nation's plate, in some ways in more

virulent form than a quarter century before,"

said Robert H. Haveman, director of the Uni-

versity of Wisconsin's La Follette Institute of

John L. Palmer and Isabel V. Sawhill of the

Urban Institute, a bipartisan research center,

said in a recent report that, along with slow

economic growth in the early and mid-1980s,

"there was a major redistribution of income

from lower-income families, especially the

It is a trend that began a decade before Mr.

Whatever its causes, the productivity slow-

down exacerbated the problems of what Lester

Thurow, dean of the Sloane School of Manage-

ment of the Massachusetts Institute of Tech-

nology, calls "the zero-sum society," in which

gains for the rich mean absolute losses for the

After some decline in the late 1960s, poverty

Some conservative economists continue to

argue that the Johnson-era social programs

ultimately did more harm than good and that

there is little government can do to compensate for the damage that results from structural

Yet some battles were won, and there is

The most striking change has been the de-

cline of poverty among the elderly. In 1959,

strong evidence that the demographic charac-

is as high today as it was before Presiden

Lyndon Johnson's war on poverty began.

changes in the economy.

teristics of poverty have changed.

Reagan took office. It appears linked to the

slowing of productivity growth in the 1970s.

poorest, toward the most affluent.

signs passenger cars or Stealth airplanes, cracks molecular structures or Soviet codes, builds nuclear power plants or nuclear weapons, pinpoints black holes in space or analyzes intelligence

Not everyone is as apocalyptic about the prospects for American superconductor manufacturers as the panel of experts, which in-cluded academics, industry leaders and the head of the National Security Agency's supercomputer

While the Japanese have infused their processors with brute speed, the American supercomof the art of complex software and leads in the relatively new science of simultaneously attacking huge problems with multiple

A. Rollwagen, chief executive of Cray, the Minneapolis company that is the largest supercomputer maker in the world. Moreover, the Japanese com-

in America.

panies find their attention divided. Across the Pacific, they must worry not only about Cray and ETA Systems but also about International Business Machines Corp., a new, hesitant entrant into the field.

It is telling that far more Amer-

ican supercomputers have been

sold in Japan in recent years -

there are now more than a dozen

than Japanese supercomputers

"If we didn't still have a signifi-

cant edge, we wouldn't sell a sin-

gie machine in Japan," said John

At home, a heated battle is un-der way for the rapidly expanding Japanese market. The competition has grown so intense that sometimes manufacturers discount their machines by 80 percent to install them in prestigious universities and research centers.

So far, Fujitsu, building on its huge mainframe business, is far in the lead. But NEC is capitalizing on its computer chip-making and software skills, and some still hold out hope for cash-rich Hita-

On a recent weekend in Tokyo, Toshio Hiraguri, the 53-year-old general manager of computer systems for Fujitsu, brought his larg-See COMPUTERS, Page 11

Another partial victory has been the reduc-

whites in some instances. In 1960, black men

earned about 31 percent as much as whites, but

by 1986 this ratio had increased to 73 percent, according to Mr. Haveman.

expanded in the last decade.

Yet by other measures, the income gap has

In a recent report, the Center for Budget and

Policy Priorities, a nonpartisan research group,

found that the median family income of blacks

had declined in the last decade from 59 percent

of that of whites to 56 percent. Among two-parent families, the black median was 84 per-cent of the white median in 1978 and 77 percent

The picture is much worse for black families

headed by women. The center estimated that

female-headed black families had an average

income of only \$9,710 in 1987, compared with

\$17,018 for white families headed by a woman.

households, children have come to have the

In the mid-1960s, poverty among children was no worse than for the population as a

whole. Today children are 50 percent more

likely to be living in poverty than is the popula-

Most disturbing of all today is the growth of the so-called "underclass." This group is char-

acterized by homelessness, long-term unem-

ployment, and drug and alcohol addiction.

highest poverty rate in the nation.

tion as a whole.

With the increasing number of single-parent

Analysts Say Pillsbury May Have to Strike Deal

debt situation so far. It marked the current levels. By contrast, when

first time that a leading international institution has flatly said the curthe figure was \$831 billion.

CHICAGO - Although the Pillsbury Co. is expected to appeal a Delaware Chancery Court decision blocking its "poison pill" de-fense, analysts said the ruling will the coffin. put pressure on the company to settle with its hostile bidder, Grand

Metropolitan PLC. "I think Pillsbury would have an obligation to chum up" to Grand Met, said Steven Carnes, an analyst at Piper Jaffray & Hopwood.

Pillsbury's poison pill has blocked Grand Met from complet-ing its \$5.49 billion buyout. About 88 percent of Pillsbury shares have

A Pillsbury spokesman had no comment on the ruling, issued Friday, or on whether the food and 35.2 percent of the aged fell below the poverty line. In 1986, only 12.6 percent of the elderly restaurant company planned to ap-

In his ruling, Judge William Duf-fy issued a preliminary injunction blocking the poison pill, which he tion of the income gap between blacks and said serves "no purpose under the facts of this case other than to preclude shareholder acceptance of the offer." Judge Duffy also called

Grand Met's offer of \$63 a share fair and adequate." Pillsbury has said its investment

to \$73 a share.
Judge Duffy also issued a pre-

liminary injunction halting the Burger King spin-off to sharehold-

tion from franchisees, who said it the Grand Met statement said.

wait and see whether they will ne-Mr. Carnes said he expected the two sides to strike a deal by mid-week — before Grand Met's tender expires on Dec. 23. Pillsbury has one bargaining

chip in their pocket - to agree not appeal," he said. An appeal to the Delaware Supreme Court could prolong the takeover battle 30 to 60 "Grand Met might go up to \$66 a

share in return for a no-appeal. That's where it all comes together," he said.

Grand Met said in a statement it advisors value the company at \$68 was pleased with Friday's ruling to \$73 a share. into negotiations to conclude the

transaction "We call upon Pillsbury's board ers, which was scheduled for Mon- and management to enter into constructive discussions with us. We

Pillsbury proposed the spin-off are fully prepared to work with as the first part of a restructuring them so that we can move forward plan in response to Grand Met's immediately and make Pillsbury a bid. But the plan attracted opposi- better more profitable company,

FIDELITY ORIENT FUND

13, Boulevard de la Foire R.C. Lexembourg B 19061

Notice of Annual General Meeting

NOTICE is hereby given that the Amnual General Meeting of the trabolders of FIDELITY ORIENT FUND, a societé d'investissement à Shareholders of FIDELITY ORIENT FUND, a societé d'investissement à capital variable organized under the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg (the "Fund"), will be held at the principal and registered office of the Fund, 13, Boulevard de la Foire, Luxembourg, at 11:00 a.m. on December 28, 1988, specifically, but without limitation, for the following pur-

1. Presentation of the Report of the Board of Directors 2. Presentation of the Report of the Andhor.

Approval of the balance sheet and income statement for the fiscal year ended August 31, 1988.

4. Discharge of the Board of Directors and the Auditor. 5. Election of eight (8) Directors, specifically the re-election of the following seven (7) present Directors: Mesars. Edward C. Johnson 3d, William L. Byrnes, Charles A. Fraser, Historia

Kurokawa, John M. S. Patton, Harry G.A. Seggerman and H. F. van den Hoven and the election of Jean Hamilins, a partner of Companie Fiduciaire, as a new Director replacing Compag-

6. Election of the Auditor, specifically the election of Coopers & Lebrand, Luxembourg:

7. Consideration of such other business as may properly come

Approval of the above items of the agenda will require the affirmative vote of a majority of the shares present or represented at the Meeting with no wole of a reasonty of the states present or represented at the westing with no minimum number of shares present or represented in order for a quorum to be present. Subject to the limitations imposed by the Articles of Incorporation of the Fund with regard to ownership of shares which constitute in the aggregate more than three percent (3%) of the shares, authorized for issuance, each share is emitted to one vote. A shareholder may act at any

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

ELOF HANSSON - THE GLOBETRADER® The international trading house active in pulp, paper, machinery, chemicals, timber, building material & steel, textiles, foodstuffs,

consumer goods. Subsidiaries in Barcelona, Basel, Beijing, Bombay, Buerlos Aires,

Copenhagen, Drammen, Geneva, Hamburg, Helsinki, Hong Kong, Jakarta, London, Melbourne, Milan, New York, Paris, Sao Paulo, Singapore, and Tokyo. Sales agents in 110 countries. Forsta Länggatan 17,

S-413 80 Göteborg, Sweden Tel: +46 31 85 60 00.

Herald Eribune

Reaching More Than a Third of a Million Readers in 164 Countries Around the World.

BANQUE DE L'UNION **EUROPEENNE**

U.S. \$50,000,000 Floating Rate Notes 1979 - 1989

In accordance with the terms and conditions of the Notes, the rate of interest has

been fixed at 95% per annum for the interest period running from December 20th 1988 to March 20th 1989.



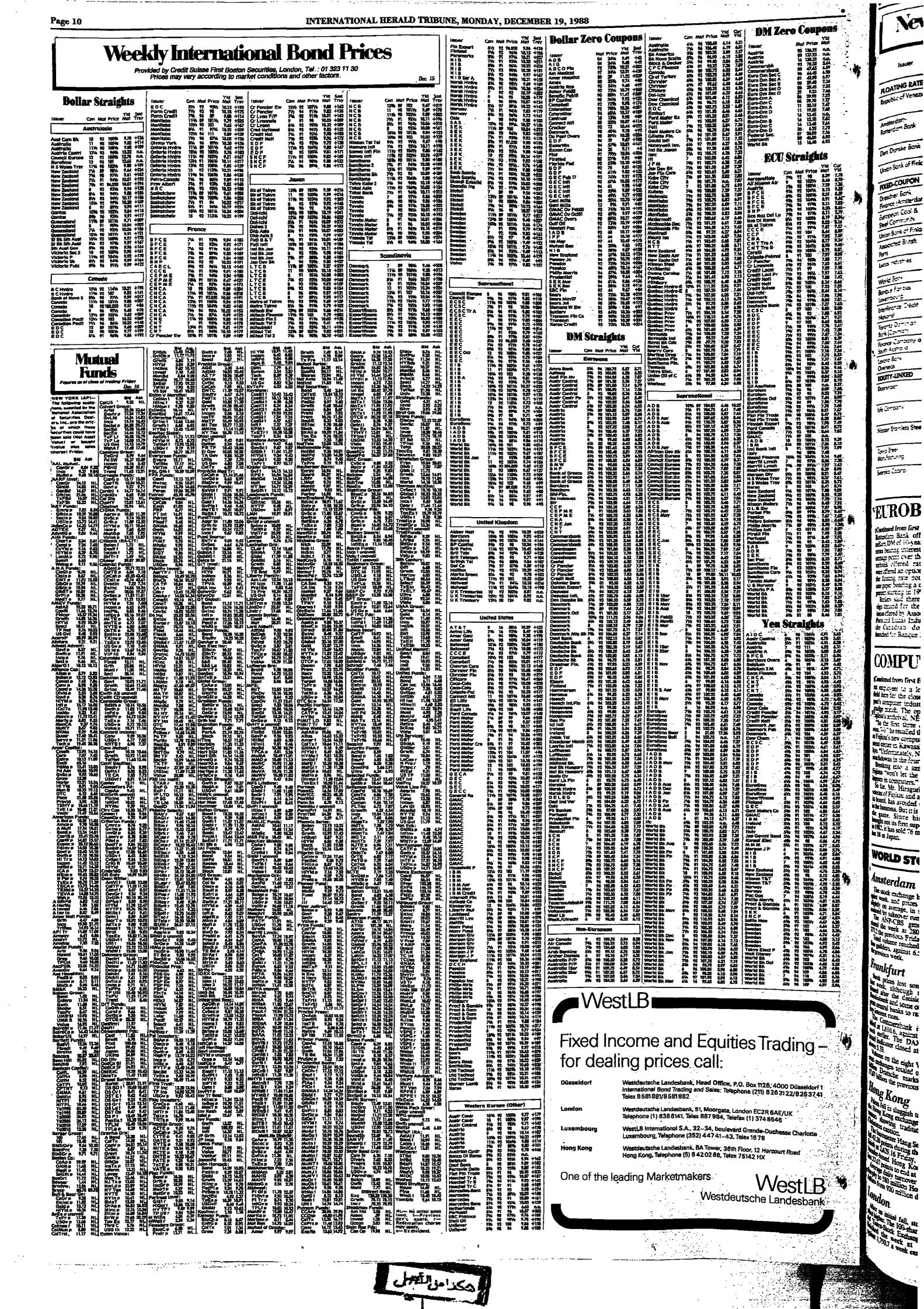
BADRUTTS

Special programs in January and March

ior Skiing and Bridge & **Backgammon Tournaments** Badrutt's Palace Hotel 7500 St. Moritz, Switzerland Tel. (082) 2 11 01

Tix 852124 Fax (082) 3 77 39





FLOATING RATE NOTES

Republic of Venezuela

EQUITY-LINKED

By Stephen S. L. WASHINGTON ASHINOTON Poople and may be poople and may be saided of the highest and had been also be said and the said an sure that Mr. Gorberts the West got a straight for the West got a straight for the Mr. Gorberts and the Mr. Gorberts are the American and for the American and the Mr. Gotte for the Mr. Gotte f

The with sad to

sections total #5

he more modes

carcely less concern

1202 22 28 21 CE 2012

2011 performance a let

To coo now of some

- and public is not

act antage of Bave Wes

or pears and more

Tak monings of the

The Manual of Italy

is with the palest parties of the Contact

- design of succession.

ा-१८००मा स्थापना है। इ.स.च्याच्या

_ _ _ product e-

ion some une domin

ALLA Mr. Gomelec

2011年2月2日1日

ien: Restar violen:

William House Rock!

- - - C 23/2 37/ BRIDE

Bert in glace teigene

... 7.122 (See 整度

സായർ ത്യായിൽ

and the Business

ALTERNATION

ing it about to make

nange in inchange nange ind make

South British

P:=::टका-संक्षा (काट्ट)

. පැන States කක් කල

a recurrence i let

the other read Natural Control accoped in domest ? personally in b. , **C.** aged) make him we Professional Con-Elegation at leasage As artist be-Action to the second NOT is entering the paid. 27 / Table - sel: of the wider in Mr Gerhacher En and a few me ne before that he has garasti itali te trade agree. of the transfer of the second ಚರ್ಮ ನಂಬ್ಲೇ ಹ ರಿದ ಗಟಚಿಕ್ತ ಬ 20 20 2 2 2

There is the state of an mara tank and making a ತಿಸಿಕೆ ಶಾವಾಗಿ <u>ಪ</u> as of the tent Self Self Self and a contract. And the second second Partition in the same

ister

Grand William

100 - 20 - 10

de atur

والمنطقة المناه والمناه والمناه ್ರಾಹ ಚಿತ್ರಾಮಿಕಾರ್ 化二基酚 医流动 ್ಷ ಭಾಷ್ಟ್ ಹಿಡಲ್ الكام منتسانات 1.2 mm at 221 Mr. 622 THE PERSON 1 1 1 2 E zza X-izai عقا بتلت آين 128 5-13-14 VANC 3 53 E. C. 1400 Service of the بتعطينا والمشدية

المتقديدة والمستداة 12 12 12 وأعداده ويستراد e statue de l'étre

The state of the s

The barometer Hang Seng Index broader-based Hong Kong Index 1.3 billion francs a day on the lost 27.67 points to end at 1,733.62. monthly settlement market. 1438: Facility

sharply to 580 million Hong Kong dollars from 920 million dollars.

against 1,750.7 a week earlier; the ous Friday. The SES all-share in-

New International Bond Issues Compiled by Bassam Aoun

ns)	Mot.	% %	Price	end week	Terms
500		1%	100	_	Over 6-month Libor. Noncollable. Issue divided into 3 equal transhes, due 1994, 1998 and 2003. Fees 11/2%. Denominations \$25,000. (Chase Investment Bank.)
250	1999	1/16	100	99.50	Over 6-month Libor, Callable at par in 1994, Exchangeable at a prentium from 1990 until 1994 for a nancullable bond,

Rotterdom Bank paying 61/76 and due 1999. Fees 0.40%, Payable in January. (Trinkaus & Burkhards.) Den Donske Bank 1994 0.30 100.10 Union Sank of Finland ¥ 8,000. 1994 0.55 100% FEXED-COUPON

Dresdner Bank 1994 51/2 100 Finance (Amsterdam) European Coal & Union Bank of Finland Associated British Ports Luces Industries World Bank 1994 994 101 Nancallable, Fees 196%. (Kanealis Banking Group.)

Banque Paribas 111/4 101.45 99.70 Noncalable. Fees, 1975. Payable in January. (Banque Pari-bas Capital Markets.) Linxembourg Interfinance Crédit 1991 111/2 101.40 100.25 Noncolloble **Taranta Dominion** 1992 11 10116 Nancalable, Feet 14%, Payable in January, (USS Securities.) Bank (Cayman) Finance Company of 1991 15 Noncalable, Fees 1%%, increased from Aus\$50 million. Kredit Commercial de France. 101.60 Yield 4,15%. Noncollable. Proceeds 4,14 billion yen. Fees 19%. (Missui Trust Int.) Lavoro Bank 1993 zero 84.16 Overseas

Daishinpan 1992 444 100 99.00 Noncollable. Each \$5,000 note with one warrant ext into company's shares at 1,056 yen per share and at 124.10 yen per dallar, Fees 26%, (New Japan Securities Europe.) Life Company 1992 514 100 Noncellable, Each \$5,000 note with one warrant exercisable Nippon Stainless Steet 1992 4½ 100 Noncalable, Such \$5,000 note with one warrant ex

Tokyo Steel 1992 4% 100 modilable. Each \$5,000 note with one warrant ex into company's shares at 3,231 year per share and at 124,10 year per dollar, Fees 26%. (Nomuna Int'L) Redeemable at 121.213 in 1994 to yield 71/1%. Convertible into shares of Svenska Collulosa at 406 Swedish kranor per share, a 12% premium, and at 7.207 kranor per Eau. Fees 21/1%. Payable in January. (Svenska Infl.) Svenska Capital ECU 101 2004 414 100

*EUROBONDS: Dollar Could Firm as 1988 Closes

(Continued from first finance page) Rotterdam Bank offering of 250 million DM of 10-year floating rate notes bearing interest of 1/16 persons of floating rate notes for centage point over the London interbank offered rate. Investors cated bank credits. were offered an option to exchange the floating rate notes for fixedrate paper bearing a coupon of 6%

percent starting in 1990.

embourg, Interfinance Crédit National or Toronto Dominion Bank. interest rate margin of 11/4 percent-Veneznela that were really syndi-

Venezuela raised \$500 million by selling equal amounts of six-year, 10-year and 15-year notes bearing interest of 11/2 percentage points Bankers said there was no for- over Libor. Banks holding part of eign demand for the two sterling Venezuela's \$21 billion of foreign issues offered by Associated British debt were permitted to subscribe to debt were permitted to subscribe to Ports and Lucas Industries, or for the floaters with 20 percent new the Canadian dollar issues cash and 80 percent of the face launched for Banque Paribas Lux- value of the existing bank debt.

age points on the floaters compared with % percentage point on the rescheduled bank debt. Banks also get the convenience of having an easily tradeable bearer security Venezuela, like the other major

Latin debtors, has maintained full servicing on its public debt securi-ties while rescheduling only debts owed to banks and other private

In exchange, Venezuela was able to raise \$100 million in new money.

COMPUTERS: Japan Makes Advances in Market Bond Prices

(Continued from first finance page) est employees to a local football field here for the closest thing Japan's computer industry has to a grudge match. The opponent was rujitsu's archrival, NEC.

"In the first three quarters we won, 7-0," he recalled the other day at Fujitsu's new computer-development center in Kawasaki, near Tokyo. "Unfortunately, NEC had two touchdowns in the fourth quarter." Breaking into a smile, he said

Fujitsu "won't let the same thing happen in computers." So far, Mr. Hiraguri, a 31-year veteran of Fujitsu and a member of its board, has avoided such upsets in the business. But it is still early in the game. Since his division brought out its first supercomputer in 1982, it has sold 76 machines, all but 18 in Japan.

series of supercomputers.
In coming months, however, the

On Dec. 6, Fujitsu introduced its

newest generation of machines, Japan's biggest jump yet in a never-ending game of leapfrog. In 1

capped by a computer whose theo-retical top speed — rarely ap-proached when solving real prob-lems — is an astounding 4 billion of 1990 or later. operations a second, matching and be the world's fastest machine.

eration in the rate of pay increases in Britain in October both helped

the market. However, the increase

by the Bundesbank of its Lombard

rate and attendant fears of a new

rise in British rates slowed the up-

Volume was low at 1 billion to

Singapore

ward movement.

NEC, which dominates the per- But preannouncement rumors sonal computer market here but had promised something even bethas little experience with large ma-chines, has sold only 23 of is SX-A NEC, to see whether it can top Fujitsu's latest feat.

"We wanted to see what Friitsh competition is bound to get more does first," said Akihiro Iwaya, the senior program manager who plans NEC's supercomputer strategy. "Sometimes it is best not to go

In fact, NEC has the luxury of It was an impressive effort, time: One of the surprises of Fujit-

perhaps outdistancing the top speed of Cray's new Y-MP supercomputer, which was introduced out some sleek, economical, smaller models, but for now appears to last February and was believed to have dropped out of the speed

WORLD STOCKS IN REVIEW / Via Agence France-Presse

Amsterdam

The stock exchange had a fairly quiet week, and prices moved up slightly on average, in some cases assisted by takeover rumors.

The ANP-CBS general index closed the week at 280.2, against

277,2 the previous Friday.

Total volume reached 6.159 billion guilders, against 6.540 billion the previous week.

Frankfurt

Stock prices lost some ground Milan last week, although the trend firmed after the decision by the Stock prices were little changed, Bundesbank and some other European central banks to raise certain key interest rates.

although volume was slightly higher as the daily average rose to 36 million shares, against 30 million Bundesbank and some other Euro-

The Commerzbank index finthe previous week.

The Comit index finished at 573.41, compared with 575.63 the ished at 1,610.6, against 1,616.4 a week earlier. The DAX-30 spot trend indicator closed at 1,296.31, previous Friday. The market was not affected by Milan analysts' expectation that in-

Paris

Volume on the eight West German exchanges totaled only 15.35 terest rates would go up soon, after increases elsewhere in Europe. billion Deutsche marks, against 17.67 billion the previous week.

Hong Kong

Prices fell in sluggish trading on the Hong Kong exchange, with investors showing traditional presented to have begun early. The CAC price index finished at 393.4, slightly below the previous Friday's 394.2.

fell 42.20 points during the week to finish at 2,629.16 Friday, while the Average daily turnover dropped

Trading was lethargic last week, with hotel and property stocks the with hotel and property stocks the only stocks generating much interest.

The Straits Times Industrial Index finished at 1,002.55 points, upmarginally from 1,002.26 the previous property of the previous p ished higher. The 100-share Financial Times-Stock Exchange index finished at 1,002.55 points, up marginally from 1,002.26 the previous finished the week at 1,773.9,

30-share FT index closed at 1,436.0 dex lost 1.6 points to end at 283.36. rainst 1,429.4. Total turnover was 81.9 million
The announcement on Wednesunits worth 144.5 million Singaagainst 1,429.4. day of a U.S. trade deficit of \$10.35 pore dollars, billion — in line with analysts' pre-

Tokyo

dictions — and publication of fig-ures on Thursday showing a decel-Share prices on the Tokyo Stock Exchange suffered a setback after nine consecutive weeks of advances amid investor concern about higher interest rates abroad and the worsening condition of Emperor Hiro-

Stock average, which hit a record of 30,050.82 yen during the previous week, lost 256.71 yen to close the week at 29,536,71 yen Friday. The

The Tokyo Stock Price Index of all common stocks histed on the market's first section dropped 26.12 points to 2,279.36 after a 10.31-point gain the previous week.

Zurich

to 544.4 against 552.0.

The closely-watched Nikkei

average had gained 127.92 yen the

The Zurich market was in a somber mood during the latter part of the week after interest rate rises in Europe, which spread to Switzerland on Friday. The Credit Suisse index finished at 505.1, against 513.8 the previous Friday, while the Swiss Bank Corp. indicator was off

Treasury Bonds

Banking Dispute Ends BNP Perpetual Note Issue

By Carl Gewirtz

International Herald Tribune PARIS - A high-stakes poker game involving the French Finance owned banks and a panel of international banking supervisors moved into the open last week, when Banque Nationale de Paris withdrew plans to sell \$400 million of subordinated perpetual capital notes.

capital, or what the banking supervi-sors call Tier I capital. By pulling It remains to be seen whether the that it does not believe it can overequating perpetual capital notes view the French cannot win, with Tier I money, which is a bank's While bankers reported that the

equity capital must equal at least 8 percent of their assets, weighted for risk, by the end of 1992.

As BNP is government-owned, it cannot sell new shares to the public. To increase its capital, it must either get money from the government or get approval to raise funds some other way, perhaps through a partial or total privatization. The current Socialist government, however, has opposed selling an interest in the bank to the public.

For the present, the Finance Ministry is standing firm, insisting that the formula discarded by BNP can meet the standards of Tier I capital. This is made evident by the action of the state-owned Credit Lyonnais, which is adding \$150 million to \$350 million of perpetual capital notes already sold. Credit Lyonnais management believes the proceeds qualify as Tier 1 capital and says it is confident the supervisors' objection can be overcome.

At their early December meeting at the Bank for International Settlements, the supervisors argued that an essential feature of share capital is its capacity to act as a shock absorber. Share capital can be written down in value if a bank sustains substantial losses. The maiority of supervisors said that the perpetual notes lacked this capaci-The advantage to the banks is an ty to reinforce the solvency of a bank in trouble and therefore could not count as Tier 1. A special committee has been set up to analyze the pros and cons of the perpetuals.

> Meanwhile, Crédit Lyonnais believes that by seeking noteholders' approval to reword the contract on the original \$350 million issue to correspond with wording in the

Trade Data

NEW YORK - Disappoint ment over the latest U.S. trade deficit figures sent bond prices lower last week, although a dollar rally helped the credit markets overcome the worst of the losses.

The bellwether U.S. Treasury issue, the 30-year bonds due in 2018, fell to 99 12/32, down more than a point from the 100 13/32 at the end of the previous week. The yield on the bonds rose to 9.05 percent from 8.96 percent.

On Wednesday, the government reported a slight narrowing in the U.S. merchandise trade deficit, to

U.S. CREDIT MARKETS

\$10.35 billion in October from a revised \$10.67 billion in September October's figure was near the high end of market expectations causing some disappointment

By Friday, analysts said, the trade report had been all but forgotten as market participants foused on continued improvement in the dollar.

The currency markets contin to anticipate that the Federal Reserve Board would push interest rates higher by raising its discount rate, charged on loans to banking

"The dollar is higher due to the realization the Fed has pushed up short-term rates, as well as expectations of a hike in the discount rate," said Elizabeth Reiners, a vice presi dent and money market analyst with Dean Witter Reynolds Inc.

She said she thought the Fed would raise the discount rate by the end of the year, but other analysts said the central bank would be content to push the federal funds rate higher until January. The overnight interhank loan rate stood at about 8.94 percent Friday, up from 8.50 percent the previous week.

Relatively high short-term rates kept the yield curve on Treasury securities inverted last week. In a normal interest-rate environment long-term yields are higher than short-term returns to compensate lenders for increased risk. The current trend indicates the markets expect interest rates to rise in the near-term but then fall.

For example, while the 30-year yield was 9.05 percent, three-year notes returned 9.18 percent and 10year notes offered 9.16 percent.

U.S. Consumer Rates Tax Exempt Bands Band Buyer 23-Band Index 7.66 Money Market Funds 8.27 % Book Money Market Accounts Sonk Role Menitor Index 6.17 % Home Mortgogs, FHLB average

Source : New York Times.

new \$150 million issue, it can over- tra and Hachette SA were Gefina is now seeking a credit

come the supervisors' objections. The new wording, in essence, allows the bank to reduce the princi-Ministry, two leading French state pal amount of the capital notes if operating losses cause a cut in the

net worth of the bank. However, INTERNATIONAL CREDIT the wording will not harm noteholders because the amount of in-BNP had made clear from the terest payable on the notes will not outset that the sale of the securities be affected by any writedown in the was contingent on being able to nominal value of the securities nor count the proceeds as core equity will the redemption price of the so-

the issue, BNP is effectively stating Finance Ministry and the Commission Bancaire can sell this wording come opposition of the supervisors, to the Bank of England and the the Bank of England, to other supervisors. But in BNP's

share capital and disclosed reserves. BNP withdrawal has upset inves-In essence, BNP is challenging tors in Japan who were set to buy the Finance Ministry to provide the securities, Morgan Stanley & another channel by which the bank Co. — which is arranging the first can increase its capital base to com- use of the instruments by the nonply with new international stan- bank private sector - said the isdards. Under these rules, banks' sues for the French companies Ma-

tra, an electronics maker, will innine-year credit is composed of a Fuji Interpational Finance (Auscrease its capital base by \$250 million and the Hachette publishing and a line of 400 million francs that
house nill raise \$200 million leave. house will raise \$200 million. Interest on both issues is set at 1.1 per- during the first two years. centage points over the London in-

terbank offered rate for 15 years. In the syndicated loan market, what probably will be the year's last major syndication, given widespread reluctance to introduce new business over the year-end holiday period, is a French management buyout of Epeda-Bertrand Faure, billed as the largest European maker of automobile seats.

The buyout of Epéda is being mounted in the name of Societé Gefina, a company that has raised 2 billion francs through the sale of stock and convertible bonds to a broad range of French companies, such as Peugeot SA and Michelin & Compagnie. The deal was prompted by a hostile takeover offer from Valeo, a French automotive company controlled by Carlo de Bene-detti, the Italian financier.

American Exchange Ontions

will be used to service the loan The interest charge is set at 2

points, or 0.1 percent, on the main credit line, and 12½ basis points on the portion that will be used to service the debt. The loan is to be guaranteed by the Epéda stock. Pechiney SA, the state-owned metals company, is currently asking banks to propose terms and conditions for a loan of \$1.5 billion

percentage points over the Paris interbank offered rate. The com-

mitment fee is set at 10 basis

to finance its recent U.S. acquisition of Triangle Industries Inc. In Asia, Sumisho Lease (Hong Kong) Ltd. appointed J.P. Morgan Securities Ltd., Merrill Lynch International and Swiss Bank Corp. as dealers for a \$100 million Eurocommercial paper program. Sumi-tomo Trust & Banking will guarantee the facility.

proceeding without difficulty. Ma- facility of 2.15 billion francs. The \$100 million Euro-CP program for

In the sterling market, Barclays de Zocte Wedd, the merchant banking arm of Barclays, has arranged a £200 million commercia paper program for S&W Berisford PLC. The foods and services concern also has the option to issue paper denominated in U.S. dollars. In addition to BZW. Midland Bank and Swiss Bank Corp. have been appointed as dealers.

■ Seoul Sets Hungary Credit A consortium of South Korean banks is to lend Hungary \$65 milbion in the first syndicated foreign loan ever made by South Korea, Reuters quoted the national Yonhap news agency as saying in Seoul

The loan is being made by a syndicate of two state and six commercial banks and is repayable over 21/2 years after a grace period of 51/2 years, Yonhap said.

Puts | Option & price Calls

WHY JUNK IS ABOUT

TO LEVERAGE EUROPE

NOMURA MAY BE

BROKEN UP

THE JAPANESE AND 1992

THE SECRET BOOM IN

PRIVATE PLACEMENTS

	FI	gures as at close of trading	Friday.	1570 1772 1570 1772 1573 20 Microsi 40	71 13-16 F % 1 F 3-16 F F 4% 5%	3-16 7-16	42's 50 3-16 11-14 RoyDut 118 5% r 1164 115 116 245 1144 120 r ts	r 13-16	
Calls	Puts	Option & price Calls Pu	<u>!</u>	Puts	#13. 50 #13. 55 MiniSc 71:2 Mairia 35	1-16 2 7 1/2 7 7-16 5/3	3-16 179 Ave	SFeSP 15 146 / 1676 1772 / 7-14 1676 20 / 16 Soroll 40 47% 514 45 45 1-14 146	7-16 r 76 14s 37s 34s r Vo 15 14s
Jon Ph r 14 41a 11ia 3 34a	1-16 r 1-16 r 150 250 2 3-16	32% 32 2% 3% 1-le Coherp 55 6% 5 r 61% 60 1% 3 r 61% 65 r % 3% Cantel 45 r 3% r	1 lie 33 49 1-16 lie 5 Glores 1715 15 15 17 1 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 1	7% ; r ; 1% ; r ; r ; r 3-16	7 40% 40 7 40% 45 7 Avion 7½ 8% 10 NMedEn	19 13-16 r 5-16 r 11-16 r 1-16	1-16 11-16 r 43s r 13s r 13s	45 50 F La Sangre 5 2% F TV- 7V- 1-16 % TV- 1-16 % TV- 1-16 7V- 1-	514 51m r r 1-16 r
1 2/2 6	2 29m r 6/h r 3/h r r	25% 50 r 1 r Cetus 10 % 13-16 r 13% 12°2 r 10 r 13% 15 s 1-16 s Cross 25 3 r r 25% 33 r 3-16 1% ChemBa 30 v.6 1% 1-16	r Genvin r Genvin r Genvin vs Geodyr 45 3/5 r r 45% 50 r 11% 9-16 45% 55 r 3-16		N Semi 10 NetwSv 10 1814 1717 NiogMP 15	2 1/2 1 1/2 1 1/4 1 1/4 1 1/4	176 r	Showmel 2245 f lag Shikes 29 445 r 2476 25 1-16 114 150000n 25 1-16 139 Songs 30 f lag Songs 30	
7 316 1 2 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	79 r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r	Cheurn 45 11-16 174 r Cheurn 45 11-16 174 r Cheurn 45 11-16 174 r 45 50 r 6 17 3 7	r Grace 22% 2% r r 35 35 1-16 76 r 25 30 r % 9-16 GIABP 45 % r r Greyhd 39 r % c 28% 25 r %	r 1 Va r Va 1 756	Poca 1712	7	24 L	5vmgTc 17/2 11-16 11/2 18/2 20 r % TRW 46 3% 4 43% 45 r 11-16 Tondy 40 1113-16 41 45 r 5-16	r 19 r r r 14 r 214 1-16 1
F 5-16	r 8 r r 89 199 376 r r r	13 15 r 1s r	r 25% 40 r 3-16 r HorBrJ 10 r 16 r Hecta 12% 1-16 11-16 r 12% 15 r 16 r 12% 17% r 16 r Hercul 40 4% r 1 46% 43 1-16 11%	7 1 1-16 17 21/2 1 5 5 7 1	2613 40 Penney 50 57% 55 Pennell 70 103% 75	7 1-16 3 7 7 34 7 7 284 7 22'4 2312	r 116 r 489 r 169 r 19	41 50 r Vs Tondern 1745 r 444 1746 15 242 214 1746 1740 r 34 1746 25 8 r	316
14 12 49 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14	3-13 14s r 15 1-16 11-14	ConAp 30 r % 249 Con Ed 45 114 r r Constel 35 r r r Constel 35 r 376 r 280 do r 736 r Constel 5 r r %	75-16 44% 50 r % Hershy 25 1-16 13-1	7-16 3-14 1-16 3-14 1-16 4 2-16 4 1 13-14	103% ES 103% 93 152% 95 163% 100 103% 105 Pilyer 50	19 20 13 15 9 1014 5 612 5 346	7 % 7 % 7 % 7 % 7 % 7 % 7 % 7 % 7 % 7 %	TeleCra 22V2 r 2 24Va 25 r Va 24Va 30 r 1-16 Terreco 45 2V2 r 48 50 1-16 Va Terreco 49 11V4 11V2	r 5-16 144 134 r r 246 244
r 5-16 2 3-16 2 3-16 1 16 1 16 1 16 1 16	f f 3 f 7 f 34 34 7 3-16 7 3-6	5 7/2 r 1-16 r Cooper 50 r 4/6 r Costco 15 1/2 f r DSC 7/6 r 5/16 r Decre 40 7 5 r 47 45 7/6 7/6 7/6 7/6 7/6 7/6 7/6 7/6 7/6 7/6	2% 25 r 9-16 r 22% 30 r 3-16 r (nigon) 1762 s 3/9 r 25% 20 % 13-16 s 25% 22% r 13-16 r Kellop 55 8% r	246 7 5 1-16 13-16 27/2	589a 55 589a 60 Phelos 45 487a 50 487a 52 Ph. Mor 75	3½ 4½ 1-16 34 3% 4% 1-16 1 7-16 1 F 7-16 22 9	r 5-16 1% 7% r % 5-16 2% 6 6% 1-16 5	574a 45 676 646 514a 50 1% 29-14 574a 55 5 2 Torchen 30 76 1 U Carb 26 5 476 249 2717 246 246	1-16 1 5 4% 7 7
24 34 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	r % r r r 3-16 1-16 17-16 r 514	Dig Eq. 80 f 15 r 1449 85 793 1852 r 1449 90 444 6 1-16 1449 95 1-16 234 95 1449 100 1-18 11-16 r 1449 105 5 9-16 5	3-16 63191 45 r 196 36 KimoCl 50 r RV4 15-16 5779 55 246 446 (11-14 5779 45 1-16 176 6 5779 45 1-16 776 r 5779 70 1-16 V2	11/2 1 f 3-14 f 3-14 7 27% 34	98 90 98 90 98 95 1 98 100 1 98 1712 7 20 20	17% F 7% E% 2% 4% 1-16 1% 2% 2% 1-16 11-16	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 13-14 24 376 7 1-16 7 1-16	24% 25 1-16 1 1-16 24% 30 r 3-16 Unlays 25 3% 3% 284 30 1-16 7-16 284 25 r 1-16 284 25 r 1-16 284 35 r 1-16	7 3-14 2 2% 7 7
14 13 11-14	1-16 11/6 54 1	941s 110 5 5-16 5 940 115 5 2-16 5 940 125 5 3-16 5 941s 125 5 95 5 105 7 125 5 105 7 125 105 7 7 125 105 7 7 125 105 7 7 125	r Kroser 742 s 13-14 r Krose a 48 s 774c r 55 s r r Lilly 85 445 r r 894 80 1-14 24a	5 1 8 4 5 10 7 1	62% 65 Pitney 40	7 3-14 7 1344 7 5% 2 4% 1-16 34 110 210	76 2% 7 7-16 1-16 13-16 3-161 11-16 3 3 7 9-16	2676 35 s 1-16 Votere 5 376 r 872 772 15-16 1 3-16 873 10 r 4 Voring 25 14 r Walgen 30 1 176	; ;
9 % 6 5 1% 7 -14113-14	3	65% 65 % 5% r 65% 65 % 170 1-16 65% 70 r % r Denety 35 r r % 66, Pnt 75 r 12 8, 66 66 68 r	18/1 17/2 17/2 3/4 18/4 17/2 17/2 17/4 18/4 20 r 5-16 1 LoPoc 25 r 3/4 1-16 28/4 30 r r 3-16 Lytpo 10 13/4 17-16	7 175 246 7 W 201 246	1644 15 1444 1745 1644 29 17 Proc G 75 1844 80	317 5 1 1-16 196 1-16 11-16 1 5-16 912 1 416 506	7 9-16 192 134 379 7 7 7	31% 35 1-16 % Wro Len 70 594 r 7514 75 17-16 372 7514 80 r 1 14 Wells 50 s r	
7 14 76 24 16 1 1 36 14 13-16	r r 1-10 36 5-10 14 r r vs vs	Beta 85 14a 215-16 1-1	11-16 11-36 12-37 r % mocAll 55 43-6 s r 904-1 90 4 s s 7-16 43-6 12-37 r 94-30 r 4-16 12-36 12-	7 14 7 1 7 1 7 14	8/A 90 PSEG 25 Quak\$1 15 16V2 17V2 14V2 20	1-16 2 r 7-16 r r 11/3 r r 1-16	5-16 294 1	40% 40 s 134 40% 45 r 5-14 40% 70 r 1-14 Wester 50 2% 3% 52% 55 r 36	7 5% 7 7 7 % 2% 2%
No 11-16 F F F	790 7	30 30 is in in in in Flactor 25 1-16 13-16 1-16 15-16	11-16 Pro 19 19-14 P 11-16 Pro 10 Pr Va Pro 10 Pr Va 14-12 Pr Va 14-12 Pr Va 14-12 Pr Va 11-16 Pr Va 1	. r	85 90 85 95 85 186 85 186	1 13-16 1 1 13-16 1 1-16 1 14 14 14 1-16 16	5 J 5% 64 10 19% 15% 15 r 19% r 3-16 2 179	WyseTc 5 s 136 436 7½ r 36 436 10 r 1-16 Zentih 15 3¼ r 1844 1745 1½ 124 1834 28 r 9	r 136
F 338 R 146 F 746	1111	GenRa S2 5% r r 55% S1 1 2 r GentbPd 55 17a 3 r Giller 30 213-16 3% r 33 35 r 11-16 24	r 25% 35 r 5-16 r Merrii 27% % 211-16 5-16 24% 35 r 1-16 % 21% 24% 30 r 1-16	L 24	10% 15 10% 17% Rorer 30	1-16 3 1-16 5 r	r 414 5 r 5 Va 7 5-14	Total values 227,728 Ceen in r—Not traded, s—None o	leresi 2,152,174 Mered, e—Old.

Don't miss the December issue of Euromoney

Why the Euromarket is ready for junk

Japanese banks prepare to storm Europe ahead of 1992.

Private placements - more lucrative, more secretive, and more of them.

The Asian 100 - Euromoney's annual ranking of the best and the also-rans in Asian banking.

Hard times for foreign banks in Switzerland.

Free Trial Subscription Offer

Free Euromoney Desk Diary when you pay for an annual subscription

Complete and return the order form below and we'll be pleased to send you the December issue of Euromoney - the leading journal for every financial executive. You can then judge for yourself how useful Euromoney could be to you and your business. We'll also send you an invoice for an annual subscription. If you decide that Euromoney is not for you, simply write 'cancel' on the invoice and return it you'll owe us nothing. But if you do decide to subscribe we'll be delighted to send you a Euromoney 1989 Desk Diary once we have receipt of your payment. Euromoney is only available by postal subscription so don't miss this opportunity.

Yes, please send me a free copy of Euromoney. I understand I will also be sent an invoice for an annual subscription which I can cancel without obligation.	Job Title
Annual subscription rates (Please tick the rate for your area) UK £86 Europe £115	Address
USA/Canada US\$226 Rest of World £165 If you're already familiar with Euromoney and would like to send payment with order please complete the details below:	Post/Zipcode
Cheque enclosed, made payable to Euromoney Publications PLC Amex No.	Country
Please return to: Subscriptions Department, Euromoney Publications	Date.

EUROMONEY ORDER FORM

INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE, MONDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1988 Page 12 NASDAO National Market 52 35 106 13 52 24 Barris
Barris
Barris
Barris
Barris
Barris
Basam
Basam
Basam
Basam
Basam
Basam
Basam
Basam
Basam
Barris
Bayasa
Baya /506 46) 444 63 18 8 197 287 469 # 15 # 15 1.35e24.6 .85e85.0 2.16e38.4 1.00 2.9 .16b 2.1 1.24 4.4 .50 3.1 1442 3% 232 2 800 2% 817 8% 1246 3% .60 2.9 1,20 6.5 925 3.6 ,30 1.9 1,98 3.1 26e 3.3 ## 45 ## 144 ## 145 ## 144 ## 155 ## 144 ## 155 ## 144 ## 155 ## 144 ## 155 ## 144 ## 155 ## 144 ## 155 ## Dort Golden Gold Finisher
Fin Ambient
America
Anoren
Ano 2017年4年 1717年 17

findicial world under the silence amounts 1

The following

Chica

letters receive following the "A Hero from the highlights Department of Board of Longian Communications of Longian Communi

I had to
I was at this hu
will be at lease
not to publish
to the Monopol
Commission is
you won the ban
"stablishment"





A Hero from Zero

The following extracts are taken from letters received by the Board of Lonrho following thousands of requests for "A Hero from Zero" — the book covering the highlights of the evidence given to the Department of Trade Inspectors by the Board of Lonrho.

dezvous

- I was at this huge injustice.... I hope you will be at least reassured that the decision not to publish the report and not to refer it to the Monopolies and Mergers

 Commission is as clear a sign as any that you won the battle making the "establishment" look like clowns in the financial world.... 99

 MEMBER OF PARLIAMENT
- 66....under the present Government....
 silence amounts to guilt....?

- 66....the matters raised should be immediately referred to the Monopolies Commission and I have written accordingly to my MP....99
- 66....a copy of the book has gone to my MP. It will be interesting to know his reaction and that of other MP's....99
- 66....the farce of the Harrods takeover was quite disgraceful and has completely besmirched the so called fairness of the DTI....99
- 66....amazed and shocked at utter incompetence and complacent attitude of the DTI....99
- 66....as a result of your report I hope public opinion will put pressure on the persons concerned to obtain a speedy conclusion to this affair....99

- 66....the way I see things Lord Young's decision, which was to be expected, is really only a temporary set-back. Yours is the final victory....99
- 66....A Hero from Zero uncovers the extremes to which government will go to assist its friends.... 99
- hounding everyone in sight...demanding judicial reviews and goodness knows what else.' I think it's about time that malpractices such as the Fayeds' takeover of House of Fraser and its resultant coverup as your report so clearly explains were brought out into the open where they belong. There's far too much being swept under the carpet in this country....99

 A FORMER EMPLOYEE, HOUSE OF FRASER

A HERO FROM ZERO
The story of the takeover
of Harrods
by Mohammed Fayed

Over 60,000 illustrated copies of the English edition of A Hero from Zero have been distributed and it is now also available in French and Arabic.

To: The Company Secretary, Lonrho Plc, Cheapside House, 138 Cheapside, London EC2V	6BL.
Please send me a free copy of A Hero from Zero	
NAME	·····
ADDRESS	
POSTCODE	IHT

Ewing and Knicks Discover the Formula

Shrewd Dealing for Players Plus High-Energy Coaching

By William Gildea NEW, YORK - In Patrick Ewing Rick Pitino and Al Bianchi, the New York Knickerbookers have hit Knicks had beaten his Kings rethe trifects. Bianchi makes the cently; he labeled them as good as

deals, Pitino draws the Xs and Os any NRA team with the exception and directs floor proceedings like a of the Lakers. Times Square traffic cop and Ewing shows the way - the emergent exuberant, diminutive Pitino and team leader in his fourth pro sea-son. The winnings could include a title in the Atlantic Division of the National Basketball Association. the reserved, mountainous Ewing. But they are both prodigies of the game, Pitino having been a college head coach at 25 and Ewing a bud-

Madison Square Garden is getting to be the caldron it was in 1972-73, when the five retired numbers hanging from the ceiling — Frazier, Monroe, Reed, DeBusschere and Bradley — were winning the league championship. Corporate types are out again in their suits, authenticating Knicks trendiness. Long-suffering fans still boo, but less frequently as Knicks lapses

The pot is stirred by an organist with something to sound off about, and a short man who dances under-neath a basket during timeouts. But the main men are:

e Pitino, a boyish-looking, ambitions (he interrupted his wedding night to interview for an assistant's job) worksholic (he cut short the honeymoon) described by his for-mer boss, Hubie Brown, as having a "frantic, controlled energy."

· Ewing, of whom four-year teammate Gerald Wilkins says,
"He's really matured. He's caught
up with what Patrick Ewing can
do."

· Bianchi, plucked from the obscurity of 12 seasons as a Phoenix assistant to become a Broadway smash by stealing rebounder Charles Oakley in a deal with Chicago that has helped put the Knicks

[On Saturday, the Knicks won their season-high sixth straight game, beating the Washington Bul-lets 117-102, The Associated Press reported from New York. It gave the Knicks their longest winning streak since they won six in a row in November 1984. The victory gave the Knicks a 10-1 record at home.]

bockers are in first place, and mak-

ing an emphatic impression on their opposition. Sacramento Coach Jerry Reynolds paid them the

They look an odd couple, the ding franchise in high school. Pienvisioned for Ewing as a pro. And

Ewing has taken advantage. "He's been terrific," said Pitino, after a recent victory over Denver. The slender, dark-haired Pitino is 36 but could pass for much younger. He's a fast-talker. "Terrific" is one of his favorite words.

Ewing's increasing dominance is no accident. Nothing that concerns Pitino seems accidental. In his secand year as New York head coach he knows exactly what he wants and - unlike his immediate predecessors - seems to know how to

To begin with, even though he was ensconced as coach at Providence College, he wanted to be coa-ch of the Knickerbockers. He had been interviewed before anyone else when the job opened in April 1987. But the job remained vacant and Pitino even signed an exten-sion of his Providence contract. When the Knicks finally filled another long vacancy that July, naming Bianchi general manager, Bianchi promptly learned that Pitino still wanted to be coach.

"The pluses were that he was from New York," said Bianchi, "and he had been here before," as Brown's assistant in 1983-85. Pitino also had turned losing programs into winners at Boston University and Providence, and done it fast, taking Providence to the Final Four of the NCAA tournament in his second season.



Rick Pitino



'My teammates have been getting me the ball and my shots are falling. I've been playing a lot, getting a lot of minutes. Things are just starting to fall into place.' Patrick Ewing, Knicks center.

ward. While a regular 20-point scorer, Ewing had been bogged down with a bad team and his career had yet to lift off. Pitino called John Thompson of Georgetown.

"He just told me he wishes he had 12 players like Patrick Ewing from an attitude standpoint, he'd be in the national-championship spotlight every year," said Pitino. "He has a tremendous attitude."

"You get a Georgetown kid, you get three main ingredients: some-one who's very respectful to a coach and to his teammates; two, you get someone who's very, very loyal; the third thing, you get somebody who works hard."

Bianchi, too, was looking for ways to make Ewing happy and productive because Bianchi considers him "the rock of the franchise."

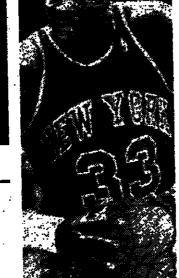
"I'm not throwing stones at Hu-"Bianchi said. "Certain guys iy better for different coaches. Patrick has responded. Patrick is always saying he likes to win, and it started at the end of last season. When there's a vast difference you've got to credit the coach." Pitino and Ewing seem as well

The result is that the Knickercockers are in first place, and mak
Nowember 1984. The victory gave checking up on Ewing, who had been plagned by injuries his first two seasons. Ewing also had had a combination paid off with a late drive and a playoff berth. This sea-

who had tried to make him a for- son, Ewing's game has picked up even more. Impry free, he's averaging 22.6 points and 9.7 rebound Before this season, Pitino had a

"I said, Patrick, you're one of the oldest guys on the team and you've only been in the league a short period of time. But you have got to lead because you're the best player and you also have to lead because everybody looks up to you. He's doing a terrific job." Meanwhile, Bianchi has worked

to build up around the "rock of the franchise" rather than chip away at the "rock's" strengths as Brown seemed to. Brown had tried a forward Johnny Newman out of "Twin Towers" linear with 7-foot Richmond from NBA waivers. Al-Bill Cartwright and Ewing; while that had long been abandoned, Bianchi wrote a timely last chapter on 30-year-old Cartwright's Knick-erbockers career by trading him in June for Bulls forward Charles Oakley, just 25 years old this Sunday. Oakley had led the league in rebounds over two seasons and could throw the outlet pass that would let Pitino open up his offense. This season, the Knicks'



inside. They complement each oth-

"The load is not on Patrick to rebound," said Wilkins. "Now Patrick can rotate off to block shots, to make steals, to help another gny out. And if he misses the block, Oakley's there to rebound. He can gamble more. He's not in foul trouble much anymore because he used to have to go get all the rebounds Now he can just pick his spots. He doesn't have to go all the way across the floor, he has Oakley to helo him.'

A year ago, Bianchi made anoth er shrewd move. He plucked small ready, Bianchi and Pitino had lucked into a top-quality floor gen-eral in Mark Jackson, the prize draft choice of 1987. The holdover

Wilkins became their fifth starter. The starting five are just the right age for Pitino. They reflect his energy and tenacity: They run and shoot, and press a lot on defense. They exude enthusiasm, just as Pitino would have it.

"My teammates have been getscoring average has soared from 102 a year ago to 120, and Ewing is playing a relaxed game.

"Oakley likes to play outside," said Pitino, "Patrick likes to play into place."

NORTH AMERICA

Schneider,

Girardelli Triumph

VAL ZOLDANA, Italy — Vrem Schneider of Switzerland, her toughest competitor having fallen, won Sunday's giant slalom and moved closer to winning the 1989 World

Cup women's overall title.

Marc Girardelli of Luxem bourg won his second slalom this season Saturday in this season Saturday in Kranjska Gora, Yugoslavia, and moved into first place in the men's overall standings.

Schneider, 24, the world and Olympic champion, won her third race this season, and 16th

in cap competition, by edging Mateja Svet of Yngoslavia. That gave Schneider a commanding lead of 107 points overall after six races. Unike Maier of Austria, in second

place, has 63 points. Maier, after the fastest first run, fell midway down the sec-ond, ending her chance for a

first cup victory.

She reached the finish line in tears and said that in the excitement at the prospect of victory she had lost control of

her nerves and her skis. In Kranjska Gora, Armin Bittner of West Germany was second to Girardelli, with Al-

berto Tomba of Italy third. Girardelli's victory put him atop the overall standings with 80 points. Defending champion Pirmin Zurbriggen of Switzerland fell back to second with 62 points, 10 ahead of Tomba (See Scoreboard)



Marc Girardelli

SIDELINES

Sanctions Against Sooners Reported OKLAHOMA CITY (AP)—A television station has reported that the NCAA is placing the University of Oklahoma football program on three years probation, banning the team from television appearances in 1989, and barring it from postseason competition in 1989 and 1990 for recruiting violations.

Station KOCO-TV of Oklahoma City said it had a obtained a copy of the NCAA report due to be released Monday. The station also reported that the NCAA will tell the school that the number of official paid visits by presspective athletes will be limited to 50 for the next two years.

by prospective athletes will be limited to 50 for the next two years.

Athletic Director Donnie Duncan and his assistant, John Underwood said they would have no comment about the report. Football coach Barry Switzer could not be reached for comment. Oklahoma will play Clemson. in the Citrus Bowl Jan. 2.

Nykanen Masters 70-Meter Ski Jump

SAPPORO, Japan (Combined Dispatches) — Matti Nykanen of Finland soared to a final jump of 90 meters in near-perfect form Saturday to win the 70-meter World Cup ski jump here for his first victory of the Nykanen, the triple gold medalist in the Calgary Olympics last February, made a quick exit from jumping competition in Canada earlier this month after a poor performance. But on Saturday, he sailed 88.5 meters

(290 feet) on his first jump for a total score of 219.7 points. On Sunday, Jan Bockloev of Sweden won the 90-meter competition He had the longest jump in each round to gain 222 points, finishin of Ari-Pekka Nikkola of Finland and Nykanen.

Stanley Wins New Zealand Open Golf

WELLINGTON, New Zealand (Renters) - Ian Stanley survived a late charge by fellow Australian Mike Clayton to win the New Zealand Open Golf tournament on Sunday with an 11-under-par, four-round open courtournament on sunday with an 11-unocr-par, 100r-round total of 273. Stanley, 40, carded a final round of 72, one over par, to secure a three-stroke victory in the \$90,000 tournament. Corey Pavin of the United States finished third.

For the Record

Wings of the Soviets, a second-division club from the Volga city of Kuibyshev, has become the first Soviet team to sign a foreign player. The Sovietsky Sport newspaper reported that a Bulgarian, Tenyo Minchev, had signed a one-year contract.

Italy's Francesco Damiani, 30, retained his European heavyweight boxing crown and his undefeated record by knocking out a West German challenger, Manfred Jassmann, in the third round of their title fight in Sassari, Sardinia, on Saturday. Damiani hopes to fight Mike Tyson for the world title next summer.

Sweden has been chosen to host the final round of the 1992 European soccer championship. The eight-team championship round will be staged in Stockholm, Goeteborg, Malmoe and Norrkoeping in June 1992. Qualifying matches will run from 1990 to late 1991. (AP)

Akeem Olajuwon, the Houston Rockets basketball star, who will earn \$1.52 million this season, must pay his former guiffriend a \$10,000 lump sum and \$1,500 per month in temporary child support for the counter five-month-old daughter, a judge has ruled in Houston.

(AP)

In Pocatello, Idaho, Furman defeated Georgia Southern, 17-12, to with NCAA Division I-AA championship in football. (AP) USC has been publicly reprins anded by the Pac-10 conference for four violations of NCAA rules involving payments to members of the men's basketball team in 1985-86, the Pac-10 has announced.

(LAT)

Ouotable

• Bobby Orr, the former star of the Boston Bruins, on hockey violence: We've got to get it out of our game . . . The fans do not want to see it. We

WEATHER

1 Pineapples, to a 10 Sate 14 Arthur and Lillie 15 Key ——. 1948 Bogart film

ACROSS

- engineer, e.g. 20 i, to a haustrau
- 21 First mother's 22 Songbirds 24 Legitimate fifthy
- 27 Western alliance: Abbr.
- 31 Playwright Fugard 34 V-shaped fortification work
- 35 A neighbor of Ger. 36 Culinarian 37 Americium or
- europium 38 Ending for kitchen 40 Homemaker's
- 43 Down and 33
- 41 Surgical device 42 This may be
- natural 44 Ben of fiction 46 Commuting
- Northumbria 52 Soft mineral
- 53 Nigerian native 54 Injure
- 55 Co-author of an advice column 58 Communications
- word 59 Course 60 Nomad's abode 61 Require 62 Jet of fine
- particles 63 Nervous DOWN 1 Like an
- unwatched pot 2 Moslem pilgrim's destination
- ---- Picchu 4 Buckeyes' coll. 5 Odalisques, e.g. 6 Exectator 7 Goddess of discord

8 it won't swel when bruised

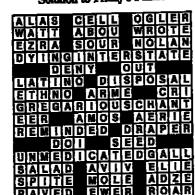
9 Not causing infection

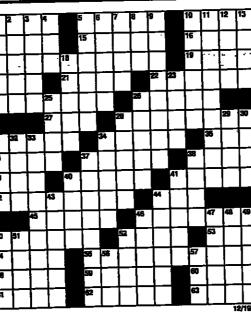
- 11 Diminutive divans 12 Bread spread 13 Desires 18 Tricycle part
- 23 Tuesday appliance?
- 25 Partner of cranny 26 TV breaklast
- lare? 28 Distance for Coe 29 Stringed instrument 30 North Sea
 - 31 Top server on a court? 32 Volume 33 See 40 Across
 - 34 Answer, in a way 37 Oriels 40 Matte
 - 41 Careen 43 See 40 Across 44 Pacific-theater

46 Magna

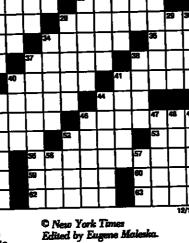
- 47 Sculled 48 Challenger delect: 1986 49 Towering 50 Arabia's Gulf of
- 51 Auction action 52 Bull: Comb. **56 Unruly locks**

Solution to Friday's Puzzle





10 Allowance prerequisite



BLONDIE





BUT EARLY ON I GATE JULIUS A CLUE THAT I WAS SOING TO BE A LAZY HOUSEWIFE



SORRY, I'M

SAVING MYSELF

FOR MARRIAGE

13 55 3 77 d MIDDLE EAST

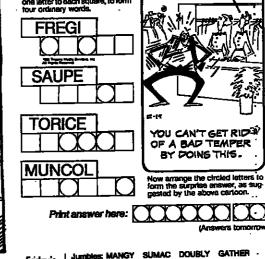




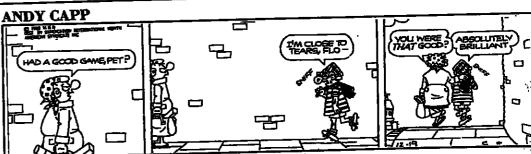








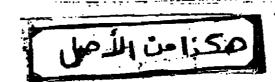
Jumphes: MANGY SUMAC DOUBLY GATHER -











MONDAY SPORTS

Historic Davis Cup For West Germans

since winning the U.S. Open.

the world's No. 1 player, Wi-lander, 8-10, 1-6, 6-2, 6-4, 8-6.

him," said Steeb, who is ranked 74 in the world. "And I did."

That was followed in more

expected fashion by Becker's 6-3, 6-1, 6-4 defeat of Edberg, the

Wimbledon champion. Less

than 24 hours later, West Ger-

many had an unassailable 3-0

The most embarrassed loser

was Jarryd, winner of five

Struggling throughout the three-hour doubles match, Jar-

ryd dropped his six last service

games. He was broken twice in

"I don't know what went

wrong," he said. "When you start

losing your serve, you get tense. I

tried to change my serve from the third set, but it didn't work.

But at the same time they start-

Edberg the only player who never lost his serve, said that with "a little bit of luck we

ed to return so much better."

Grand Slam doubles titles.

each of the last three sets.

"I truly believed I could beat

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispensives singles match with Becker, BONN — West Germans pleading a recurrence of the woke Sunday to banner headlines proclaiming a historic Davis Cup triumph in Sweden. Bild am Sonntag carried a massive five column headline proclaiming "We are the Kings of Tennis" following the decisive doubles victory Saturday when Boris Becker and Eric Jelen fought back in Goteborg to Di beat Stefan Edberg and Anders
Vi That gave their team an un-

That gave their team an un-beatable 3-0 lead over the fa-(vored defending champion, Sweden. West Germany had won the Davis Cup title for the first time. Bild am Sonntag backed up ts headline with four full inside Prages on the triumph. The Ex-Obress called it "the greatest day In the history of German

The only criticism was directrdl at television: Both national lannels had telecast only high-Fights, since exclusive rights to the final had been bought by a rivate satellite channel serving inly six million subscribers.

The Swedes salvaged one victory Sunday when Edberg beat Carl-Uwe Steeb, 6-4, 8-6, in a match which, having become meaningless, was shortened to best-of-three sets. But Mats Wilander pulled out of his reverse



would have won it in three "But they played well for a couple of games and they won the third set. Then it was pretty tight in the fourth. We came back to 3-all, but from then on the Germans took over. They played very confident and everyg was going for them."

(AFP, AP, UPI, Reuters)



Boris Becker, bottom left, and Eric Jelen clinched the Davis Cup victory after Carl-Uwe Steeb's unexpected triumph.



Head coach Sam Wyche of the Bengals was congratulated with a hug by lineman Skip McClendon.

Eagles Beat Cowboys, Win NFC East's Championship

ningham's two touchdown passes son after Cum

and a ball-hawking defense that in-tercepted Steve Pelluer three times

4 1-yard pass to Quick.

Jets 27, Glants 21: In East Ruth-League's NFC East Division title.

The New York Giants' loss to the New York Jets left the Eagles on San Francisco defeating the Los and Giants tied with 10-6 records. Angeles Rams on Sunday night.

The Bayles won their first division. The Jets had led most of the The Eagles won their first division

NFL ROUNDUP

title since 1980 because they swept the two games against the Giants. They will be making their first appearance in the playoffs since 1981.

conningham passed for touchdowns of 12 yards to Keith Jackson and 15 to Milee Quick and Luis Zendejas kicked field goals of 37, 27, and 27 yards against the Cowboys.

After Herschel Walker's oneyard scoring run gave Dallas a 7-0 lead in the first period lead, safety Wes Honkins steadied the defense Wes Hopkins steadied the defense

IRVING, Texas - Randall Con- yard scoring pass to tight end Jack-

Sunday gave the Philadelphia Ea-gles a 23-7 victory over the Dallas Cowboys and the National Football hopes of winning the NFC East.
The Giants' playoff hopes hinged

> game until Phil Simms rallied the Giants into a 21-20 lead with 4:54 remaining. Simms, who threw for three touchdowns, passed nine yards to Lionel Manuel for their team's first lead.

But the Jets came right back. driving 52 yards in eight plays, with Ken O'Brien passing to Toon in the corner of the end zone after the receiver had beating Tom Flynn. Saints 10, Falcons 7: In New Orleans, Morten Andersen kicked a 30-yard field goal with five sec-onds left to beat Atlanta, but the

Saints were eliminated from playoff contention minutes later when Philadelphia won in Dallas. The Saints had trailed by 9-7 after Greg Davis kicked his third

field goal, a 39-yarder with 6:03 left. They got the ball on their 20-yard line with 4:56 left and drove mickly, with Bobby Hebert cometing three of five passes on the drive, one a 12-yarder to Lonzell Hill on fourth and seven at his 39. Dalton Hilliard, who gained 127 yards on 25 carries, rusi times for 30 yards on the drive. He scored the only touchdown on a 13-yard pass from Hebert in the third

Browns 28, Offers 23: In Cleveland, Don Strock overcame four early turnovers and passed for 326 yards and two touchdowns, the last a 22-yarder to Webster Slaughter that beat Houston and set up a rematch between the two teams in next Saturday's AFC wild-card game in the same stadium.

Strock overcame three first-half interceptions and a fumble to drive the Browns to three second-half touchdowns after they had fallen behind by 23-7. Earnest Byner scored twice in that half.

The touchdown to Slaughter,

with 6:23 to play, came on a post pattern that ended an 11-play, 89yard drive and gave the Browns their only lead of the game. Strock was 25 of 42 passing. He started because Bernie Kosar hurt his knee in the loss at Miami last

Bentley on the next play.

Blanda in 1962.

tion returns and Warren Williams

Monday night. Colts 17, Bills 14: In Indianapolis, Gary Hogeboom replaced an injured Chris Chandler in the fourth quarter and passed for 89 yards and two touchdowns to beat Buffalo, but the Colts were climinated from playoff contention when Cleveland beat Houston. final 30 seconds of overtime beat

Valparaiso 71, Notre Dame 68: Valparaiso, Indiana, Scott Anselm scored his 20th and 21st points on foul shots with 16 seconds left to down passes to Andre Reed. 64-59, with 31 seconds left in regula-deficit early in the fourth quarter, tion before twice missing the first of drove 80 yards before Hogeboom's Clancy, 33, has a 128-140 career record, with a 4.10 earned-run-average. He made \$900,000 last season.

Clancy, 11-13 in 1988 with a 4.49 ERA, will get including two homers and 33 RBIs. one-and-one foul shots and the first touchdown pass, a three-



er for the New England Patriots, held onto the ball despite a booming tackle by Tyrone Braxton of the Denver Broncos.

while the defense throttled Miami's

quarterback, Dan Marino. The Steelers turned Marinothrown interceptions into Woodruff's 78-yard, first-period touch-down and Jordan's 28-yarder in the fourth period. They were the first touchdowns scored this season by Pittsburgh's defense, which led the

Marino, a Pittsburgh native who threw for 404 yards and four touchdowns in a 38-31 victory over Cleveland last Monday, failed to throw a touchdown pass for only the fourth time in his last 51 games and left midway through the last quarter. The Steelers' offense gained 305

up by the Dolphins.

Bengals 28, Redskins 17: In Cincinnati, Jim Breech kicked a 20-

ship in seven years. The Bengals avoided a loss when Chip Lohmiller hit the right upright with a 29-yard field goal attempt with five seconds left in regulation. Then a fumble by the Redskins' quarterback, Doug Wil-

The Bengals will host a playoff ame on New Year's weekend in

Indianapolis. Instead the Broncos

On Sunday, the Broncos' coach, Dan Reeves, fired five of his seven defensive assistants after the Broncos missed the playoffs for the first

straight loss in Denver, where they haven't won since 1968.

Winder and Dorsett, with short touchdown runs, staked the Broncos to a 14-10 lead at halftime. In the second half, punter Mike Horan, the team's lone selection to the Pro Bowl, twice pinned the Patriots back at their five-yard line. After the second punt, and the

Patriots' inability to advance past their 18, the Broncos took possession near midfield and marched in to score with 9:18 left. Dorsett, who gained 86 yards rushing, ran for 15 on the first play, then John Elway completed two passes and Winder bolted 17 yards up the midran for 117 yards and a touchdown dle to set up his four-yard score.

N. Carolina Routs UCLA as Reid Returns

CHAPEL HILL, North Carolina --- All-America J. R. Reid, having missed six weeks of the U.S. college basketball season with a stress fracture in his left foot, sparked a first-half burst Saturday as North Carolina, ranked No. 8 in

COLLEGE BASKETBALL

The Associated Press poll, routed No. 20 UCLA, 104-78. "I played pretty well considering

I was out of shape a little bit," said the 6-foot, 9-inch (2.05-meter) forward, who had last played in a

down low," he said. "I was basically going in to play defense today. I wasn't trying to force any offense." He said "the foot didn't bother me at all. It's well enough.

game in the Olympics in Scoul.
"I was just trying to do the things
I was supposed to do: play hard defense, get the ball in the post, score

Reid, coming in as a reserve, got six points and four rebounds in 10 minutes. All his points came during an 11-0 run that put the Tar Heels,

year contract worth \$3.45 million.

back to the club's first year in 1977.

Jays, has joined the Houston Astros, signing a three-

come up with that much guaranteed, I probably

third-worst defeat ever.

Reid entered with 4:19 gone in the game. The Tar Heels then overmed the Bruins with a man-toman pressure defense, forcing four turnovers and holding the visitors scoreless for 41/2 minutes.

"I thought we were prepared for " UCLA's Trevor Wilson said. We just didn't execute what we were supposed to do when the North Carolina led at the half, 55-36. UCLA never got within 15 points in the second half.

Jeff Lebo's 18 points led the Tar Heels in scoring with four team-mates in double figures. Jerome Richardson had 21 for UCLA. Syracuse 95, Canisius 69: In Syr-

acuse, New York, Sherman Doug-las got 23 points as the No. 3 Orange (10-0) beat Canisius (1-3) for the 13th straight time since 1974. But Syracuse was held under 100 for the first time in five games. Georgetown 74, DePaul 64: In Landover, Maryland, Charles Smith

Clancy, a Blue Jay Original, Leaves

The Associated Press

\$1.15 million in each of the next three seasons and can right-handed pitcher, one of the original Toronto Blue 30 or more games and another \$25,000 for pitching

Houston "gnaranteed the third year," Clancy said up catcher Steve Lake and outfielder Curt Ford from Friday might. "I guess that's what did it. If they hadn't the St. Louis Cardinals for outfielder Milt Thompson.

He had played 12 seasons with the Bine Jays, dating nine and knocked in nine runs. He batted .195 for the

the first half, had closed to 62-58 their 11th-ranked intrastate rival, with 5:41 to play. Star freshman Alonzo Mourning had 19 points, 8 rebounds and 8 blocked shots. their 11th-ranked intrastate rival, with the turning point a 17-2 burst early in the second half. Brian Oliver scored 28 for Tech (4-1).

Illinois 105, Tennessee Tech 77: Florida State 78, Penn State 71: In Champaign, Illinois, Lowell In State College, Pennsylvania, Hamilton's 18 points led the No. 6
Illini (7-0), while Earl Wise scored
27 for the Golden Eagles (2-6).

Hamilton's 18 points led the No. 6
George McCloud's 21 gave the
No. 12 Seminoles (6-0) their best 27 for the Golden Eagles (2-6). Oklahoma 136, Loyola Marynt 103: In Norman, Oklahom

Mookie Blaylock tied his NCAA record with 13 steals and scored a career-high 31 points for the No. 7 Sooners (6-1), with Stacey King adding 28 points and 23 rebounds. Seven players got at least 20 points in the game between the Sooners and the Lions, (1-3), two of the highest-scoring college teams.

Missouri 113, Ohio 85: In Columbia, Missouri, Doug Smith scored 31 points as the No. 10 Ti-

Elsewhere, the Philadelphia Phillies acquired back-

Lake, 31, batted .278 in 36 games for St.Louis last

season. In 1987, he hit 285 overall and 389 as a pinch

9-1, ahead by 26-10. That put scored a career-high 37 points as the deficit in the first half to win their UCLA 4-1, en route to equaling its No. 5 Hoyas (6-0) beat DePaul (5-4) Walsworth Classic. Paul Graham a fifth straight time. Smith, a senior who started for the U.S. Olympic team, scored the Hoyas' last 16 points after DePaul, trailing by 13 in helped the Bulldogs (5-2) upset Florida State 78, Penn State 71:

> start in 11 years. Ed Fogell got 20 points and 13 rebounds for the Nittany Lions (3-2). Ohio State 104, Dayton 76: In Dayton, Ohio, Jay Burson scored 24 points and Perry Carter 23, with

21 coming in the first half, as the No. 14 Buckeyes (6-1) routed the Flyers (3-3).
Louisville 92, Oldahoma State
90: In Louisville, Kentucky, La-Bradford Smith scored 19 of his 27 points in the second half and the No. 15 Cardinals (5-2) held on to win when Thomas Jordan, who had

scored 21 points, missed a close shot at the buzzer for the Cowboys (4-2). South Carolina 83, Tennessee 81 (OT): In Knoxville, Tennessee, the Gamecocks (5-0) came from 13 points down to tie on Terry Dozier's three-point shot, then Barry Manning's three foul shots in the

the No. 16 Volunteers (4-1). Crusaders (3-6) tied at 64 on Mike yarder to Matt Bouza. The Bills Jones' lay-up at the buzzer.

SCOREBOARD

BASKETBALL ıtlonai Basketball Association Standinas

EA	STERN CON				SATURDAY'S RESULTS
1	Attentic Di				
1	W	_	Pct,	GB	
l rk	16		.727	_	Conner 7-11 5-4 20, Hopson 5-11 7-9 17; Flem-
Iphic		19	.583	3	ing 19-15 4-7 34, Miller 5-11 4-6 18, Rebounds:
4	11	11	.500	5	New Jersey 50 (Conner 9), Indiana 55 (Wil-
EY.	10	15	.400	71/2	Horns T2), Assists: New Jersey 18 (Bogley 6).
1 :	6	15	.286	91/2	(ndiono 18 (Skiles 7).
ton	5	15	.250	10	Washington 27 27 29 25102
- 1	Centrol Di				New York 20 15 27 25—117
1 1	15	5	.750	72	Jockson 8-13 5-5 21, Ewing 8-14 2-5 18, New-
- 1	17	4	739	-	man 7-17 3-4 18; King 5-13 4-4 14.
•	15	9	£25	715	Catledge 8-13 3-7 19, D.Walker 8-17 3-5 19.
1	12	10	.545	472	Rebounds: Weshington 62 (Williams 11), New
	11	10	.524	5	York 57 (Oakley 14). Assists: Washington 29
•	5	17	227	111/2	(D.Walker 6), New York 26 (Jackson 12).
W	ESTERN CON				Delles 33 24 17 24—194
	Midwest Di				Allored 15 26 27 17— 87
1.	14			GB	Perkins 6-10 4-4 16, Schrempt 4-77-8 15; Spor-
11	14	7	467	_	row 7-172-214. Edwards 5-154-614. Rebounds:
1:	15	8	A52	_	Dalles 55 (Perkins 10), Aliami 53 (Hastings 8).
- [5	13	9	.577	11/2	Assists: Dollos 19 (Aguirre 4), Migml 24
1 i	13	10	.565	2	(Sporrow 7).
j jelo	6	14	.300	ፖር	Atlanta 25 14 27 24— 54
li	3		.050	1212	Cleveland 77 29 25 29—128
	Pocific Di				Price 9-11 3-3 23, Horser 8-15 3-3 19; Wilkins
ej is	14	•	<i>3</i> 27	_	10-252-222, Theus 4-153-415, Rebounds; Allon-
- 1	12	•	<i>-5</i> 71	365	to 54 (Wilkins 10), Cleveland 54 (Dougherly,
- 1	13	10	.565	3/2	Horper 91, Assists: Atlanta 20 (Rivers 7).
- 1	11	10	.524	47/2	Claveland 33 (Price 8).
Mah		12	.429	6V2	Charlette 22 18 22 27— 97
Aber			348	EV2	Detroit 20 22 23 25—100
ente	. 5		250	TQ	Thomas 10-15 5-5 25, Dantiev 5-14 11-15 21;
•	FRIDAY'S R				Trioucko \$-13 2-3 18, Curry 7-10 2-2 17, Re-
أداداء	3		# # P		pounds: Charlotte 43 (Kempton 7), Detroit 40
		- 29	32 28 T	7794	666si65; Circulate 43 (Ivenible) \1 \2 \alpha \100.

97887 29 32 32 37 17-106 skil 8-19 7-7 23. Anderson 8-15 3-4 19; 8-14 3-2 11, 8.Williams 5-8 5-5 15. Re-philodelphig 44 (Barkier) 13), New 65 (Hinson 8), Assista; Philodelphia 12 or 81. New

to 15-17 1-1 21, Reid 5-23 22 28. Re--: Dollos 58 (Perkins 14), Charlotte 59 is 21). Assists: Dollos 17 (Horser 7).

23 M 33 32—112 26 27 27 25—115 26 27 27 25—115 115 11-25 8-9 30, Maisine 9-16 11-15 29: 125 10-26 12-13 32, Krystkowick 9-11 4-4 conds: Milwourker 44 (Cummines 13). 50 (Arcione 12), Assists: Milwourker 19

23 33 35 15—140 10-22 8-9 28, Contwright 9-14 5-4 23; - 10-22 8-9 28, Contwright 9-14 5-4 23; -143-522, Person 7-144-41E, Rehounds: 191 (Gray, Person 8), Chicago S1 (Cart-Jordon 10). Assists: Indiana 14 (Flem-Chicago 28 (Vincent 7). 32 30 27 34—125 Seattle 31 35 36 26—123 18-26 5-7 41, K.Johrnson 7-16 6-9 22;

x 33 (K_Johnson 14).

25 21 34 34—114
ippers 24 39 33 23—211
iline 13-16 3-5 29, Normon 16-19 3-4 22;
11-18 2-4 24, English 16-23 2-3 22, 2812 Deriver 12), Los Angelez 79
2). Assists: Deriver 33 (Davis 91, Los 2, 31 (Great) 11).

Allion, Threatt, Lucus 5).

Pertiand 31 22 23 34—97
Pertiand 31 32 21 33—115
Pertiand 9-15 6-0 18, Hornocak 8-11 6-0 17.
Reboonds: Phoenix 54 (Nealy 11), Portland 59
(Anderson 9). Assists: Phoenix 20 (Hornocak, Majecie 4), Portland 29 (Drexder 7).

SATURDAY

American U. 76. Horvard 72 Clemson 77, Hotstra 63 Foirteigh Dickinson 77, Delow Florido St. 78, Penn St. 71 Perkins - 10 - 4 16. Schrempi 4-77-8 15; Sopr-row 7-17-2 16, Edwards 5-15-46 14. Rebands: Dalles 35 (Perkins 10), Miami 51 (Hastings 8). Assists: Dalles 19 (Aguirre 4), Miami 24 Georgetown 74, DePour a Holy Cross 85, Boston Co Pittsburgh 96, Toledo 80 ulgers 69, Pri

ISBOTOW 7).
Atlanta 25 14 27 24— 94
Clevelond 71 29 25 29—129
Price 9-11 3-3 23. Horner 2-15-3-19: Williams
10-25-2-22. Theur 6-15-3-15. Rebeautie: Atlanta 34 (Williams 10). Clevelond 54 (Dougherly, Horner 9). Agastris: Atlanta 23 (Rivers 7).
Clevelond 33 (Price 8). Alabama 84, Cent. Florida 45 Tripucks \$-13 2-3 18. Curry 7-10 2-2 17. Rebeends: Charlotte 43 (Kempton 7). Detroit 40 (Mahorn 12), Assists: Charlotte 27 (Tripucks.

Philodelphia 36 29 35 28—117
Borkley 10-15 4-8 24. Gminski 8-16 8-7 24. Checks 9-16 3-4 21; Matons 15-22 14-19 44. Botley 10-24-0-20. Stockton 9-13-24 20. Rebounds: Unit 54 (Matons 13). Philodelphia 31 (Bortley, Gminski 9). Assistis: Unit 26 (Stockton 16), Philodelphia 27 (Checks 9). Chicose 21 23 33 33—112 Milwestes 24 29 19 19—92 lection 19-25 12-12 36. Pisson 44 8-78 17: Jordon 12-25 12-12 34, Pippen 4-8 8-18 17 Currentines 9-24 3-2 12, Cort-wright 5-12-3-4 15.
Rabsunds: Chiccos S1 (Great, Cort-wright, Pipsen 8). All-worker 45 (Currantinsa: Krystkowick, Sikma 7). Assists: Chicaso 19 (Jordon 9), All-worker 18 (Humphries 10).

LA. Citspers 27 24 21 22—29. Ohlo St. 184 Dayton 74

| SA (Alcohon 12), Assessey |

18 7-14 5-6 22; IE Rebounds: State 50 (Somesson 11), Son Autonio 41 (G-Ad-cerson 1), Assists: Golden State 22 (Gorland 7), Son Autonio 22 (Robertson 4). ENISB-188-827, McKey 7-9 6-4 20; Pressley 7-

11 33 38 23—123

18 18-26 5-7 41, K_Johnson 7-16 8-9 22;

18 18-36 5-7 41, K_Johnson 8-14 1-2 28, Re19-37 9-9 42, Anderson 8-14 1-2 28, Re19-37 9-9 42, Anderson 8-14 1-2 28, Re19-38 18-38 27, Inc. Rep. 7- 8-38 1, Fresser 719-38 18-38 27, Inc. Rep. 719-38 18-38 27, Inc. Rep.

Selected College Results

FRIDAY

St. Bongventure 60, St. Peter's 59
St. John's 7t. Manhattan 54
Syracuse 95, Conisius 69

Louisville 92, Oklohoma 51, 90 North Corolina 104, UCLA 78 South Carolina 83, Tennessee 81, OT 17 34 29 22-107

> Creighton 57, Montons 51 Duquesne 96, Detroit 76 Duquesne 16. Detroir /e | Hinois 105. Tennessee Tech 77 | Indiana 31, Texas-El Pasa 43 | Aliomi, Ohia 78, Chacinnali 42 | es 76. Austin Pedy 66 Michigen St. 70. Austin Ped

Baylor 9L North Texas 95, 407 Houston 95, Stephen F.Austin 74 Oktohoma 136, Lavela Managaria

FAR WEST

lowa St. 99. Bradley 97 New Mexico &, New Mexico St. 61 Pepperdine (7, Miss. Valley St. 77 Stonford S7, Oregon St. 59 Washington 89, Memphis St. 88

Alississipol 90, Southern U. 88
Corhmouth 160, St. Francis, NY 92
Maine 82, U.S. International 67
Bawiling Green 56, Kentucky 54
Alia-Birmingham 93, Florida A&M 56
Aliasauri 81, E. Washington 68
Ohlo U. 90, Dressel 78

paroiso 71, Notre Dame 48. OT

SOUTHWEST Okiohoma 136. Loyela Marymouti 160 Pan American 62, Texas-Arilastan 60 Texas Christian 66, Mississipal 31, 65

Air Force 97, Doone 83 Arizong \$1, 77, San Dieso \$1, 72 Artzong St. 77, Son Dense on ra Boise St. 71, Son Jose St. 65 Brighom Young 96, Utoh St. 65 Cal-Sonto Borbara 64, Sonto Clore Colorado St. 102, Oral Roberts 89

TOURNAMENTS ssissippi 74. Nicholis St. 53 Southern U. 182, SW Louisi Doctmouth 43, Maine 53 Kentucky 91, Marchall 78 sham 97, Louisiana Tech 79 HOCKEY

National Hockey League Standings

200 or more innings.

PRIDAY'S RESULTS Los Angeles
Defreit
1 1 2-4
Tonedi (11), Toylor (14), Walters (1), Nicholle (35), Ailison (8), Greizker (25); Maclaen (18), Gelloni (17), Zombo (1), Yzarmon
(20), Shots on godi; Los Angeles (on Honlon)
7-7-12-86; Defreit (on Healy) 13-13-17-42.
Calgory

7-7-12-84; Defroit (on Healy) 13-13-17-42. Colpery 2 2 1--5 Vencouver 0 3 8-3 Roberts (9), Macinals (9), Macsun (4), Neuvendryk (21), Glimour (9); Skrike (19), Bradley (8), Adoms (12). Skris en sod; Colsory (on Wests) 11-7-5-23; Vencouver (on Vernon) 5-14-8-27. SATUROAY'S RESULTS 1 1 0 0-2 1 1 0 0-2 Hawgood (3), Hawgood (4); P.Stastny (13). P.Stastov (14), Shots on soul; Quebec (on

2—31.
New Jersey I 6 1—2
N.Y. Islanders I 3 1—5
Makkelo (31, Sutter (7), Volek (10), Troftler
(7), Laron (3): Jahrson (8), Verbeek (11).
Skots as goal: New Jersey (an Smith) 8-514— 7: New York (on Burke) 12-7-10-31.
Detroit 1 1 8-2
Pittsburgh 6 1 2-0
Franciery 2(3), Bourque (12); MocLean (17),
Yazaman (31), Shots en goal; Detroit (an Barrasso) 7-16-8-27; Pittsburgh (an Hanlan) 19-

Edimentos 2 0 3-4 Heartford 1 1 6-2 S.Smith (3), MocTavish (5), Tikiconen (21), Muni (3); Tippeti (9), Ferraro (14). Shois on soci: Edimenton (on Sidorkiewicz) 9-5-4-18; Heartford (on Fuhr) 11-15-7-33. Philodelphia 2 2 2 2-7 Tocchet 3(19), Sullimon (4), Mellantry (15). Kerr (26), Poulin (3); Blaisdell (1). Shots as seal: Philadelphia (on Bester) 11-147—32; Toranto (on Hesdall) 5-5-7—19. Montreal 1 2 3—6 Lemieux (16), McPhee (11), Maslund (14), Certained (12), Kesne (8), Courtnell (4); Dahler (14), Granata (17), Patrick (6), Shets on seal: New York (on Hayward) 10-9-9-25; Montreal (on Vanbiesbrauck) 10-14-33.

St. Losis
St. Losis
Rogian (2), Hricoc (10), Rossing (7),
McKapery (11), Shets en sout: Chicago (on
Millen) 10-8-0-26; St. Louis (on Pane) 6-7-14—

Lovol 20; Strasbourg 19; Lens 11. Weshington
Courtnall 2(18), Dol.Hunter (7), Miller (5),
Ridley 2(28); Clousson (7), Donnelly (5),
Boschman (4), Stots en seal: Winnipes (an
Malarchus) 11-76-26; Washington (on Red-dick) 16-11-16-31.

SKIING World Cup

 More Girardelli, Lucembouro, T minute, 50,57 seconds.
 Armin Biliber, West Germany, 1:51,67.
 Alberte Tomba, Itoly, 1:51,22.
 Ole Cartation Furuseth, Norway, 1:52,21.
 Hubert Strotz, Austria, 1:52,45. 8. Felix McGrath, Josen, 1:522. 8. Felix McGrath, Shelburna, Yt., 1:53.50. 9. Jones Nilsson, Sweden, 1:53.77. 18. Poul Accols, Switzerland, 1:51.01.

OVERALL STANDING 1. Girardelli, Lesembourg, 30 points.
2. Zurbriggen, Switzerland, 42.
2. Tembo, Italy, 52.
4. Bittner, West Germany, 44.
5. Pater Auseller, Switzerland, 40.
6. Heimst Hoeffebner, Austria, 37.
7. Padrick Orifich, Austria, 31.
6. Shoth, Austria, 31. . Strolz, Austria, 30.

1. Vreni Schneider, Switzerland, 1 minute, 15.04 seconds. Kotjusa Pusnik, Yugoslavia, 1:36.54. Temora McKinew, Squaw Volley, Calif.

1:35.43 4. Monika Mayerhofer, Austria, 1:35.66. Petricia Charvel, France, 1:3683. 5. Particial Chalvel, Pronos. (Janas. 6. Motelo Svet, Yugosovia, 1136.65. 7. Blanco-Fernandez Ochon, Soolo, 1136.47. 8. Ulrice Mayer, Austria, 1136.97. 9. Anette Germany, 1136.67. 10. Comilla Nilsson, Sweden, 1136.91. OVERALL STANDINGS

 Vrent Schneider, Switzerland, 82 points.
 Utrice Mayer, Austria, 63.
 Alicheta Figini, Switzerland, 59. Corole Marie, France, 37. 4. Corole Marie. Fronce, 2.

5. Repine Hossenischner, Wast Germany, 25.

(rie) Anita Wachter, Austria, 35.

(rie) Alchaele Gera, Wast Germany 25.

5. Verneika Wallinger, Austria, 21.

7. Maria Walliner, Switzerland, 20.

SOCCER

FRENCH FIRST DIVISION selile 2 St. Effenne ö Bordeoux 1 Sochoux 2
Lavel 1 Nice 2
Conn 9 Paris St. Germain 1
Connes 3 Auxerre 0
Mehr 1 Toclosus 1
Motro Rocking 4 Montpellier 8
Peletts: Poris St. Germain 50; Auxerre 42;
Marsetille 43; Sochoux 42; Monaco 41; Naries
39; Nice 39; Connes 35; Toylouse 34; Mets 35;
Lille 33; Toulon 33; Montpellier 33; Sordeoux
30; Rocking 25; Saint-Etienne 23; Conn 21;
Lavel 29;

ENGLISH FIRST DIVISION Arsenol 2 Manchester United 1 Coventry 9 Derby 2 Liverpool 8 Horwich 1

Liverpool 8 Norwich 1
Luton 1 Asbox Ville 1
Addicharboush 0 Chartion 0
Allitwell 1 Sheffied Wednesdoy 0
Newcostle 3 Southampton 3
Queen's Park Romers 0 Everton 0
West Harn 9 Tottenham 2
Pelabs: Norwich 32; Areand 31; Allitwell
27; Derby County 26; Covenity 26;
Liverpool 25; Southampton 25; Everton 24;
Notthepham Forest 22; Manchester United
21; Tottenham 27; Sheffield Wednesdoy 21;
Addicharboush 21; Queen's Park Romers
28; Aston Villo 29; Luten 19; Chartion 16;
Newcastle 14; Wimbledon 13; West Harn 13.

TRANSITION

American Larges

CALLFORNIA—Re-signed Brian Downing,
outfielder, to a two-wear contract.
AINNESOTA—Announced that Tim
Lauder, catcher, has ogreed to salary arbiiration. Signed Scott Letus, short step, to a oneveer contract.

NEW YORK—Signed Wayne Tolleson, shortstop, to a two-year contract.

er, to a one-year contract. Associaced that Craig Reynolds, shortstop, has agreed to arbi-Transon. Accusing SC Yosbers, pincher, morn the San Diego Padres for Dan Wolfers, cotcher, and casigned Vesberg to Tucson of the Pacific Coast Leggue. Agreed to terms with Dove Johnson and Mitch Johnson, pitchers, and assigned them to Tucson.

PITTSBURGH—Sent Rick Reed and Scott

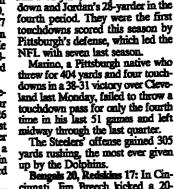
National Laugué
HOUSTON—Re-signed Alon Ashby, cotch

BASKETBALL Notional Business on the Charlottee Business of the CHARLOTTE—Placed Rex Chapman, sunt, on the Injured list, Activated Deli Carry, sound, from the Injured list.

GOLDEN STATE—Stand Slave Afford son, sucrd. WASHINGTON—Activated Harvey Grant, torward, from the injured list, Released Dom-

FOOTBALL National Football Language MIAMI-Placed Eric Kumerov, defensive end, on injured reserve. Signed Tony Burss, fullback.

nic Pressley, guard.



yard field goal in overtime Satur-day as the Bengals cashed in on two mistakes by Washington and won their first AFC Central champion-

liams, set up Breech's winning kick 7:01 into the overtime.

Riverfront Stadium, where they are unbeaten in eight games this season. The Redskins became the fourth team since 1970 to follow a Super Bowl championship with a

The Redskins dominated the game with a rejuvenated running For the Bills, who gained the playoffs for the first time since attack led by rookie Jamie Morris, who gained 152 yards with an 1981. Jim Kelly threw two touch-NFL-record 45 carries that broke the mark of 43 shared by the Gi-CIL WOOLI caneers' James Wilder.

Broncos 21, Patriots 10: In Denver, Sammy Winder ran for two touchdowns and Tony Dorsett punted two minutes later, and Horushed for another as New Engeboom then took the Colts 75 gland's playoff hopes were ended. yards. A 19-yard pass to Bonza and The Patriots would have gotten a a 14-yard run by Eric Dickerson, who finished with 166 yards on 36 wild-card berth by winning but then needed losses by Cleveland and carries, put the ball at the Buffalo 25 with less than two minutes left.

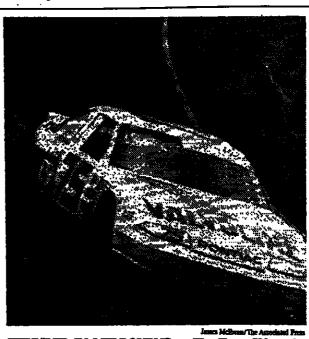
put Houston in the playoffs. Three plays later, Albert Bentley ran nine yards to the 13, and the Bills were penalized for delay of game, giving the Colts first down at the seven. Hogeboom passed to

time in four years.

It was the Patriots' eighth Bucs 21, Lions 10: In Tampa, Florida, Vinny Testaverde threw for 189 yards and three touch-

downs against Detroit while breaking the NFC single-season record for interceptions.

Testaverde, whose 33d interception broke Fran Tarkenton's 18year-old mark on the Bucs' first possession, was 12 of 23 passing. He was intercepted three times to end the season with 35, seven shy of the NFL record set by George Steelers 40, Dolphins 24: In Pittsburgh, Dwayne Woodruff and Darin Jordan scored on intercep-



THUNDER IN MELBOURNE — The Xmas 500 at the Thunderdome in Melbourne Sunday was only the second NASCAR event outside North America, and 35,000 people came. In a Poutiac, above, Morgan Shepherd of the United States won and took home \$68,000. "They don't know when to zig and they don't know when to zag," American Michael Waltrip said of the Aussie drivers. "But they'll learn."



making a home in Paris for the first time since 1968. The French student revolt of that year changed the life of the young Jap-anese designer who was training in the correct and crabby ways of Paris haute countre. From that time came Mivake's instinct for freedom - of body and of attitude — that has impregnated his fashion designs for 20 years.

He turned 50 this year, and has the calm that maturity brings. "I feel more relaxed," he says. "I was

SUZY MENKES

too deeply involved in fashion. I felt that I had to do something à la mode, and I lost myself. Now future. And after this exhibition I feel I have the confidence to con-

The exhibition "A UN" (a Sanskrit reference to the breath of life) has been running in Paris since October at the Musée des Arts Decoratifs, pulling in students who listen to the odd, rythmic sounds and gaze at the coiled wire display figures, who are seated on raked benches turning the focus on you

and me, the onlookers.
In Issey Miyake's fashion philosophy, we also participate in his designs, because the starting point of each garment is that it has no intrinsic structure, but wraps and enfolds the figure, or shrouds it loosely, creating airy space between body and oiled pa-per raincoat or felted wool coat. These are emphatically not designer clothes expressing status and imposing an image. Nor do they have sexuality or allure in the

"My clothes are not a packhe says. "And I don't want to direct anyone how to wear them. When I asked Irving Penn to photograph my clothes, I sent him 80 garments and told him 'don't think that these are the clothes of Issey Miyake. Do it how you like."

This sublimation of the super ego, so rare in the fashion world, has resulted in a book in which Penn's graphic pictures and Miyake's succinct words both define and explain a knitted coat shaped into a shell or a gauzy linen dress decorated with a



Issey Miyake; one of Irving Penn's photos of his designs.

"Did you know that there is a tree in Africa when the bark comes off completely," he says of a tubular jersey dress, with dark rings woven into its dusty brown surface. "I wanted to make something woven that was warped like African bark."

The Miyake Design Studio was set up in Tokyo in 1970 and may create up to 300 fabrics for a single collection. Textiles are pro-foundly researched producing materials that recall or develop traditional Japanese workwear indigo dyes and woven jute - or push forward the frontiers of modernity for a ballooning nylon raincoat or lake fur pants. Sometimes the two Japans, of the pad-dy fields and electronic chips, are woven together and fuse as a vellow polyester coat, wrapped in origami folds.

Issey Miyake, born in Hiroshima and a witness to its catastrophe at the age of 6, habitually wears an open smile. He is dressed in a cream collarless shirt, gray flannel pants and brown laced ankle boots. A shadow crosses his face when he discusses his Japanese identity. Like a wellloved only child suddenly confronted by intrusive siblings, Is-sey Miyake was disturbed by the arrival of avant-garde Japanese designers in Paris, where he had n showing collections since

"I was alone for a long time," he says. "Until 1981. When the



ple didn't have confidence in themselves. But I didn't really mix with them. It was a different ex-

Mivake's fashion riposte at that time was to show a collection in which the clothes regressed to the boundaries of his native culture. As they wrapped and tied, unfolded and metamorphosed into different garments on the runway, Miyake received an ovation for confronting so passionately his others came, I was happy for roots. After that, he returned, them Before that, Japanese peo-

recurrent theme for both men and

"I don't think that I can tell you what part of my design is Japa-nese," he says. "It is a very deli-cate thing. I was brought up in Japan. I will also live here in Paris, but automatically I am different from the French. Yet design is for human beings, not for nation-alities. I work for all people. The European influence over culture is the main thing in fashion. The other is 'ethnic.'

Issey Miyake designs are, in the main, neither extraordinary nor unwearable. In the various price tiers and fashion ranges, sold in his own boutiques and world-wide, are regular jackets, coats and pants. They attract a clientele of artists and intellectuals, draw extrovert personalities and appeal to those whose irregular body shapes can sink into Miyake's

Andy Warhol, the artist Christo, Akira Kurosawa, and Rosita and Tai Missoni are among those who have posed for previous books, especially for "East Meets West," a seminal work published in 1978.

In the 1970s, Miyake established the idea of a fashion show as a piece of art/theater. An audience of 15,000 over six days saw 'Issey Miyake and Twelve Black Girls' in Osaka in 1976. Shows in Paris have included modernistic American dancers at the Pompidou center, their bodies slithering across a well-oiled floor, and men's shows in a swimming pool and a gymnasium

The clothes best express them-selves in movement. The "A Un" show is static, although powerfully orchestrated in color from leaden gray, through stormy reds and

blues, to sunny yellow. He has not, he says, made megabucks from fashion. Yet he is rich enough to think of an apart-ment on the Ile Saint-Louis, with a view not just of Paris rooftops, His friends in Paris are from

the arts. He speaks warmly and generously (as he does even of those who might be unsympathetic to his style) of Andrée Puttnam, fellow Japanese Kenzo, of Sonia Rykiel, of Claude Montana.

"And I admire Yves Saint Laurent because he works so hard," he says. "I put a photograph of Saint Laurent up on my wall because he is so great."

Why, when he is lauded and venerated in Tokyo, should Issey Miyake wish to live in Paris?

"I want to feel again part of European life," he says. "And I want to have a distance from tradition. I have never worn a kimono except when I was a child. I would never design a Miyake kimono, although I have often been asked. Tradition is dangerous for me. It is already perfect. I just like

REAL ESTATE

PARIS AREA PURNISHED

PARIS PROMO

Estate Agent - Property Manager 25 Ave Hodie, 75008 Faris. 45 63 25 (

INTER URBIS UNGLIKNISHED/FILINISHED RENGAL FLATS & HOUSES FOR SALE 31 ray de Morenco, Paris 86.

LANGUAGE

The High Five Sign and Stupid Def

By Brent Staples

EW YORK — Martin Van Buren could not have been as hip as George Bush makes him out to be.

Speaking of his selection as his party's presidential candidate, Bush said to The Associated Press and to a crowd in Huntington, Indiana: "I just couldn't help but think that old Martin Van Buren was up there

giving me the high-five sign."

The high-five sign? Certainly not. Van Buren died in 1862. The high five probably evolved on an unknown inner-city street corner, and it certainly did not appear before the early 1970s. The gesture and expression worked their way into the mainstream by way of athletes, primarily basketball players, who like to extend their arms skyward to slap one another's paims, often to loud and dramatic effect.

High five (unhyphenated) appears in the New Dictionary of American Slang (1986), edited by Robert L. Chapman, who defined it as "a way of greeting by slapping raised palms together." In 1987, the tarm appeared (with the hyphen) in the second, unabridged edition of The Random House Dictionary of the

English Language: "a gesture of greeting, good fellow-ship, or triumph."

Slang usually outruns mainstream speakers for so long that it sounds brittle and wrong when at last the squares among us catch on. In his sample locution ("Hey, Jim, high five me"), Chapman illustrates this truism clearly. One does not ask for a high five, per sc. In practice, the participants must know intuitively when an event worthy of a high five has occurred. Minual recognition sets both parties in motion, the hands go up, then - POW! - the slap is

Martin Van Buren and George Bush would presumably share just such an understanding: Bush is the first sitting vice president since Van Buren to be elected to the presidency in his own right. But, clearly, Bush did not mean that Van Buren would give him "the high five sign." No such sign exists. Rather, Bush meant to say "high sign" (circa 1900) — a covert signal that, in this case, would convey approval and a shared view. Most likely, this high sign would involve a thumb and index finger forming a circle, with the remaining digits. Martin Van Buren and George Bush would preson-

Most likely, this high sign would involve a thumb and index finger forming a circle, with the remaining digits up straight, or corded ever so slightly.

Bush has missed high five on at least one other occasion. When the space shuttle Discovery returned from its most recent journey, he welcomed the five astronants back to earth, telling them: "You are America's high five." It is not possible for the astronants themselves to constitute a high five. They could, the five of them, gather into a circle, coordinate a leap into the air and touch palms briskly, thereby enacting a five-by-high-five. Or their successful flight could have provoked a desire for high fives and good fellow feeling around the nation.

No matter, though. In what was a particularly snoresome campaign that showed little improvisation of them," meaning that we had killed them.

snoresome campaign that showed little improvisation or oratorical flair, it was brave of Bush to venture away from standard, white-bread usage, if just a bit.

AP is so stapid def, it's burn-rushin' the mainstream. It's housin' 'em all — word, homes," so The New York Times' Glenn Collins began his assay of rap music, that thriving art of rhythmic, rhymed monologues performed to thumping masic. And Collins offered this translation: "Rap is so incredibly fine, it's breaking down the doors of mainstream society. It's New York Times. William Saftre is on vacation.

I grew up in the streets of the black urban northeas

America's most vital language factory. I take it as matter of pride that I can deduce the derivations o even the most arcane entries in the lexicon of urba-slang. Not so with this mysterious def, here taken as a adjective that means good, or fine in the extreme Failing to see the word's antecedents. I suspected the def was either bogus or an orphan, lost to its slan encestors through mispronunciation or misspelling. Three critics of popular music failed to provide re

with satisfactory antecedents. One suggested that d was an abbreviation of definitely, another suggests deference and the third had no hunch at all. A publicist for a recording company also posed ti abbreviation theory, but it was clear that her inform tion was faulty, gathered as it was from rap musiciat

themselves, many of whom are too young to rememb even the slang formulations of the 1960s.
I reject definitely and deference: They are not pu geot enough to stand up to such pruning. Rap forceful and belligerent. Only pugnacious words ne

Granted, abbreviation is rampant in current N York City street slang. In the halls of the city's school one hears the lone and naked prefix dis, which, in

one nears me ione and naked preux ais, which in mouths of many young people, has all but repladisrespect, meaning "to affront." Likewise, wacky comes wack, flavor becomes flav, and so on.

The current rappers' word home was born in time as home boy or home girl — a person with whome shares a place of origin or a like spirit. One collections at the second standard by deriver a standard shared by the second shared shared by deriver a standard shared by the second shared shared by the second shared shared by the second shared sh also arrive at the rap word stapid by doing a surgery on stapifying. To say, then, that somethis so good (or def) as to be stapid, means that stunningly so.

death on them," meaning that we had killed them, figuratively. Death is used here as an absolute, a

location that is in vogue these days.

I am warranted, I think, in suggesting an emendation to Gienn Collins's translation of stupid def. Rath-er than really fine, I think it is more accurately trans-y lated as "stupifyingly" or "killingly wonderful," enough so to send one into raptures.

TO OUR READERS VISITING FROM THE U.S.A. THE HT IS NOW AVALABLE IN MANY U.S. CITIES ON DATE OF ISSUE

ANNOUNCEMENTS

TOLL FREE 1-800-882-2884 in New York , call (212) 752-3890

STOP SMOKING, STOP DRINKING, lose weight. Regenerate & rejuvench of a wary actions private medical chaic as West Gerzonty, 45 am. from Zurich carport. Please write or phone Christians Christians Christians Christians

ANNOUNCEMENTS WILL TRADE \$250,000 WILL TRADE \$250,000
Choleson Margaus 1767
(Thomas Jefferson Collection)
Stackroom Central Park West
Apartment-\$1 Million & America's best
wine shop-\$2 Million, for House
Apartment - Boat - Airplace.
Coll USA: 212787-8433.

ALL SELL OUT SHOWS. Phanton of the Opera, Les Mis, Cats, Palles, Chess ovoilable nowl Tel. London 379 4636 or 240 0818. All credit cards. ALCOHOLICS ANONYMOUS English specking meetings daily. Tel. Paris 43 4 59 65 or Rome 678 0820. HE LONDON CONNECTION - Las Mis, Phoribon, oil fractire - licitats for oil events, Cal UK 01 439 1743. ALL BEST SEATS Phoribon, Las Mis, oil sport, pap and theorite Tel UK 01 493 040 or Fox 01 629 0417.

1992 - NOW I interdean

You will never have to take off your "LUNA D'ORO SPORT". It has been conceived to ac-

company you to any occasion, fearing neither shocks

nor a quick dive into the

waves. A solid 18 ct. gold cas-

D'ORO SPORT" is available in

solid 18 ct. gold (Ref. 36/1162)

or stainless-steel / 18 ct. gold

(Ref. 36/8139). Automatic,

movement.

ing, sapphire crystal and a

screw down crown tho-

MOVING **GLOBAL** PARS [1] 47.20.28.28 TBLFAX [1] 47.20.93.68 TBLS: 648267 21 CFRCS: ARCAND THE WORLD Paris Parsonnel Fully Stingpol

INTERNATIONAL MOYERS FOR A FREE ESTIMATE CALL PARIS (1) 30249000

MOVING

ALLIED VAN LINE NRTE CANNES, MONACO. COMPAGNE GENERALE B.P. 40, 06021 Nice Cedex Tel: 93.21.35.72

INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFIED

MARTINI TECHNOTRANS - NCE / CANNES, Tel. 9239/8344. Overseos Moving - Storage - Packing - Air/Sea Shipping, Car/Baggaga, Clearance.

FOR SALE FRENCH PROVINCES **EXCEPTIONAL**

BN THE WOODED AREA OF THE ALPINE GARDEN. (ary high closs choice 300 sq.m. + 1000 sq.m. lond. Joséfed high price

60

Courchevel 1850

AGENCES NO.1 79 08 26 22

REAL ESTATE FRENCH PROVINCES PARIS & SUBURBS 7TH RUE DE VERNEUIL. Double fining 23 bedrooms, TOP CUALITY BENOVATION, VERY CHARMANG, F3,850,000. Beduelvity RESIDENCE CITY 45,27,12,19.

Receiver.

VILLEPLANCHE
Securitini 170 sr.m. oportment overtoolog the boy, 90 sr.a. Fring, 3 bedroses, 2 boths, WC, 210 sr.s. from can.
For further details places contact
GPI, St Agaths, Nice. (16) 93 26 33 90

GREECE 17th RESIDENTIAL Double receptor 2 bedrooms, 2 boths, lassymout F3,300,000. Tel: 47 27 84 76. cupancy. Further information, 7713559, ear 200 (office hours)

PARIS & SUBURBS METRO VILLIERS. 7 main rooms, high class, 3rd floor, lift, 2 maids' rooms, ? portung + other possibilities. M.G.N. ial. 43 87 71 55; 38 Bd Bodignolles, 75017 PARS.

PRIME PROPERTY IN
SWITZEHAND'S SUMBEL!
LAKE LUGANO
Waterfront property in MCRCOTE-7
miles from Logino, Lucury opportunities
and town houses with postorustic view
of losts and moustain. 25 noose, fullyopplication modern bodinoces and
sichers, large starty terroses indoor
porting, hasted symming pool casid
subtroped vegetation, Pravate berths.
SR 480,000 SE 790,000.
180,000 tq.ft subtropical waterfront
reporty in MELIDE - 3 miles from
Legono, Lesery aportanent 1400 sq.ft.,
and 441 sq.ft, somy terrose, pontocentciew of Lota & mountains, before parting, heated swimming pool. Frivate
berths. ST50,000. Low down popyrate
berths. ST50,000. Low down popyrate
Attractive Suits mortgoges. Approved

bermi, 5/5/JUM, Low down poly Aftrodine Swiss mortgoges. Appr for sole to foreignes. EMBEALD HOME LTD. VIA FOCCORELI 25 CH-6815 MELIDE/ILIGANO Tel: CH-91-646522 Fee: CH-91-6467344

MONTMARTRE
"ATELIER D'ARTISTE 1930"
EMBASSY 45 62 16 40

SWITZERLAND

REAL ESTATE TO RENT/SHARE

GREAT BRITAIN LONDON LUXURY contrained of central areas, including Mayfair + Krightbridge, Minimum stoy 3 mights, cheeper from leavy hotel. Discount for longer stoys, Driver will meet your flight of Gebusic or Healthrow, M.P. States, Tell (J. 499 2156 myrisse, HUNTINGDON HOUSE, luxurious ser-

ATTENTION EXECUTIVES 61355) before 10 a.m., as-suring that we can place you beck, indicate which enjoy credit card you wish to design it to, the number and expira-tion date, and your manage can cappear within 42 hours. House site include your ad-dress and belephone number for our files. PRINCIPALITY OF MONACO

"LE FLORESTAN"

SUPERS 5-ROOM APARTMENT
for rant, on on upper floor of a leasuious bailding, 388 sr.m., fully equipped
litchen, 3 backrooms, double king
room, 3 porting spaces, 3 cultors.

PARIS AREA FURNISHED

Rent a R.A.T or an OFFICE in Paris. By day or more With all possible hotel services Housebeeping, room service...etc Studio up to 5 rooms, FLATOTEL TOWER cm the liver Seine, right basics the Effel Iower. FLATCHS, ECPO a few easters from the adultion center Forte de Versailles. For more information Call 45 77 05 55

THE CLARENGE RESIDENCE
FOR 1 WESK OR MORE
high class studio, 2 or 3-room
operations. FULLY EXCEPTED
UMMEDIATE RESERVATIONS
Tel: 43 59 67 97

P Raidcoop' (numigration
) Boot registrations
) Boot registrations
) Mod, telephone & teleor
Free exploration's States
Free exploration's States
Free exploration's Decidate from
INTERNATIONAL COMPANY
SERVICES LTD
Springfield CU, New Constitution
Rd, Deeplan, bile of Man
Tel. Deeplan (0624) 26000
Teleor 628554 (CSROM G
London Representation
2-5 Old Speed St., London WI
b 07-493 6344, The 28267 (CSROM G
Fore 07-497-6605 NEW WAY OF STAYING IN PARIS

AIDS

MAGIC BLELET

Medicine B. Treatment Inven.

Pharmacourtical cotoponies or
Contact PO BOK 1982 Loadon

900.

BUSINESS

OPPORTUNITIES

OFFSHORE & UK

LTD COMPANIES Incorporation and transparent in U.
is of Man, Gibrator, Turks, Anguli sease, Liberto, Channel Islands, not other offshore areas.

REAL ESTATE **REAL ESTATE** TO RENT/SHARE TO RENT/SHARE PARIS AREA FURNISHED PARES AREA UNFURNISHED CERGY GOLF
IN HIGH CLASS RESIDENTIAL ESTATE
Very bacoffel new house (Kostman and
Broad. Double living - frespices, 4
backcoss, 2 boths, acrepaed litches,
Professional star postatio,
Reat F7,800 per mortis charges included,
Colf for information
BY APPOINTMENT
COMMITTEE STATE S

THAMES AUGUST FORMUSERED

File 45 33 23 22

HIGH STANDARD furnished operaments best creek from 3 months to 3 years. Exclusive, tiek 47-538-53.

CHAMPS ENYSES large studic from bads, larger, impeccatile, see, 11 rese de Bieri. Caretolem 45 62 79 32.

disting 2 hadrooms, belcomy, fregloor, servey, 7-700. 164 47 20 33 79

BE SAMT LOUIS 22 22 BOOMS, etc.

7TH. INVALEDES, nice small studio, of equipped, quiet, clear. F2500/month Tel: 42 67 91 25 ask for Christian

45.76.21.42.

Sh. AVE. MONTAIGNE. Free now, furnished apartment, perfectly equipped, recording, bedroom, particular, 47.66.25.72 or Societa Bumbar, 20 are de Wagnes, 73308 Park.

1646. MINIMUM 1 YR. Double frees, bedroom, large labthes, bedroom, separate WC, very clear, upper floor.

1521 Henri Marin. 45.04.34.45.

NEBILLY on BOSS. Very elegant large O, large fixing 6th YICTOR HUGO, large living, bedrooms, both, cupboards, well equipped litchen. FIS,000; 47,64,14,21 PARIS AREA UNFURNISHED pays, NOS. SOUTHWAY and or care gas PAINS BERVINUE. Furnished studios and operturents in central Paris, pightly, weekly, monthly. 47 53 90 81. HIGH STANDARD involved oper-ments. Best creat. From 3 months to 3 years. Exclusive. Tel. 47 53 86.38. PASSY ORTF 2 mones, 3nd floor, 50 sp.m. Issumerus, anodom, equippole

Embassy Service 8 Ava. de Manina 75008 Paris YOUR REAL ESTATE AGENT IN PARIS 45.62.30.00 FAX 42.89.21.54

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

SQUARE LOUIS XVI, Triple re 4 bedrooms, 220 sq.m. aparims 1H 43 25 55 55.

EXECUTIVES AVAILABLE

International Business Message Center

FROM US\$150 Inside professional service

HONG KONG CORPS., \$220. Armed cost \$280. SR Ltd. 701, 35 Queen's Rd, HK. Th: \$3870. Fee: 852-5-8400217. COMMODITIES. We buy & sel. As for fist: Purshon Ltd. Switzerland. Te 1911234086 Fox (71)227247 The 844024 LL PREE TRAVEL DOCUMENTS Drive licenses-degrees-easy country, Gi 26 Kleomenou, Athens 10675 Greece

The first complete market skely of the laws commercial possibilities of present and fature with criticis on charleston, tracking raise, export-import structure, talest and phone members of ministries, banks, commercial carter in Teheron. For fall information phone For full information phone Paris 46 51 91 51 (B to 1 last)

Imprimé par Offprint, 73 rue de l'Evangile, 75018 Paris.

BUSINESS SERVICES

BUSINESS SERVICES ONDON ADDRESS BOND STREET. Mail, Phone, Fox, Telex, Conference room, Call 01-499-9192, Tx 262690, FINANCIAL SERVICES

Hard to Borrow? Goaranties Provided We do not make loans Minimum: \$100,000 TERMS: 5 - 20 YEARS THE FUNDING ASSISTANCE CORP USA (212) 755-9400 9102900659 Funding Audat U FAX: 212-755-7339

FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS

SWISS FUTURE PRODUCTION
STUDIO
Additional capital garanteed investment excitable in the canoust of 2500
with of a cast of 110,000 Swiss
Francs per unit, if interested, the
deadline is 25 March 1999.
Contact: MEDIACAST S.A.
CH-1837 CH-1837AL O'CRS Swisserland
Tel: (41) 27 45 696
For: (41) 27 45 176 OFFICE SERVICES

YOUR OFFICE in PARIS

is ready when you need it, oven for a coople of hours oven for a coople of hours of the functional teachers offices and conference rooms to rest by the hour, day, seeds, etc... Your teachers of services Printing and conference of reviews making columns to be Printing and particles of the printing of t

EMPLOYMENT THE COBURG HOTEL GENERAL POSITIONS AVAILABLE 129, BAYSWATER ROAD HYDE PARK.

LONDON W2 4RJ

TEL.; 01-229 3654

TELEX. 268235 COBURG

Facing Hyde Park

Traditional Hotel with

all amenities English breakfast included

Single: £55.00 incl. YAT Double/Twin: £77.00 incl. YAT

Extra Single: £15.00 incl. YAT

AUTO SERVICES

AUTOS TAX FREE

TRASCO GERMANY. Mercedes Ben comored cars & stretched limousnes from stock. Swindomm 38, D-282 Braman, The 246524, Fast, 421630205 Tel. (9) 421 633044.

AVIATION

LEGAL SERVICES

GUAM USA DIVORCE Fast. 8-no havel. Free Book. After Rankinson, Box BK Agon. Phone 671-477-7637 or Fast.

LOW COST FLIC

ACCESS VOYAC

One Way

York F1000

Transition F1500

Age F1500

Ag

EXPERIENCED COPY EDITOR

NICE, COTE D'AZUR. Young kely, 27

SECRETARIES AVAILABLE

EDUCATIONAL POSITIONS AVAILABLE

AUTO SHIPPING

Page 5 FOR MORE CLASSIFIED!

The Daily Source for Internation **Investors.**

rougly protect the precious "secret" - the mechanic movement consisting of over 200 individual parts, handcrafted with infinite love of perfection according to the CHOPARD tradition since 1860. The "LUNA



available at leading jewellers worldwide Chopard & Cie S.A., 8, rue de Veyrot, 1217 Meyrin-Genève, tél. (22) 82 17 17

